OFFICIAL REPORT.

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# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

ESTABLISHED 1833. THURSDAY, SEPT. 20, 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

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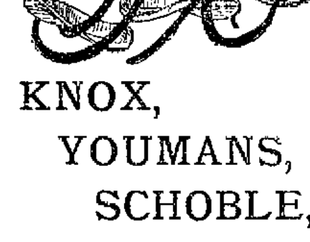


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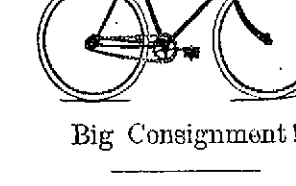

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Made Firm and t Perfect. Compr the very L st Fabrics, Cut d made in the ry Latest Styles, ch we offer at

POPULAR PRS.

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## TWO BAD ACCIDENTS.

### In Which Many Persons Are Maimed for Life.

**A Platform Falls, Carrying a Crowd Down Twenty-Five Feet—A Tenement Fire.**

AKRON, Ohio, Sept. 20.—Joseph Ryan, aged 18, and Patrick Casey, aged 21, the two men most severely injured by the falling platform at the Excelsior Athletic club rooms last evening, died during the night. The names of those injured are: Arthur Denaple, left leg broken; Perry Hoffman, both legs broken; Fred Sair, face and head cut; Charles Shaffer, severe cuts; Harry Mimler, arm broken; Frank Grossman, two ribs broken; Isaac Grossman, severe cuts about head; Morris Grossman, cut about the head; Charles Royal, ankle broken and back injured; Charles Lat, severe cuts; Arthur Holmes, nose broken; Al Leroy, right leg broken; Will Hixson, ribs broken; Race Washr, cut about legs; Ed Swinson, left ear torn off, cut in head, face and arms; Frank Strauss, collar bone broken; Doe Kerns, cut about head and legs, right shoulder dislocated; Charles Lyd, left leg broken; W. Crawford, head cut; Frank Wetzel, injured internally; Louis Hall, two ribs broken; John Gardner, hand broken; Frank Lesair, cut on head and body; Frank Abrey, injured internally; John Weir, nose broken; Guy Hansel, both wrists dislocated and cut about head.

The platform was at the second story of the Beck block, corner of South Main street and Buchtel avenue, and was the only means of gaining access to the clubrooms, being approached by outside stairs. The platform was filled with young men waiting for the doors to open the occasion being an athletic exhibition given by the club. As the doors opened, the crowd made a rush and it, it is believed, caused the extra strain which the flimsy platform could not stand. The crowd of sixty were all precipitated to the ground, twenty-five feet below, and those who escaped serious injury were more or less bruised and shaken up.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—Several persons were injured in a tenement house fire on Morgan street, just west of Fourteenth at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Two gasoline stoves exploded simultaneously, one in Mrs. Lotta Hanen's house, 1419 Morgan street, and another in Thomas Gilmore's house, 707 North Fourteenth street. The injured were removed to the city hospital. Their names are:

A. Boxey, face and hair singed.
Rev. Coleman, leg and arm broken.
Ella Gilmore, burned.
Mrs. Tom Gilmore, slight burns.
Mrs. Lottie Hanohen, leg broken; body burned.
Jennie Reuder, fatally burned about head and body; leg broken.
Mr. Sahins, broken arm and leg; severe wounds; burned on arm and legs.
Mrs. Lena Sahins, eye out of socket; bruised about breast.

The houses are old brick buildings two stories high, forming part of a row of sweating shops. The tenants were at work at the sewing machines and in the excitement broke for the staircases and windows before any help arrived. A policeman arrived and went to the assistance of the unfortunates across the street, where another fire was raging. Mrs. Reuder jumped from the latter place, landing on her side. Two babies were also hurled from the windows by the affrighted occupants. A colored man caught one, the other fell on the sidewalk. Neither was badly hurt. Rev. Mr. Coleman's evangelical mission lodging house is located next door and this place, as well as adjoining property, was hastily vacated.

Among the injured Mr. and Mrs. Sahins and Mrs. Reuder are most seriously hurt. Sahins first leaped from the window to the front pavement and immediately after his wife followed. Officer Henneman removed them to a neighboring drug store. Lizzie Coleman, colored, sustained a broken leg and arm after hurling her baby to the sidewalk. Mary Pinero also threw her little one out of the window.

### DID NOT PAY.

**Toledo Bee Has an Unsettled Claim of $5,000 Against Senator Brice.**

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 20.—In a card published in reply to the statement given out by the Brice managers that the attacks upon Senator Brice in the Toledo Bee were inspired by the refusal of Senator Brice to give that paper $5,000 demanded, A. Stuart, president of the company, says the fact is that when the present company purchased the Bee it purchased the book accounts, among which was found an account of $5,000 against Senator Brice for supporting him for United States senator. The bill for this has been presented to Senator Brice, it is true, and repudiated by him, but Mr. Stewart denies that that has anything to do with the position of the Bee upon the question of Senator Brice's conduct as a democrat.

### GERMAN ROMAN CATHOLICS.

**The Central Verein Ends in a Pleasure Trip Down the Harlem.**

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The delegates to the convention of the German Roman Catholic Central verein, who concluded a four days's session, are today the guests of their colleagues in this city. This morning the delegates marched in a body to the foot of East Third street, where they embarked on the steamer Laura M. Starrin for a sail down the bay. Returning in the early afternoon, the boat will take the delegates to Sulzer, on the Harlem river, where the rest of the day will be passed in festivities, including a grand banquet, which the leading Catholic clergymen of this city and vicinity are expected to attend.

## PAID THE PENALTY.

### George Schmous Hanged in the Allegheny Jail.

**His Crime Was the Fiendish Murder of His Wife and Two Little Daughters.**

PITTSBURG, Sept. 20.—Geo. Schmous was hanged in the Allegheny county jail at 10:45 o'clock this morning.

The crime for which George Schmous suffered the death penalty was one of the most atrocious in the annals of the county. Schmous, with his wife and four children, resided in South Eleventh street. The husband and wife quarreled frequently. During the night of July 27, 1893, the house was discovered on fire, and after extinguishing the flames, the firemen found Mrs. Schmous and two little daughters upon the bed in an upstairs room with their skulls crushed and the walls bespattered with blood. The baby, blood-stained and unharmed, lay in the cradle, and the nine-year-old boy crouched in terror downstairs. Schmous acted distractedly, claiming he knew nothing of the awful deed, and from the time of his arrest strenuously denied any knowledge of the crime. His trial before Judge Slagle last September resulted in first degree murder, wholly upon circumstantial evidence. Attorney Gosser, for the defense, applied for a new trial and arrest of judgment on the plea of insanity, holding that Schmous dearly loved his little daughters and that the $52 insurance on their lives could not possibly have been a determining influence in their murder. The supreme court was also vainly appealed to. Schmous was an ordinary laborer, born in Bavaria thirty-eight years ago, and had resided in this country about eleven years. Several Catholic priests and nuns attended to his spiritual wants during his last days, and under their ministrations he became resigned to his fate, without, however, having made any open confession. His execution was the second in Allegheny county this month. George Ducovicks, who was to have been hanged with him, has been temporarily reprieved, pending investigation as to his sanity.

### BRECKINRIDGE GIVES UP.

**Concedes That Owens Has Won the Nomination.**

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 20.—The Breckinridge men have given up the fight and the committee will undoubtedly declare Mr. Owens the nominee next Saturday.

W. C. Owens will likely have a republican opponent in the person of Judge George Denny, jr., a prominent lawyer at the Lexington bar. Last night the Fayette county republicans met in convention here and selected forty-five delegates to the district convention, which meets here on Wednesday, September 26. The delegates were unanimously instructed to cast the votes of Fayette county for Judge Denny, and it is more than likely he will be the nominee.

Mr. Francis K. Hunt, the leader in the anti-Breckinridge movement, is receiving stacks of congratulatory letters. Among them is one from Miss Mary Desha, sister-in-law of Colonel Breckinridge, and one from Mrs. Fletcher Cody, of Rockford, Ill.

### TAKES HIS OWN LIFE.

**A County Treasurer in Michigan Suffers From Melancholia.**

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 20.—Edward Drummond, treasurer of Waukesha county, committed suicide last night at McBride's sanitarium in the town of Wauwatosa, where he was undergoing treatment for melancholia. Mr. Drummond was a well-to do farmer and merchant in the village of Stone Bank, and is said to have been one of the most popular men in Waukesha county. Two years ago he was elected county treasurer. With one exception he was the only man on the republican ticket who was successful at the polls. The attack of melancholia which led him to his death is said to have followed his wife's death, which occurred about three years ago.

### IN SECRET SESSION.

**The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.**

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 20.—The sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows in secret session at Lookout Mountain today had under consideration the Rebekah degree. The ladies heading this degree are asking for representation in the grand lodge and for a grip and password. The consideration of these questions occupied the entire time of the sovereign grand lodge at the morning session.

### FIRE IN A PAINT SHOP.

**Three Men Badly Burned by the Flames.**

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—An explosion caused a fire in a paint shop at 5,426 Third avenue today. Charles Goodwin, Oscar Goodwin and Wm Moore were severely, but not fatally, burned while fighting the flames, which were extinguished after a small loss. It is thought the explosion was caused by the ignition of an oil barrel.

**Fixing Elections.**

BRUSSELS, Sept. 20.—A decree has been published dissolving the chamber of deputies and the senate and fixing the elections for October 14.

Attend International Business college, Schmitz block. 14-tf

## THAT NAVAL BATTLE.

### Official News of the Fight Expected Today.

**The Belief Prevails That the Chinese Ship Chen Yuen Was Not Lost as Reported.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Neither the Chinese nor the Japanese legations have received any advices as to the great naval engagement off Yalu. Lieutenant Niyoska, the naval attache of the Japanese legation, returned today from an eastern trip. He is well acquainted with the scene of the battle and says it is so far remote from Japanese telegraph stations that word would first have to be carried by dispatch boats to Tsushima or Nagaski before the Tokio authorities could be informed of the battle. As the fight occurred last Saturday it is expected that the dispatch boats will have the official version transmitted very soon and the legation is looking for full information today. The Japanese officials here are much elated over the latest reports, as they say the sinking of China's big battle ship, the Chen Yuen, fatally cripples China's water defenses.

Another significant fact commented on at the Japanese legation is that foreign officers appear to have been in command of the Chinese ships, which in the judgment of the Japanese authorities here shows that the Chinese are yet deficient in native commanders and are depending on foreigners to manipulate their ships, which is in marked contrast with the native command of all Japanese warships. The Chinese minister declines to discuss the recent battles or any phase of the war. In response to an inquiry today, he sent word that no advices had been received and that he was very busy. He is building a large ball room in the rear of the legation with the prospect of extensive social festivities in the near future.

There is apparently no disposition to share in the panic at Pekin over the Chinese reverses on land and sea. Though the Japanese officials in their statement spoke of the Chen Yuen as having been lost, later dispatches indicate that it was not this vessel, but the Chih Yuen that was lost. No official news has been received here clearing up doubt as to which of these vessels it was that was lost.

TOKIO, Sept. 20.—An official dispatch received here from the headquarters of the Japanese fleet says that the latter at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of September 16, met eleven Chinese warships and six torpedo boats thirty-five miles northeast of Hai Yang Tao, with the result that four of the Chinese ships were sunk and one was burned. The dispatch adds that the Japanese fleet sustained no damage.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 20.—The particulars received here in regard to the battle of Ping Yang, show that the Chinese loss was only about eleven officers wounded and 260 soldiers killed. The Japanese army is marching on Wijuwith. It is expected it will be reached by the end of September.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Dispatches received here today from Shanghai says that the total number of the Chinese fleet engaged in the battle fought off the mouth of the Yalu river was twelve warships and four torpedo boats. The Japanese fleet, it is added, was composed of seventeen ships, some of which were small war vessels. The Chinese claim to have sunk the Japanese warships Abushima and Yossina and a Japanese transport which had been converted into a cruiser and named the Saiko. A private report received here from Shanghai declares that these vessels were not sunk, as the Chinese claim, but that they withdrew from the action in a disabled condition. It is reported that the Chinese transport Toonan was sunk after she had landed her troops, but this is thought to be probably incorrect. The report that Admiral Ting and Colonel Von Hannekin were severely wounded seems to be incorrect, for they have both returned to duty.

The Westminister Gazette this afternoon, commenting on the battle, says: "We observe, speaking generally, that both sides were engaged in verifying the theories of Captain Mahan, the Japanese, conscientiously, as they are great students of that eminent author, and the Chinese unwittingly and, it may be fairly supposed, reluctantly. The Chinese have the bigger navy, but they have been unable to concentrate it upon points of paramount strategetical importance. So far the war has turned out as, according to the most approved principles, it ought to have turned out."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Admiral Ting made the fatal mistake of trying to convey troops before he had met and broken the enemy's fleet, and unless the troops landed at the Yalu river are relieved from the sea, they are irretrievably lost."

The St. James Gazette says: "If this is a victory for the Chinese they must pray for a defeat. The damage which the Japanese inflicted with their smaller and lighter squadron goes far to show that in tactics, discipline and the handling of modern weapons they are as much superior to the Chinese at sea as they have already shown themselves to be on land."

The officials of the Japanese legation here have received a private cable message from Yokohama, dated today, saying that on September 16, twelve Chinese war ships encountered nine Japanese ships, with the result that after severe fighting the Chinese lost four vessels and the Japanese none.

Minister Kurini and the officials of the Japanese legation here regard the Tokio cable to the Associated Press as giving the most trustworthy report of the engagement yet received, and they are naturally gratified to learn from this source that the Japanese fleet sustained no damage. They point out that Tokio is but 550 miles from Hiroshima, where the emperor and the headquarters of the army and navy are located. There are telegraphic connections so that Tokio would have the first information from Japanese sources from the imperial head at Hiroshima. Legation officials do not believe the Shanghai report naming two vessels alleged to have been sunk. Lieutenant Miyoaka, the Japanese naval attache here, says there are no such ships in the Japanese navy as the Abushima, which the Shanghai account says was sunk. There are many ships with the suffix "Shima," meaning island, but none have the prefix "Abu" or anything like it. It is believed at the legation, however, that the cruiser Saiko, claimed to have been sunk, is the Sikyo. The latter used to be a fast merchantman between Shanghai and Yokohama and was recently transferred into a fleet cruiser. Lieutenant Miyoaka says by the Yossina, stated in the Shanghai report to have been sunk, is undoubtedly meant the Yoshin, the pride of the Japanese navy. It would be startling news indeed, he says, if this ship had gone down, but he scouts the idea. She is the newest and fastest cruiser in the Japanese navy, with the remarkable speed of twenty-three knots an hour.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 20.—The particulars received here regarding the battle of Ping Yang, show that the Chinese loss was 2,000 killed and 14,500 wounded and prisoners. A fourth party of the Chinese army escaped. The Japs lost about eleven officers wounded, and 250 soldiers killed. The Japanese army is marching on Wiju, which it is expected will be reached by the end of September.

## WOOD WORKERS.

### The Unions May Combine in One Grand Organization.

**The Movement Started by the International Carpenter's Convention—Greetings From the Firemen.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 20.—The convention of International Carpenters today received a telegram of greeting from the Firemen's convention at Harrisburg, signed by Grand Master Sargent. The telegram was replied to. One delegate sought today to have all the proceedings of the association printed in English alone. This is regarded as a blow to the foreigners and the resolution will probably be opposed by a majority of the delegates. Application for charters from the Housframers' union, New York city, and Cabinetmakers' unions of New York city, Brooklyn, Chicago and other cities, were received. This is said to be the first step towards seeking the complete amalgamation of all woodworkers. Some political matters will receive attention at tomorrow's session. The convention will probably adjourn Saturday.

## A JOKER SUED.

### Set Fire to a Friend's Hair by Means of a Sun Glass.

**The Victim Retaliates by Asking Damages Through the Courts in the Sum of $15,000.**

TRIMBLE, Tenn., Sept. 20.—Yesterday Jim Harber and others were sitting in front of Simpson's grocery. Bob Jellow drew a sun glass from his pocket and focussed its lense on Harber's uncovered head. The glass did more than was expected. The concentrated rays did not reach Harber's scalp, but suddenly his head was a mass of flames caused by the ignition of the bay rum on his hair, he having just come from the barber shop. When his head caught fire he started to run, but Frank Gordon caught and held him while others extinguished the blaze with their hats and handkerchiefs. He would doubtless have killed the joker on the spot had he not been restrained by friends. Today he brought suit against Jellow for $15,000. Physicians say Harber's head will never be adorned with another suit of hair. Jellow is quite wealthy.

### UNDER ARREST.

**The Man Who Gave Seances at Bluffton, Ind.**

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 20.—H. R. Wardell, who had been giving seances here for several weeks, was arrested on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Wardell gave an entertainment at Bluffton, Ind., Saturday night, and some of the unbelievers discovered that Wardell was dressed to represent Big Wolf, an Indian chief, and that Mrs. Wardell had gotten into the cabinet from an adjoining room. The Bluffton people caused Wardell's arrest.

### WAR AIRSHIP.

**The General Meyer Will be Transferred to Fort Logan.**

DENVER, Sept. 20.—Orders have been issued for the transfer of the great war airship General Myer from Fort Riley, Kan., to Fort Logan, Denver, and after November 1, instructions in that branch of the signal service will be given here.

Frank's Choice and F. G. are the best 5c cigars in the city.

## LABOR PROBLEMS.

### Government Investigation of Strikes and Lockouts.

**Influence of Machinery on Labor—Industrial Condition of Women and Children.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The department of labor has about completed its investigation of the strikes and lockouts that have occurred since 1887, upon which it has been engaged for many months past. This report will not, however, be published before next spring. It will form an exhaustive showing of all the labor troubles in the United States since the date named, the number of employes involved in each strike or lockout, the causes of the trouble, the loss in wages, etc., the investigation being covered by about thirty questions.

The next subject to be investigated by the department is the influence of machinery on labor. Congress has appropriated $10,000 for this, besides authorizing the use of the regular force of the bureau. The work of the inquiry will begin in November. The field force will be put on it as fast as they complete their work on strikes and lockouts. The statistics of strikes and lockouts will be kept from year to year hereafter.

The inquiry on the influence of machinery on labor is a vast and complex subject and one that is involving the best thought and greatest interest of the department. The growth of machinery and its use will be looked into. An elaborate comparison of the cost of commodities under the old hand system and under the machine system will be made. The relative productiveness of labor under the two systems will be shown, and comparisons of wages under the two systems will be made.

Beyond this a resolution to congress calls for an investigation of the modern industrial condition of women and children, the wages that are paid them as compared with men. How far their labor displaces that of men, the sanitary conditions under which they labor and the provisions for their comfort, etc. There is no special appropriation made for this inquiry and it is expected to be made out of the regular funds of the department. It will not be entered upon until after the inquiry into the influence of machinery on labor is completed, which is expected to occupy a year or more.

### NO STAND ON SILVER.

**Party Leaders Advise Candidates to Make Their Own Terms.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The two congressional campaign committees have advised their respective candidates to use their own judgment in taking a stand upon the silver question in the coming campaign. No set policy upon silver is to be followed in this campaign and the silver plank in the party platforms will be ignored. In this respect it will be a go-as-you-please race for each candidate. Each man must make his own terms with his constituency. The national organization of both the old parties will make no effort to dictate silver doctrine to the people at this time, but, on the contrary, will place itself in a receptive attitude to get the opinion of the country by the time the next national conventions meet. So it transpires that diverse arguments are being made by republican candidates in the same state, one man advocating silver and another in an adjoining district taking a more conservative stand. It is the same with the democratic candidates, who are about as equally divided upon this subject.

### ALIX, THE QUEEN.

**Trots a Mile in 2:03 3-4 at Galesburg, Ills.**

GALESBURG, Ill., Sept. 20.—Fifteen thousand persons yelled themselves hoarse yesterday afternoon when the great trotting queen Alix beat the world's record by coming under the wire in 2:03¾. It was a noble performance from start to finish, justifying Williams' boast about the fastness of his new track and Morris Jones' assertions about the ability of Alix to beat the world's record. The day was an ideal one for such an event and the track was in good condition. The trial was witnessed by a great gathering, representing all central Illinois and containing most of the notable horsemen of the west. The time by quarters was 0:30½, 0:31¼, 0:31, 0:31, a remarkably well-rated mile. In the entire distance Alix did not make a false step or for an instant falter. She at no instant raised her nose, but bent down to her task with cheerful energy, only the nervous twitches of her keen pointed ears showing her alertness.

### JAPANESE PATRIOTISM.

**Every Mother's Son of Them is Steeped In It.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.—Mgr. Philbert Termoz prelate of the pope, is in the city on an apostolic mission. The distinguished visitor was one of the passengers on the steamer Oceanic which arrived from the Orient a few days ago. Since the beginning of last year he has been looking into the creeds and customs of all the Oriental nations and at the same time has been investigating the works of all Catholic missions in the countries through which he has traversed. From Peking Mgr. Termoz went by way of Manchoria and Corea to Japan. He saw the Japanese fleet land its troops at Chempulco and says he was struck with the military manner in which the ceremony was carried out. The Japanese army, he says, is far superior to that of China. "The great trouble with China," he said, "is the lack of patriotism among the people. In Japan every mother's son is steeped in patriotism. In China a viceroy and a number of soldiers are hired to defend the country. They might be so many Hessians for all the patriotism they possess."

## GARMENT MAKERS.

### They Determine to Break Up the "Sweating" System.

**A Strike Which Embraces Every Garment Maker in Philadelphia Inaugurated.**

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—Acting upon the instructions of the Clothing Trades Council, No. 2, the garment makers of this city to the number of 2,000 struck work this morning, and it is expected that tonight there will not be a clothing contractor able to continue business, and that 3,500 operatives will be idle. Promptly at 7 o'clock this morning the committee having charge of the strike started on their rounds and called upon the men systematically, not a contractor being overlooked. This action is the result of the refusal of a number of contractors to concede to the demands of the union for the abolishment of the "luming" and "sweating" systems and the introduction of the weekly wage system.

The operatives are also desirous of establishing a working day of nine hours with fixed wages. Every man, woman and child responded to the call to stop work. It was expected that there would be some difficulty with the Italian operatives, but they responded as readily as the others. The headquarters of the garment workers has been crowded all day with an excited and enthusiastic body of men and women, who declare they will not return to their benches and machines under the old conditions. Many of the contractors have a large amount of work half finished and heavy orders ahead and a number have already made application to sign the new agreement.

### WHOLE SCHOOL POISONED.

**Coloring Matter in Candy Creates Havoc in Hazleton, Iowa.**

OELWEIN, Iowa, Sept. 20.—Great excitement prevails in the village of Hazleton, a place of 400 inhabitants located about four miles south of this city. Yesterday when the school children were enjoying their afternoon's recess, one of the pupils decided to give his companions a surprise. After visiting the grocery and bakery and purchasing all the cheap mixed candy in stock he returned to the school and distributed his purchase freely among the scholars, about twenty-five in all. They decided to eat their allowance before the school bell should ring calling them for their afternoon's study.

School had not been in progress more than five minutes after their half hour's outing when the children began to complain, and before the teacher could get assistance it was a sorrowful-looking schoolroom. Some of the children were lying on the floor, while others had fallen over in their seats. Dr. Peel immediately summoned Drs. Baker and Hurd, of this city, and in a short time they were at the scene. The doctors found that the coloring in the candy had been the cause of the poisoning. The majority of the pupils have recovered. The doctors say three or four are in a very critical condition and are doubtful as to their recovery.

### "OLD HUTCH."

**The Famous Plunger Embarks in the Cigar Business.**

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—B. P. Hutchinson, better known as "Old Hutch," the once famous board of trade plunger, has opened a one cent cigar store opposite the board where he once made and lost millions. A startling red sign in the window offers "Good cigars for one cent; better, two for five cents; cigarettes four cents a package." Mr. Hutchinson refused to be interviewed regarding his venture, simply saying that he was "selling cigars and that's all there is to it."

**Cyclist Feat.**

BATAVIA, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Cyclist Searle left here at 8 a. m. today and expects to ride to Syracuse, 113 miles, in eight hours, and ride the whole 404 miles to New York without further stop. It is raining but the wind favors him. He reached Batavia at 9 o'clock last night having ridden 135 miles, from Erie, in twenty and a half hours. He rode through mud the entire distance. Searle left Buffalo in a driving rain, taking the railroad track through water three inches deep. He and his pace maker ran into a bridge six miles west of here. The pace maker was badly bruised and Searle sprained his wrist.

**Wants Some of the Winnings.**

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 20.—John Hyland, of New York, trainer of The Butterflies, winner of the Futurity, has demanded of Col. E. F. Clay, of Paris, Ky., 10 per cent. of the $4,000 that went to the breeder of the winner, Major B. G. Thomas, who bred Domino last year. The winner says no such demand was made on him. Hyland's action was condemned by the breeders as unprecedented. Clay will likely refuse it, as the conditions of the race made no such provisions for the trainer.

**Searle Delayed.**

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 20.—At 11 o'clock this morning the following message was received from Bicyclist Searle, dated Batavia, N. Y.: "Delayed by accident. Pacemaker hurt. Will arrive at Rochester at 2 p. m. Have a set of folding mud guards ready for wheel."

## BRADY IN JAIL.

### Held on Suspicion by Officers at Frankfort, Indiana.

**Went to Intercede for a Fort Wayne Peddler Held for Robbery, and Was Himself Nipped.**

R. C. Brady, an alleged detective of this city, is in jail at Frankfort, Ind., on a charge of drunkenness and the Frankfort officers are suspicious that he is a thief.

Last evening Superintendent of Police Liggett received a letter from Geo W. Bird, city marshal of Frankfort, making inquiry as to what kind of a man Brady is. The letter, in part, is as follows:

"We have a man here giving his name as R. E. Brady, who claims to be a detective from your city. He came here in the interest of a man we have in jail here for larceny from your city. The man arrested gives his name as Selini Sahlini and says he came from Fort Wayne. He has been in this country ten months and came from Jerusalem originally; was born in Bethlehem. He was peddling and stole goods from a house where he stopped over night. Now, we would like you to let us know what you know about this man Brady. We had to put him up for drunk last night."

The letter goes on to say that on Brady's person was found a suspicious memorandum containing a list of residences of this city and that the officers of Frankfort thought Brady had robbed or intended robbing them. The list of houses are, however, the addresses of all the houses of ill repute in this city. The letter goes on to say that Brady will be held until the Fort Wayne officials are heard from. The letter concludes by saying: "Now, if we are wrong in our impression of this man, it will be the first wrong impression made at least by us."

The Fort Wayne officers have written to Frankfort, telling who Brady is. He is well-known to the police here.

STOLE A WATCH.

Late this afternoon Officers Patton and Flickinger arrested one Harry Northam for stealing a gold watch from his niece, Miss Long, of No. 14 Barthold street. Northam is well known. He stole the watch and ran from the house. It is thought he intended to leave the city. The chain was recovered, but the watch could not be found.

## STOLE A BICYCLE.

### Photographer Frank R. Barrows Loses an Historic Wheel.

**It Was Stolen From in Front of His Residence on West Wayne Street—Police Jottings.**

Sunday night Frank R. Barrows, the well-known photographer, left his bicycle in front of his residence, No. 212 West Wayne street, and during the night the wheel was stolen. The police were immediately notified and scoured the city for the thief, but were unable to get even the slightest clue of the missing wheel. The "bike" was not a $200 machine, but it had a historic value and is greatly missed by its owner.

There was the usual large police court this morning, Mayor Oakley presiding.

The first case called was that of George Collins, who was arrested on West Main street by Officer Jesse Patton this morning. Collins is an umbrella mender and was drunk. He claims to be a relative of the mayor of Detroit, but this is not believed, as the man arrested is evidently an Italian and Collins is only a ficticious name.

Frank Riley and N. N. Walker, plain drunks from Sheldon, Ind., were on trial and were sent over for ten days. They will also be re-arrested on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. Walker was a brakeman on the Lake Erie and Western road and Riley is a common laborer. Both boys were very meek this morning and it is not thought they would have nerve enough to hold up a child, let alone a passenger train, as it is alleged they were plotting to do.

The case of Harry Manning for wife abuse was called but Mrs. Manning was to ill to appear in court.

Manning was fined $5 and costs and went to jail, as there were a number of witnesses to testify against him.

The case of Benedict, the saloonkeeper in the Aufrecht block, for assault and battery on one Henry Shoaf, was called up for trial. Benedict had a number of witnesses, but after listening to all the testimony Mayor Oakley fined the saloonkeeper $5 and costs. The case was appealed.

### EMMETT CLUB MUSICAL.

**An Entertaining Program Arranged for September 25.**

The well known Emmett club is arranging for a musical to be given in Hibernian hall on the evening of September 25. Following is the program:

Opening ........ Emmett Club
Piano solo ........ Miss Kate Sweeney
Vocal solo ........ Miss Lizzie Collins
First Regiment Quartet,
Messrs. Sholer, Beach, Kyle, Shafer
Recitation ........ Miss Josephine Manuel
Duet—Mandolin and Guitar—"Bohemian Girl" ........ Balfe Foden
Messrs. Alexander and Kelis.
Violincello solo ........ Prof. Ed. Noll
George Jacobs, Accompanyist.
Recitation—Humorous ........ Charles O'Connell
Vocal solo ........ Frank Rohan
Vocal selection ........ Emmett Quartet
Instrumental trio ........
Messrs. Smith, Casso and McEvoy

### HAPPILY MARRIED.

**Jacob Kelley, Formerly of This City, Weds at Cincinnati.**

Deputy Prosecuting attorney Will C. Ryan has returned from Cincinnati, where he attended the marriage of his cousin, Jacob Kelley, to Miss Catherine Plucke, a young lady of the Queen city. The marriage took place in the St. Patrick's church, of Cumminsville. The young people, after a wedding tour through the eastern states, will make their home in Cincinnati. Mr. Kelley was formerly a cash boy at the store of Root & Co., in this city, but he is now holding a responsible position in the general offices of the Big Four railroad at Cincinnati.

## THE COURTS.

### Prisoners Arraigned Before Judge O'Rourke.

**Judge Dawson Grants a Divorce in the Circuit Court—Other Court News.**

Herbert Bickness, who stole copper wire at the store of Charles Sharp in this city, was arraigned before Judge O'Rourke, in the circuit court, this morning, and pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny and was given thirty days in the county jail.

The case against Clarence Ripley, one of the Huntington boys charged with trespass, was brought into the circuit court this morning. Deputy Prosecutor Ryan nolled the case against him on account of his youth and at the request of his mother, who is dependent upon him for support.

The cases against Watterson and Nelson, who are accused of throwing stones at a railroad train, are set for trial in the circuit court tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Judge Dawson, in the superior court this morning, gave Abraham J. Sowers a divorce from Sarah E Sowers. The plaintiff was also given the custody of two children.

Harry Manning was fined $15 for abusing his wife, and in default of payment was sent to jail.

Justice Wilkinson is hearing the cases against David and Joseph Amstutz for trespass on lands.

The condition of Prosecuting Attorney P. B. Colerick, who has been confined to his hotel for some time with typhoid fever, is somewhat better today, but he is still a very sick man and it will be some time before he will be able to attend to his duties.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hapner, sixty years old, has brought suit for breach of promise against Michael Hare, seventy-six. The case has been filed in the Whitley circuit court. Both plaintiff and defendant are residents of South Whitley, and Mr. Hare is the owner of several hundred acres of fine farming land in the Eel River valle. The wedding was appointed for September 1, and during July and August the plaintiff alleges that the defendant was very attentive, but that suddenly his love cooled without reason being assigned. Mrs. Hapner wants $6,000 damages.

## APPROACHING A CRISIS.

### The Whisky Trust is Bringing Trouble to a Focus.

**Some of the Members Favor the Appointment of a Receiver and Such May be the Result.**

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 20.—The belief is growing among those who know something of the inside workings of the whisky trust that a crisis is rapidly approaching and that some of its officers would not care much if it were thrown into the hands of a receiver. This belief is heightened by the presence here of the officers of the American Distribution company, of New York, who have come to make an investigation of the safety of the rebate vouchers. They have been in consultation with Sam Woolner, whose new distillery, the largest in the world, will be ready for operation next month, and which alone can supply all the demand in the present condition of the trade. It is possible that a deal may be made with him and the trust left out.

### COURT OF INQUIRY.

**Secretary Herbert Will Investigate the Grounding of the Adams.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Secretary Herbert has appointed a court of inquiry to meet at Mare Island navy yard next Tuesday to inquire into the grounding of the United States steamship Adams in Behring sea, while engaged in the seal patrol. The court will be composed of Capt. C. S. Cotton, Commander C. M. Thomas and Lieutenant Commander F. M. Simmons, with Lieutenant H. L. Draper as judge advocate.

### A NEW PRESIDENT.

**L. C. Weir Elected by the Adams Express Company.**

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—L. C. Weir, of Cincinnati, was elected president of the Adams Express company at the meeting of the board of directors today, vice Sanford, resigned.

**The Firemen Allow Claims.**

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 20.—The morning session of the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen was devoted to the consideration of the report of the committee on death and disability claims. Claims aggregating $50,000 have been allowed by the committee.

**A Bubble Bursts.**

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Judge Jenkins, of the United States court, today appointed Clarence S. Brown, of Chicago, receiver for the Tolleston Land and Investment company. Mr. Brown was given authority to take immediate charge of the company.

J. D. Williams, expert accountant. Office: 63 East Main street

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...John Mohr, jr.

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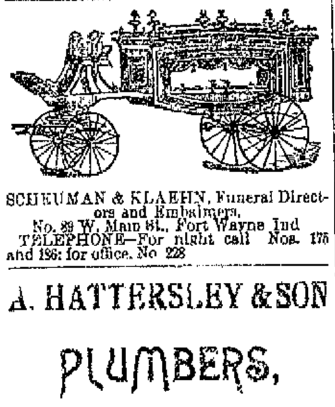

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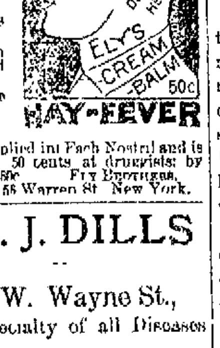


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# The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

THURSDAY SEPT 20 1894.


**Democratic State Ticket.**

Judge of Supreme Court—First District—... Reinhard
Judge of Supreme Court—Fourth District—... Bailey
Secretary of State—William R. Myers
Auditor of State—Joseph T. Fanning
Treasurer of State—Morgan Chandler
Attorney General—Francis M. Griffith
Clerk of Supreme Court—C. W. Welman
Superintendent of Public Instruction—... W. Tracy
State Statistician—Alexander Fulton
State Geologist—... Jordan

**Congressional Ticket.**

For Congress—W. P. McNagny.

**Democratic County Ticket.**

State Senator—Thomas J. Ellison
State Representatives—Louis J. Bohman, George V. Kell, Charles Dalman
Judge of Superior Court—C. M. Dawson
Judge Circuit Court—Edward O'Rourke
Prosecuting Attorney—N. P. Doughman
Clerk of Court—Harry M. Metzgar
Auditor—Clarence Lesach
Recorder—W. Reichelderfer
Treasurer—J. C. Henkel
Coroner—Dr. M. Hatton
Surveyor—C. W. Ranschattol
Commissioners—F. H. Stellhorn, M. A. Ferguson Stevens, J. Baker.

**Wayne Township Ticket.**

Trustee—M. J. Schmeizer.
Assessor—M. E. Walsh.
Justices of the Peace—H. P. Franck, M. H. Bohen Michael Fancey, L. P. Heuer.
Constables—Christopher Kelly, C. W. Lindsey, B. F. Johnson, Frederick Rombke.

TONIGHT.

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH—Social at home of Mrs. Eberly, 40 East Fifth street.
DEMOCRATIC MEETING—At Paff's hall, in the Tenth ward
WAYNE TRUE BLUES—Regular Meeting
WEST LAKE FISHING CLUB—Regular meeting
OCCULT SCIENCE SOCIETY—Regular meeting.
TRADES UNIONS—K. of L.; Cigar makers, Tinworkers
LODGES—A. O. U. W., No. 36; Harmony, Lodge No. 19, I. O. O. F.; Knights of the Maccabees, Knights of the Golden Eagle; Fort Wayne Commandery, K. T., No 4, Geo. Humphrey Post, G. A. R., Knights of St. John, C. B. L.

THERE will be a democratic meeting at Paff's hall, on Hanna street, Tenth ward, this evening. Good speakers will be in attendance.

CONGRESSIONAL campaign committees of both parties have advised candidates to use their own judgment as to the silver question in the coming campaign.

SENATOR BRICE escaped a vote of censure by the Ohio democratic convention, but a resolution favoring election of senators by the people was adopted.

A NEW daily paper will make its appearance at Dunkirk next week, to be called the Herald. Messrs. Whitaker, McElwain & McKittrick will be the proprietors.

THE election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people instead of by the legislatures is being strongly endorsed in many states. The democratic state convention in Ohio favored the plan.

REPUBLICANS at Elkhart are said to be negotiating for the purchase of Truth, Congressman Conn's paper. It is understood that Mr. Conn is not averse to disposing of the property, so that he may devote more attention to his investment at Washington.

THE Kansas City Star has just celebrated its fifteenth anniversary. It had expected to do so in a magnificent new home which it had built for its occupancy but delays prevented its completion until early in October. Its editor and proprietor is W. R. Nelson, formerly of this city, and he has made the Star one of the best newspapers in the west.

THE race for the base ball pennant goes on, and right merrily, too. The teams are coming down the stretch at a rapid pace. Baltimore still is in the lead, and it will be hard work for either New York or Boston to reach the van. All three clubs are playing ball to win, and it would not surprise the talent if the present standing should hold good until the finish. Base ball, however, is mighty uncertain, and any team may take a tumble and the positions be reversed.

MRS MAE L HART, through her attorneys, has sued the Marion Chronicle for $10,000 for publishing an article headed "Story of a Suicide," which related how Mrs Mae Hart committed suicide in the city of Chicago by taking an overdose of morphine. Mrs Hart continuing, alleges the charges of malicious libel and says her standing in the community has been damaged by said publication to the amount of $10,000. It is understood that the Chronicle has been willing to make honorable amends at the same time disowning any malicious intent.

**The Uselessness of a Coroner.**

The action of the constitutional convention of New York state in passing an amendment to the constitution abolishing the office of coroner directs attention to the uselessness of the office not only in New York but in this state and everywhere else.

Without intending any reflection upon or criticism of the medical gentleman who so creditably discharges the duties of the office in this county, allow us to ask, "Of what service is the coroner of Allen county?" Is the office a necessary one? Could not its duties be just as well performed by any justice of the peace in the city or county?

The coroner summons a jury, views the corpse, listens to the obvious testimony and returns a verdict and recommendation. If the case is one of murder the jury may or may not hold the supposed murderer to the grand jury. If it does not the officers of the law regard this verdict as sufficient warrant for retaining him in custody. If the jury does not hold him, and the officers have what they regard as sufficient evidence, they merely present the case to a justice of the peace and have him bound over. Why not have the inquest originally before the justice of the peace and let him take what action is necessary?

In no instance of death by violence in recollection has the office done anything that could not have been done better by any examining magistrate. The verdict of a coroner's jury has no recognized standing before a trial jury. So far as the final purpose of punishment of offenders is involved the verdict is not worth the paper it is written on.

In fact the only reason of existence of the coroner in this county or any other is the check he may afford by chance on the sheriff. He can act in the absence or death of this office or he can serve writs on him in cases in which the sheriff is involved as defendant. In practice this is a trival consideration that might be easily attended to by transferring the duty to some other county officer. That would leave the coroner's office actually without a leg to stand upon.

**Japan Among the Powers.**

The defeat of the Chinese at Ping Yang, the result of the naval engagement off North Corea and the intelligence that the Japanese are now in complete possession of the island of Corea, proves that the Japanese, although the weaker power of the two in point of numbers, are vastly the superiors of the Chinese in the methods of successful warfare and are conducting a campaign as bold in plan as it has been brilliant in execution.

At the very outset, the destruction of the Chinese transport cut off reinforcements to the enemy by sea, and they have kept their fleet moving about so rapidly and so mysteriously that they have driven the opposing fleet under cover and kept the Chinese anxious for their home defenses. Meantime they had increased their armies in Corea and had established themselves near the frontier to cut off communication by land. At length, having everything prepared and the enemy already at a disadvantage, they moved with great celerity and precision against the Chinese army, in front, flank and rear, and crushed it by a single blow.

The whole campaign, as far as we can estimate it from the information at hand, appears Napoleonic. It puts the Japanese in complete possession in Corea, and before the Chinese can send another army against them they will have time to set up the independent reformed government, which has been their ostensible object, with a very good chance of its recognition by the outside powers. In that event China will not be able to disturb it.

Whether the end be thus shortly attained or not, Japan has already made her mark and has emerged from oriental obscurity as one of the powers that hereafter must be reckoned with. And this means much—how much we can hardly conjecture—in the future politics of the world.

**Influence of the Teacher.**

There is one period in the lifetime of children when an ideal outside of father and mother reigns in their youthful affection and admiration. It is during school days and the teacher is the bright particular star who to them appears a veritable oracle of worldly wisdom and the possessor of greater charm of manner than any other human being in existence.

Of course we are speaking of teachers as a feminine guide to knowledge, for it is very seldom that a man, no matter how clever he may be, has the power to arouse the romantic admiration in the breast of his scholars that a pleasant-voiced woman can achieve in the first hour of the new term. In the class room she rules as queen and at her shrine offerings of fruit and flowers are tendered with respectful homage that grows into a fervor of delight if she accepts them graciously and says a kind word or two to the small girl or boy who thinks "teacher" perfection. Her influence is unbounded and the halo of a strange and superabundant wisdom frequently endows her with power that the parents envy. Often an unruly member of the home circle astonishes father and mother by reports of excellent conduct in school that do not tally at all with the demeanor out of it.

Knowing all this, does it not seem a matter of very serious consideration before a young woman enters upon her life work as a teacher. Should she not criticise her inmost self and query whether she is fitted to be the shining example that the children in her charge will consider her? A great responsibility rests upon her shoulders, and, unless she enters into the work conscientiously, much harm may be done that it will take years to undo. Teaching appears to many young women as the easiest and most lady-like way of earning a living, therefore, they adopt it as a profession without giving it more serious thought. To be a teacher means to occupy a holy office, and no woman should undertake it whose character, disposition and religious faith are not such that the little ones may accept her as a model whom it will be beneficial to them to copy.

A beautiful and wonderful mirage was ... in 1877 but not long since. With all their learning scientists have never yet been able to determine exactly the cause of a mirage. They juggle with long words and make an explanation which they profess to believe explains it, but to a plain intelligent citizen tries to understand it there is nothing in it but muddlement. One form of mirage is the case where in the picture of a landscape seems to be lifted up and painted upon the sky above the landscape. Of this kind was the Buffalo mirage. The city of Toronto, with all its streets, spires and parks, was distinctly seen on the sky to the north of Buffalo. Toronto is 56 miles from Buffalo. In front of the sky city was Lake Ontario in its whole breadth, steamers being so plainly discernible that it was possible to tell what boats they were. The Norseman was one of these steamers, and two packets that ply between Lewiston and Toronto were also plainly seen. The scene was like a picture of enchantment. It lasted nearly or quite half an hour, and 20,000 people in Buffalo witnessed it. Such mirages in the eastern states are very uncommon, though they are seen comparatively often on the western prairies. Six years ago a remarkable mirage was witnessed at Washington. The region about the east branch of the Potomac southeast of the capitol grounds was painted upon the sky above it.

**Bimetallism.**

The members of the German silver commission drew up after the conference a report of the conclusions they had reached on the subject of bimetallism. It has been translated into English and is printed in The Review of Reviews. There are no such exhaustive students anywhere as the Germans. With a patience that is almost incomprehensible to an American they pore over facts and figures and weigh every shred of meaning.

The German bimetallist committee consider it proved by science, experience and even partly by the admissions of the gold adherents themselves that the power of gold to purchase articles has steadily risen since the extension of the gold standard in 1873, and that it must continue to rise. As far back as 1868 German economists predicted this rise in gold in case it should be adopted as the sole standard. A little later the same prediction was repeated by the Frenchman De Laveleye and the American H. C. Carey. The attempt to attribute the general lowering of prices to other causes than the coinage system is a failure for the reason that the same cause existed during a period of 20 years before 1873, and there was no such decline. As if to put the matter beyond doubt, the report calls attention to the fact that industrial development is now especially strong in countries having the silver standard, but in them there is not the fall in prices that affects the gold countries.

Some of the results of the single gold standard are a heavier and heavier burden falling on the debtor in favor of the creditor and a social bitterness between employer and employed. The report lays it down as a basic principle that the creditor has as good a right to bear part of the loss arising from the enhancing value of gold as the debtor has. A final result of the increasing disability of the debtor class will be that they will be unable to meet their obligations, and creditor as well as debtor will be ruined.

For their own sakes, therefore, the German commission recommend the creditor class to aid in the agitation for international bimetallism. The demonetization of silver first affects the agricultural class, so that they are unable to purchase supplies. This in turn works injury to the manufacturing element. It finally involves the capitalist and pulls the whole financial fabric down upon his head. "Any further extension of the gold system must, as Goschen predicted so early as 1875, lead to a basine [sic] crisis such as the world has never yet passed through."

Nothing but a restoration by all the nations—not by one or two alone, but all—will restore prosperity. If that were done, "the persistent fall of general prices would cease, the prices of all products would again be determined in a normal way, and agriculture and other industries would flourish anew." It was the demonetization of silver that caused the anti-Jewish outbreak in Germany. The Jews are the creditor class, and against them was vented the bitterness of those who suffered from industrial decline. With the remonetization of silver and the consequent revival in material prosperity anarchism, socialism and the bitterness of hate that now is directed toward millionaires and the capitalist class would cease to have any significance.

Finally that a fixity in the relative values of gold and silver can be brought about and maintained by international agreement and legislation is proved by the fact that for 70 years, from 1803 to 1873, such fixity did prevail. Bimetallic mintage at the rate of 15½ to 1 existed in France during all that period. What has been done can be done again.

**To Make Life Endurable.**

There is not much happiness in the world whether one is married or single. Man could not be happy long at a time, constituted as he is at present. It is not in him. But everybody, even to the bluest, most dyspeptic, bilious and complaining soul alive, may make life endurable.

It has been observed that there is an unusually large number of suicides this summer, coincident with the hard times. A tragically large proportion of them put themselves out of life because they have no work and cannot get work. It cannot be the fear of starvation out and out that prompts many of them to the desperate deed, for actual starvation in this country is of rarest occurrence. Charity provides food for those who cannot get it themselves and provides sufficiently. The suicide who had no means of subsistence would only have had to apply for aid to get it.

It was not so much starvation as want of work that made them kill themselves. The unaccustomed idleness confused, dazed and finally crazed the unhappy self murderer. There was a vacuum in his brain. Extraneous fancies, fantastic, unhappy images, rushed in like evil spirits to fill the void and drove him wild. His accustomed rut of thought was broken up. One must think about something. The hapless victim of idleness brooded over his want of money and work. An insane melancholy filled his empty mind. It became unendurable at last, and he killed himself to escape.

The cause of much of the unhappiness in this life is idleness. Only the idle have time to get the blues. The steady worker has no time. The happiest lot is that of him who is busy from morning till night at a task he loves. The emotions that tear the souls of others—jealousy, envy, hatred and the gloomy and jaundiced introspection of vanity—are driven out by the thoughts of his work that sweep through his mind like sweet cold breezes and make him contented and glad to live.

To make life endurable keep busy. Do some useful work or cultivate your mind. Give those around you a lift whenever you can, even as you would have them give you a lift when you are in need. So shall the fiends that lie in wait for idleness never clutch you.

Glass stands first of elastic substances, pearl is the heaviest of animal substances, mercury is the heaviest liquid, the heaviest woods are pomegranate and lignum vitae, cork is the lightest wood, eminonite has the highest explosive power of any substance yet invented, and platinum is the most ductile metal, capable of being drawn so fine as to be invisible.—Indianapolis News.

Ex-President Orton of the Western Union Telegraph company declared that the English language was 25 per cent cheaper for telegraphic purposes than any other.

# SOME INSIDE FACTS.

## Such Matters Always Leak Out.

### This Time it Carried the Great News Far and Wide.

**Many Families all Over the Land Are Deeply Interested in the Matter.**


There are many things in the lives of persons and families which when they are known become matters of public interest. People always want to know those things which personally concern them, which add to their welfare, their looks or their comfort. Here is a piece of news which coming from such high authority makes it of more than ordinary interest.

Mrs. Charles H. Heaton, residing at 143 State street, Montpelier, Vt., is a most lovely and accomplished lady. The family has the very highest social standing. Her husband has held many offices of trust in the city and in politics and among the Masonic fraternity stands at the head. Her husband's father is president of the Montpelier Savings Bank and Trust Co., the largest bank in the city. Her father is a prominent railroad man. She writes as follows.

"Two years ago we had a terrible experience with La Grippe and by overwork in taking care of my children and the result of the disease I was left in a very exhausted condition, in fact was nearly prostrated. I was so weak that upon the least excitement I would feel nauseated. I was as near nervous prostration as any one could be.

"Some one recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to me and I immediately began its use. I am happy to say that it completely cured me. I think it is the best medicine I ever knew of for any form of nervous or chronic disease. I have recommended it to many and shall do so upon every occasion."

This letter is of the utmost importance to you for it tells you just what to do to be cured. If you are nervous, weak, tired, sleepless, if you have headache, indigestion, kidney or liver complaint, poor blood and weak nerves, you can surely regain your health and be as well as you ever were by taking Dr Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

The strengthening and curative powers of this remedy are wonderful. Use it and you will be made well and strong. It is the discovery of Dr Greene, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted by all at his office, 35 West 14th street, New York, free, personally or by letter.


**A Frame For the Hair.**

A hair frame is a curious contrivance of foreign invention. It is intended as a foundation for the present style of back hair, the "three decker," and is so constructed that, while quite invisible, it holds the coiled hair in place. In appearance it is much like a very pretty open basket.


**"Yield Not to Misfortune."**

I was afflicted with catarrh last autumn. During the month of October I could neither taste or smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it.—Marcus Geo Shautz, Rahway, N. J.

I suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since a boy, and I never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Ostrum, 45 Warren avenue, Chicago, Ill. Cream Balm is agreeable.


## M'KINLEY MEETING.

**The Tippecanoe Club Will Go to Indianapolis Next Tuesday.**

The McKinley meeting at Indianapolis, the 25th instant, promises to be a monster gathering. The Tippecanoe club, of this city, will go, together with hundreds of other people who desire to attend the speaking. Governor McKinley will speak at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The Wabash will run a special train from Fort Wayne through to Indianapolis, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m., reaching Indianapolis at noon, and starting on the return at 11 o'clock p. m. The rate for the round trip has been placed at $2.50—an exceedingly low fare, and one which will insure a large delegation from Allen county and vicinity. 18-tf


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When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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Call on M. C. Baker, Dist Pass Agt, for other information. 17tf.


HURRYING HOME.

Hurrying home as the daylight dies,
Goes the weary, toiling throng—
Some where a joyous welcome lies,
Children's prattle and jocund song;
Others who know but a lonely room,
Cheerless hearth and a tasteless fare,
Hurrying home in the deepening gloom,
Some with their joy and some their care.

Hurrying home as the years roll by,
Onward moves the world's great throng.
Soon to discover that resting nigh.
Others the way both hard and long.
Some by the beacon of faith are led
Trustingly over the path they tread;
Some in the gloom of a mystic dread,
All of them, all of them hurrying home.
—Charles S. O'Neill in Donahoe's Magazine.

## "MOVING."

He chanced to sit opposite me in a restaurant. I noted at once that he had a load on his mind and a vast quantity of miscellaneous objects in his pockets. Evidently nothing remained but to burden his stomach, and this he proceeded to do in a sullen and desperate manner. Having thus brought himself to an even keel, he paused and looked at me. My features wore their usual winning smile, which is an invitation to confidence that would be worth a good deal in the confidence trick line.

"I don't see what I could have done with it," muttered the stranger, and then he began to rummage around his pockets. I caught hurried glimpses of many queer things. Among them were two gloves, one male and the other female, rolled together, a small hand mirror, a screw driver, an iron castor that might have come off the leg of a bed, a soiled collar, several mantel shelf ornaments and a bottle of brown shoe dressing. Lastly he produced three gilded balls and laid them on the table.

"You can't commence business here without a license," said I.

"These things came off the end of curtain poles—pourchairs, you know, as the French call them," said he.

"We wanted to move the first of the month," he croaked, "but one thing and another delayed us. The principal trouble was that we couldn't get a man with a van to move us. Three days ago, however, I induced an old fellow out there to make a beginning with us. We had our place in town engaged, and the rent had begun to run, so I thought we'd better run after it before it got too far ahead of us.

"The old fellow's name was Wenner. He came round with his wagon Tuesday morning just as I was ready to leave for town. My wife was pumping air into my ears so that I could run for my train without getting out of breath. That is the way I playfully refer to her parting admonitions. I explained to her that Mr. Wenner could take only one or two loads that day, so she'd better send ornamental than useful things. 'And for heaven's sake,' I added, 'don't pack away my pipe and tobacco the first thing, as you did the last time we moved.'

"When I got home that evening, I found my wife weeping in the midst of our dismantled home. 'That dreadful old villain, Wenner,' said she, 'hasn't kept his word. He's moved only half our things.'

"'Well,' said I, 'that's all right. He'll come again tomorrow and get the rest. Let's have some dinner and try to forget our sorrows.'

"She looked at me rather strangely, but made no objection. She put the dinner on the table, for we had sent our servant away, and we sat down to eat. While we were thus more or less pleasantly engaged my wife's sister announced herself. She had come to take us by surprise. They're a surprising family that I've married into, but they've ceased to surprise me. I'm beyond it. Whatever crazy trick they do I'm expecting it. This refers to the rest of them, not to my wife. She still has latent possibilities which could amaze anybody. One of them developed after dinner that night.

"She called me aside and said: 'Johnny, it's perfectly awful! Do you know there isn't a bed in the house?' 'What's become of them?' I asked. 'Sent 'em all away by Wenner,' said she. 'Listen, Johnny, and don't be angry—it won't do any good. That man promised that he would move all our things today. I thought we could get into our flat this evening. And I said to myself, What shall we need most? Why, the beds, of course. So I sent them all off on the first load.'

"'Then we'll have to go to London and sleep in that flat,' said I.

"'But listen, Johnny,' she said. 'There wasn't room for the mattresses on the first load, so I sent them on the second.'

"'Well, what of it?'

"'They didn't get as far as London,' she wailed. 'Wenner's got that second load in his warehouse. I sent a little boy over to see about it.'

"This staggered me. 'So our beds are in London,' I gasped, 'and our mattresses are in Wenner's warehouse on the other side of the forest? Suppose we go and sleep in his warehouse?'

"She said that I was very bitter and cruel to suggest such a thing. Perhaps we could get along very well for one night if I wouldn't make such a fuss. There was one old mattress in the attic. She and Lizzie would sleep on that, and I could have a little canvas cot. It was a very nice, comfortable bed, and she knew it. She was logically convinced of it because she'd had to go over the arguments with our servant almost every day since the girl began to try to sleep on a cot. Say, did you ever try to sleep on a canvas cot? It looks easy, but it isn't. I retired at midnight in the north room. One of my wife's relatives had it last winter, and he called it the 'blue room,' because that was the color of his nose every morning when he got up and scraped the frost off his looking glass. But it was a warm night, and I never thought about being chilly.

"Well, sir, it came on cold an hour or two after I retired. I felt it first on my feet. They hung out over the lower end of the cot, and there was a crack in the floor right under them. Of course the carpet had been taken up, so when the wind came round to the north it came straight up at my feet. I hadn't a very good assortment of bedding. Most of our stuff had been sent over to Wenner's warehouse. I had a sheet folded lengthwise, in the form of one of those sleeping bags which explorers use. Then I had an old blanket and for a coverlet one of a pair of fine pourchairs. At 2 o'clock I got up and secured the other pourchair. They were still attached to the poles, but that was rather an advantage than an inconvenience. I put the poles across under my head and thus slightly increased the effective length of the cot.

"A little after 2 I rose again and secured a fur rug. It was a tiger's skin, with the head of the beast on one corner of it. There seemed to be some warmth in that tiger's skin, for I secured a little sleep almost immediately after spreading it over me. I had left the lamp burning, for I thought it might warm the room a little. Well, sir, as I say, I slept a few minutes—just long enough to dream that I was one of the early Christian martyrs in the arena—and then I awoke to find this tiger's head, with its gleaming, glassy eyes staring me in the face. Say, what do you think I did? I yelled so loud that the concussion put the light out. My wife and her sister thought there were burglars in the house. What did they do about it? I don't know, but my opinion is that they crawled into a pile of carpets and rugs in the middle of their room and hid there till morning.

"As for me, the shock of my fright made me shiver. And when I got over being frightened I couldn't stop shivering. How I could be cold with all those things over me I couldn't understand, but it was true. I arose and secured the stair carpet. It went up and down me five times, I remember, but it didn't raise my temperature one degree.

"Then I made the important discovery that it didn't make any difference how much I had over me so long as I had only one layer of canvas under me. And the wind still whistled up through the bare boards. I decided to put the tiger's skin over the cot and lie down on it. Then a new inspiration came to me. Why not go down and sleep in the kitchen? Good idea! I picked up the cot, the pourchairs, the fur rug and the stair carpet and started for the kitchen. At the head of the back stairs I stepped on the fringe of one of the pourchairs. I endeavored to step off it, but there were five apertures in the fringe, and each one of them had secured one of my toes. Therefore I just calmly fell over forward and slid down stairs, with the cot as a toboggan.

"I reached the kitchen in this easy and unconventional manner and discovered almost immediately that the fire had gone out. This is not what I had fallen down stairs for. The kitchen was perhaps a shade warmer than my room, but it was cooling rapidly, and a kitchen in the morning with no fire in it is the coldest room in the house, as every married man knows.

"There wasn't any fuel at hand, but between you and me I just had to have some. There were two or three convenient pieces of light woodwork which belonged to my late landlord and not to me. With these I kindled a fire, and then I broke up two of our kitchen chairs and piled them in a handy spot. My cot I placed close by the stove, so that I could feed the fire without getting out of bed. There I lay and kept her a-going with selections from my furniture, till by and by I got really warm and snug, and then I went to sleep. The last things I remember putting in were the pourchair poles.

"These brass balls are the ornamental knobs from the ends of those poles. They wouldn't burn, of course, and I didn't dare to put them in the stove for fear my wife would find them and suspect me. So I simply unscrewed them as I lay there with the intention of throwing them away at my leisure. There ought to be one more."

Again he went through his pockets.

"I'm afraid she's found it. If she hasn't, I can make her believe that Wenner stole the poles and the kitchen chairs and a few other things which I burned that night. She'll believe anything of him now. But, say, wasn't it all her fault?"

I was forced to stifle my chivalrous instincts and admit that it was.

"She sent the beds away, didn't she? Of course, and all that happened was in consequence of that one piece of blankety blank foolishness. Well, what do you think? Have you followed my story? Have you got an idea of how much walking around I did in my 'robe der noot,' as the French say, on that interesting occasion? It was enough to kill a man. But she says—stay! Are you a married man?"

"I am."

"Then maybe you'll believe my story. She says I got this cold playing billiards."—Winter's Magazine.

**Bacon For Song Birds.**

We have received the following plea for the birds: "Sir, it may be interesting to your readers to know that for years I have fed the birds of the Regent's park with lumps of fat bacon tied upon the balcony ledge. One day I counted 40 visitors—a blackbird, a thrush, a robin, two tits, several starlings and a host of sparrows. In summer I am rewarded, as the blackbirds and thrushes take up their abode near. I grieve to say they squabble a good deal and rush from one piece of bacon to the other, thinking their neighbor's better than their own, but in this way they are singularly like their betters(?)."—London News.

**A Query.**

Johnny—Pa, is generals brave men?

Pa—Yes, my son, as a rule.

Johnny—Then why does artists always make pictures of 'em standing on a bill three miles away looking at the battle through an opera glass?—Times of India.

**Amenities of Flat Life.**

The lady in the flat overhead was making her first call on the lady who had moved in a few weeks before. They chatted about the weather and the merits of the apartment, and the conversation gradually drifted around to hard wood floors.

"They're lovely to look at," ventured the visitor, "but unless they're well covered with rugs they're a nuisance. The folks who live on the floor above me have a carpet sweeper and a piano. When they're both performing at once, it's rather hard on my nerves."

The newcomer saw her opportunity. She thought it might never come her way again, so she said sweetly, "By the way, I wish you'd tell the gentleman who has the front bedroom that when he throws his shoes on the floor just before retiring it sounds to us as if he were playing ninepins."

The visiting lady straightened up, and the newcomer noticed that her fingers twitched nervously.

"The boys' rooms," she said coldly, "are all on the east side of the house. The front room is my dressing room."

The hostess suddenly decided that it was time to serve a little tea.—Life's Calendar.

**Testing a Horse's Wind.**

While talking about horses the other day an old farmer said: "Well, I'm a pretty good judge of horses and can always tell whether a horse is short winded or not.

"Before I buy a horse," he continued, "I just borrow it for about an hour or so, and then I get out on some lonely road and see what kind of stuff he is made of.

"I first let him choose his own gait for a couple of mile posts and finally give him plenty of rein, making him go for all he is worth. All the time I just keep my eye on his haunches, and if I see any rotary motion there it's a sign he's thick winded, and of course every one knows that kind ain't much good."—Philadelphia Call.


**Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury.**

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney and Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
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# TWIXT LOVE AND LAW

## A DEMURE WIDOW MIXES UP THE COURT.

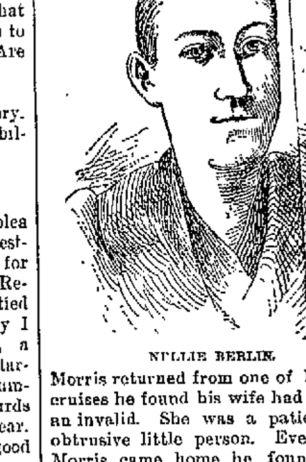
### OGDEN, UTAH, THE SCENE OF A SENSATIONAL TRIAL.

**Why Nellie Berlin Languishes in Jail—Had She Done Murder She Would Not Have Been In So Bad a Fix—A Romance of Utah.**

CHARLES MORRIS was born during the wailing of a storm, a storm which rolled the billows high along the banks of the Firth of Forth. His father at that interesting moment was becalmed in the Indian Ocean. His mother—they were hardy people in that section of Scotland—two weeks after that interesting moment was sailing the North sea in search of herring, through the sale of which she eked out the living not well provided by her sailor liege and lord.

Small wonder, then, that Charles, long before he reached the years of discretion, became a son of Neptune. It was but a step from the fishing smack to a merchantman, and from a merchantman to one of the mighty vessels which carry on the commerce of the world.

During one of his brief sojourns on shore Mr. Morris followed in the footsteps of his father—that is, he took unto himself a wife. Perhaps solitude preyed on her mind; perhaps she was not very strong in the first place; anyway, when



NELLIE BERLIN.

Morris returned from one of his long cruises he found his wife had become an invalid. She was a patient unobtrusive little person. Every time Morris came home he found her a trifle worse, but she had so effectually effaced herself from his life that he hardly seemed to give her a thought; therefore, when he came home for good and the household goods were moved to Utah, not half a dozen people around Mr. Morris' castle knew that there was such a person as Mrs. Morris. Prosperity seemed to smile on Mr. Morris, however; he told wonderful stories and told them well. And, as he was something of a shrewd business man, his bank account grew and he prospered.

CHAPTER II.

A needle is a weak weapon with which to keep the wolf from the door. But somehow or other Mrs. Wright of Ogden, a demure, stately little widow, seemed to use it successfully in that direction. She was a queer woman, was this Mrs Wright, a woman who seemed to mind her own business and who, in a determined manner, resented any inquisitiveness on that part. Mrs. Wright was a dressmaker. Certainly Mr. Morris did not meet her professionally, for it was many a long year since Mrs. Morris had known what it was to possess a new dress. But he met her once, twice, and many times. In fact he became her devoted slave. Mrs. Morris did not object—she knew nothing whatever about it.

CHAPTER III.

One day Nellie Berlin came to Ogden. If the demure little widow had met Nellie on the street she would probably have drawn her black skirts around her lest a touch of the newcomer's garments should prove contaminating. The little widow took no interest in Nellie, but with Nellie it was just the reverse. She indulged in the peculiarly feminine amusement of watching her neighbors' back doors and windows. Whatever she saw she kept to herself, with one exception. That exception was a gentleman named Gilson. Gilson and he recognized the widow as a former acquaintance, and after a conversation with Nellie decided to call upon her. He called and had a long conference. Then he had a chat with Nellie. It was evidently a matter of great importance.

That evening the city editor of the Ogden Pantagraph was struggling with a wad of copy of all grades of excellency and otherwise, when a man with tears welling from his eyes walked into the room.

"Pardon me, sir," he said, sobs choking his utterance, "is this the editor?"

"Yes. What do you want?"

The sorrowing man dived into his pocket and produced a sheet of note paper, on which were written four or five lines.

"Will you please print that to-morrow?" he said, and then he broke down again and sobbed as if his heart would break. "She was my mother," he murmured, as a man at the desk read a notice announcing that Mrs. Morris had died suddenly of heart disease.

CHAPTER IV.

One day in May, 1894, less than two weeks after Mr. Gilson and Nellie Berlin had held their tete-a-tete, Nellie was surprised to receive an invitation to occupy apartments in the Ogden jail. The grand jury had indicted Nellie on evidence submitted by the little widow, who swore that the young woman had stolen $100 belonging to her. Her story was apparently a plausible one. Nellie was one of her customers, and while the little widow was one day fitting a new gown on Nellie's angular frame she had occasion to leave the room. Though gone but five minutes Nellie's deft fingers in that time abstracted $100 from the drawer of a bureau that stood in the room. She missed it directly after the young woman had gone.

How did she happen to have $100 in the house? she was asked. She had drawn it from the bank the day before, as he wished to purchase some winter clothing for herself and to buy other necessary household articles. The gaze she fixed on her interlocutor was mildly reproachful, but meek withal. It was true she had drawn the money from the bank. A visit there disclosed that fact.

CHAPTER V.

Judge Miner of the Fourth Judicial district presided at Nellie's trial for grand larceny. The little widow testified, and told the same story about the abstraction of the $100 from her bureau. Nellie had a pretty good lawyer, but his cross-examination failed to shake Mrs. Wright's testimony. Then it came Nellie's turn, and she told a remarkable story.

She said that the widow, for some particular reason or the other, objected to the presence on this earth of poor little Mrs. Morris. Perhaps she desired to end her suffering from a purely humanitarian standpoint, but anyway she was willing to pay $100 for her removal. In fact, according to Nellie, she made this proposition to her friend Gilson, suggesting poison as a good medium. The little widow was not at all particular, however, as to the means of the taking; she wanted the job done, wanted it done thoroughly, and she was willing to pay well for a good piece of work. "One Gilson," as the record of the case refers to him, wanted that $100, but he didn't exactly like to stain his hands with blood to get it. Nellie was not averse to obtaining her share of the cash. She also was a little bit squeamish about taking human life. Therefore they put their heads together, and the visit to the Pantagraph office followed.

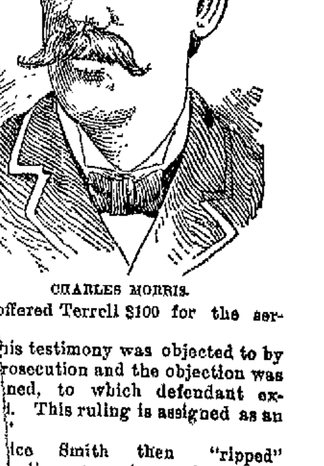
The next morning, swore Nellie, she put on her hat, took a copy of the Pantagraph, and went over to the little widow's house. The conversation was not extended; neither was the visit. Nellie just handed Mrs. Wright a paper, on the third page of which and at the bottom of the fourth column, was a three or four line item with a pencil mark around it. Mrs. Wright read the marked paragraph, and, Nellie says, smiled. Then she went to her bureau drawer, took out the $100 and handed it over.

CHAPTER VI.

Nellie's attorneys, however, made heroic efforts to get her out of jail. They applied for a new trial, but didn't get it. Then they appealed the case to the Supreme court, alleging the judge's charge to the jury had been contradictory and misleading. Jan. 4 of this year the case came up for hearing before this tribunal. Chief Justice Zane and Justice Bartch affirmed the decision of the lower court, but Justice W. H. Smith took Nellie's side with a great deal of vigor. He thought Nellie an abused woman, and if his "say so" counted for anything she would have had a new trial. The story of the contract to kill evidently made a strong impression on his judicial mind. In reviewing the case he said:

"I do not concur in the opinion of a majority of the court in this case, and as it seems to me that the opinion of the majority evades rather than decides the question raised, I am constrained to express my views.

"The defendant offered testimony to show that Mrs. Wright, the prosecuting witness, tried to hire another party named Terrell to poison Mrs. Morris at about the time of the alleged agreement with defendant and



CHARLES MORRIS.

offered Terrell $100 for the service. This testimony was objected to by the prosecution and the objection was sustained, to which defendant excepted. This ruling is assigned as an error."

Justice Smith then "ripped" the ruling to pieces in about ... columns of solid nonpareil.

CHAPTER VII.

Meanwhile the little widow pursued the quiet if not even tenor of her way. Morris and his delicate wife went to California just before the trial ... Last May the wife died. Hours after the last sod had fallen on her coffin Morris took a train for Utah.

ONE ENJOYS

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## MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE formerly at No 39 W. Washington St. has removed to No. 212 Calhoun St., where ladies who are in need of help; also good girls wishing employment will be waited upon by Agnes Laidlaw, successor to E. Fitzgerald. 12-1m

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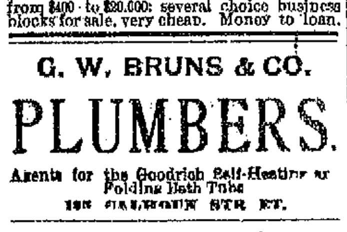




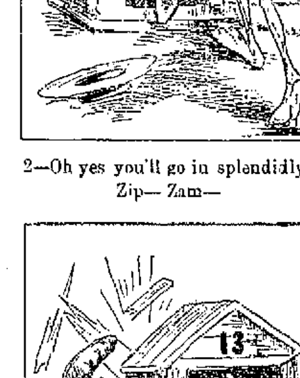
DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory; Loss of Brain and Nerve Power; Lost Manhood; Quickness; Night Losses; Evil Dreams; Lack of Confidence; Nervousness; Lassitude; all Drains; Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person by mail.

Gross & Pellens sole agents, 94 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind.


## THIRTEEN AGAIN.

1—Bathing Master: Well sir, you are pretty big, but I think I can push you into number thirteen.

2—Oh yes you'll go in splendidly—Zip—Zam—




3—Bang!!!!ooo!!?

4—Bathing Master: These are thirteen cents extra.

# BROKE HIS LEG.

## Isaac D. Clippinger Crippled by Foot Ball Exercise.

### Affairs in and About the Shops and Offices as Revealed by the Reporter's Note Book.

Isaac D. Clippinger, an apprentice coremaker in the foundry department of the electric light works, and a son of Mrs. Orpha Clippinger, the janitress at the Miner street school, is laid up with a broken leg. At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Isaac was playing foot ball with some of the shopmen on the grounds back of the works. They were practicing on the "wedge" movement, and in the scramble Isaac went down and his playmates fell upon him. His left leg was caught in such a manner that the bone was fractured a few inches above the ankle. He was picked up and conveyed to the home of his mother, 21 miner street, where the fracture was reduced.

SARGENT RE ELECTED.

Grand Master Sargent and Vice Grand Master Hannahan were re-elected by the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the former by acclamation and the latter after an exciting contest. Hannahan's opponents were Eugene Ball, Stratford, Ont.; Chas. W. Maer, Parsons, Kas; E. H. Brown, Chicago. Sargent's friends tried hard to defeat Hannahan because of the assistance he gave Eugene V. Debs in the Pullman sympathy strike. He was re-elected on the second ballot Chas. Wilson, of Eaton, and Chas. W. Maer, of Parsons, Kas., were elected second and third vice grand masters respectively. A. J. Smith, of Texas, was nominated against Sargent, but friends of the later, by a shrewd move, had the rules changed so as to make ineligible members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, with which Smith is also connected, for a grand lodge officer.

TO ENCOURAGE INVENTION.

The recent decision of Judge Acheson against one of the numerous claims of Mr. Edison to be the only original inventor of everything, embodies a definition of public policy in the encouragement and protection of invention that is not new, but is so often obscured that its reassertion is important. This policy is well explained in some observations of the supreme court quoted by Judge Acheson. The process of development in manufactures creates a constant demand for new appliances which the skill of ordinary workmen and engineers is generally adequate to devise, and which, indeed, are the natural and proper outgrowth of such development. Each step forward prepares the way for the next, and each is usually taken by spontaneous trials and attempts in a hundred different places. A practical invention, an exercise of the creative faculty of actual service to mankind, the courts will always protect, but they are less and less disposed to sanction the claims of professional inventors to common improvements and thus to grant to individuals a monopoly of that which belongs to the public. Invention has become of late so much a matter of business that the patent laws, which were designed for the protection of the individual inventor, have been in countless cases distorted to the mere protection of corporate monopolies. Companies with large capital, controlling a great number of patents, are thus enabled not only to tax the public unreasonably, but actually to discourage and repress the exercise of the inventive faculty in those who are not subservient to them. This is a misuse of statutory protection for which the courts are not entirely without responsibility, and it is therefore the more significant that they have lately shown a disposition to correct this evil and to place the law of patents upon a more equitable basis of public policy.

BRIEF MENTION.

This is pay day at the electric light works.

Supt. J. B. Barnes, of the Wabash, is in the city.

Pittsburg Fireman McIntyre is sick and off duty.

Wabash Trainmaster C. E. Wells was here last night.

Lee Ivans, of the Pittsburg ticket office, has gone to Cincinnati.

George Kensill, Pittsburg engineer, is off duty on account of sickness.

E Journod, an employ of the Anthony Wayne works, is sick and off duty.

Thomas Dascomb, of the electric light works, is at Angola attending the bicycle races.

Joseph Chadwick, of the foundry department of the electric light works, is sick and off duty.

The Ladies Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will hold a social October 9.

J. E. Brown, chief clerk in Supt. G. L. Potter's office, returned from Pittsburg this morning.

Pittsburg Engineer Michael Nolan is still quite sick. He has been unable to work since last April.

Superintendent of Motive Power George L. Potter, of the Pennsylvania, has returned from Chicago.

Superintendent C. D. Law returned yesterday from the north, where he spent a few days with his family.

Mr. Watt, of Philadelphia, has taken a position with the Bass Foundry and Machine works. He is a draughtsman.

O. J. Pond, chief clerk at the Wabash offices at New Haven, resumed work this morning, after a week's vacation.

Messrs. F. A. Rider and J. E. Noble returned from Chicago last night. They went to that city in the interest of the Bass works.

A. O. Wichman returned to his duties in the Anthony Wayne works this morning, after an absence of three days on account of sickness.

H. K. Hitchcock, a member of the engineering force of the electric light works, has returned from the east, where he spent a month's vacation.

Engineer Andy Koonz has resumed his run on the Pittsburg. Mr. Koonz had the misfortune to lose a daughter and son by diphtheria two weeks ago.

Engine 540 has been placed in service on the Fort Wayne branch of the Lake Shore road, vice No. 127, which was sent to the main line of the system.

John Rhinesmith, of the firm of Rhinesmith & Simonson, and A. C. F. Wichman, of the Anthony Wayne Manufacturing company, are in St. Louis.

G. W. Green, who has been quite ill for five weeks, is now able to walk out and may report for duty next week. He is a brakeman employed on the Pittsburg.

Shipments from the electric light works this morning: A 3,000-light incandescent machine to Steelton, Pa., and a car load of electrical machinery to Boston.

Sylvester McMahon, passenger conductor on the west end of the Pittsburg, is sick and off duty. Morris Prindeville is looking after Mr. McMahon's run.

The election of N. P. Jackson as president of the Inter Oceanic railway of Mexico is announced by circular. Mr. Jackson was vice-president of the Mexican Central for nine years.

C. H. Walton, superintendent of the Panhandle road, who was visiting his family in this city, left on No. 37 for Chicago this morning. Logansport is Mr. Walton's official home, though he retains a legal residence in Fort Wayne.

William Moore, of the electric light works, was one of those who attended the funeral of the late M. K. Donaldson and whose name was omitted from the list yesterday. Every A. O. U. W. man in the electric light works, and there are many of them, turned out to the Donaldson funeral.

Passenger Engineer Joseph Haley has returned from a two months' sojourn in the east and last night reported for duty. He has a Nickel Plate run, between this city and Bellevue.

E. Berdelman, the Nickel Plate car repairer, who suffered a paralytic stroke some days ago, is making rapid progress towards recovery. He is able to walk and hopes to soon be able to resume work.

District Passenger Agent R. G. Thompson was at Huntington and Wabash yesterday working up an excursion to Indianapolis for the 25th. He says Wabash will turn out an immense crowd on that occasion.

The Pittsburg has dismissed all its special policemen, except Stoll, at this point. Frank Fox and Charley Hall, who served in that capacity during the strike and for several weeks afterwards, have resumed their duties in the machine shop.

President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania lines, accompanied by Chief Engineer Brown, who has been in Europe three months, will reach home tomorrow. Mr. Roberts will then make arrangements for an inspection trip over the western lines

The Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad will make a change of time on Sunday next. None of the trains are materially affected, excepting No. 7, the northbound train, which has for years left this city at 8.05 in the morning. Hereafter No. 7 will leave at 7:40 a. m.

The vote of the tin plate workers of the United States on the manufacturers' proposition to reduce wages 15 per cent has been completed. The men decline to accept the reduction. A meeting of the manufacturers will be held in a few days and a line of action mapped out.

Superintendent of Motive Power John McKenzie, Engineer of Maintenance of Way Vaughn and Bridge Superintendent Rogers, of the Nickel Plate, spent the night in this city. They arrived here on a special from the east at 4 o'clock yesterday and left for Chicago this morning.

Three masked men entered the ticket office of the Lake Shore at Bronson, Mich, last Tuesday, bound and gagged T. L. Warne, the agent, and robbed him of his watch and money. The safe was also broken open, but contained nothing of much value. The robbers have not yet been arrested.

Cy Fike, the transfer man, says that business in his line so far this month has been very poor; that there are only a few traveling salesmen on the road, and it is from this class that the transfer company receives the bulk of its business. The trains, however, appear to be well filled with passengers.

At the Monon election held in Indianapolis yesterday, the old directors were re-elected, as follows: Frank R. Lawrence, New York; E. K. Sibley, New York; H. H. Campbell, Boston. The bond issue of $1,000,000 was made. There are no changes in the ownership or management of the road considered.

Manager Crim, of the Standard Wheel works, put seventeen more men at work this morning, swelling the force at the factory to forty. Mr. Crim is endeavoring to persuade the company to allow him to run the entire factory and if he is successful the working force will be increased to 250 men.

The celebrated $10 000 damage case of Catherine Wilhelm, administratrix of the estate of William Murphy vs. the Lake Shore road, which was tried in the Porter county circuit court at the March term and resulted in a disagreement, was compromised by the railroad company. The plaintiff received $900 and each side pays its own costs.

Dunkirk, Ind., has accepted a proposition from a New York syndicate, looking to the erection of car-repair shops, by contributing $30,000 cash, twenty-three acres of ground, six miles of track and free gas. The plant will represent an investment of $200 000. It is proposed to build a branch connecting Dunkirk with the Lake Erie and Western railway.

Samuel Speece passenger fireman on the Pittsburg, will not hunt bear in the wilds of Porter county, though he had arranged such an expedition with the company's traveling engineer. Sam's friends have been relating some thrilling stories to him about the dangers to be encountered in the wilderness and he has cancelled his engagement with the engineer

Pittsburg Conductor John Donivan has been analyzing the city's water. One of the specimens taken from his hydrant and placed under a strong magnifying glass presents two well formed polliwogs and a variety of snakes in various stages of formation. John says the aggregation is more wholesome when thoroughly cooked and recommends boiling the water before using.

Chicago roads are anxious to do away with the low rates to the industrial fair in St. Louis, as they claim that the rates are being used to scalp the regular business. They are now voting on two propositions regarding the disposition of the tickets. One plan is to wipe out the rate of $4 25 from Chicago to St. Louis, the other being to restrict the cheap rates to a territory within 200 miles of Chicago

The Indianapolis Journal says: "The Jenney Electric Motor company has secured letters patent on a new electric headlight for locomotives, it being constructed on an entirely different plan from any now in use, and the inventor claims that it will be as reliable as any piece of machinery can be, as it is substantial in its build, and objections which have been raised to other electric headlights have been overcome. It is simple in construction and operates in a manner which enables the engineer to perfectly understand it. The company is arranging to test it on a locomotive under the most trying circumstances. Expert electricians who have examined it think that the price can be placed at such figures that roads can afford to purchase, they will come into general use."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PRICE'S

CREAM

BAKING

POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.


## HUNTINGTON DEMOCRATS

### Will Give a Grand Barbecue October 11, 1894.

The democrats of Huntington county are aroused and have announced a grand democratic barbecue, at the famous Cold Spring Grove in Huntington for Thursday, Oct. 11 1894.

A large number of the most prominent public men in the United States, including Vice President Stevenson, Governor Claude Matthews, of Indiana; Governor Boise, of Iowa; ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio; Hon. D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana; Hon. W. F. Vilas, of Wisconsin; Hon. Bourke Cockran, of New York; Hon. Thomas L. Johnson, of Ohio; A. N. Martin, Hon. Geo. W. Cooper, Hon. E. V. Brookshire, Hon. W. F. McNagny, and other congressmen from Indiana, will be present and address the people on the political issues of the day.

Over fifty beeves will be barbecued, more than 50,000 buns baked, and plenty of other food prepared for this occasion. More than twenty five brass bands, besides ten glee clubs and five mandolin and guitar clubs will be present and supply the music for the occasion.

## FRAUDULENT BONDS.

### Purporting to Have Been Issued for School Purposes.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 29.—Within the past few days two fraudulent bonds for $1,000 each, purporting to have been issued for school purposes by school districts in Vernon county, Mo., have turned up in this city and it is now believed that a large swindling scheme has been set on foot with how great success is not yet known. These two bonds were detected by the absence of a certificate of registration in the office of the secretary of state, as required by Missouri laws. Inquiry in Vernon county shows that the school district alleged to have issued these bonds, viz—B 17, Clearcreek and Walkerville—have not authorized any such issue for years. Moreover, the alleged presidents and clerks signing the bonds do not live in the districts, while the other signatures are fictitious. The other districts in Vernon county which have issued school bonds this year are Nos. 83, 84, 85, 91 and 169.

## STATE ITEMS.

Joseph Cowgill, six years old, at North Manchester, was run down by a clover huller and instantly killed.

Jack Stinson, of Urbana, Ohio, arrested at Tipton as a bigamist, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

The south wing of the Reed, Warfield & Wilson planing mill at Rushville, was destroyed by fire, causing $3 000 loss.

Milton Avery, of Martinsville, committed suicide by shooting himself. No cause assigned. He was forty five years old.

Eugene Lefler, of St. Paul, struck over the head with a bat during a quarrel over a game of ball, is dead. Charles Reed, his murderer, is still at large.

Myrtle Elder and Pearl Wood, fifteen and thirteen years old, have mysteriously disappeared from home at South Bend, and there is fear they have been kidnapped.

The late Jacob B. N. Klinger, of Marshall county, served four terms as recorder and three as surveyor. He was seventy-six years old and a resident of Plymouth over fifty three years.

Jacob Thurston, of Shelby county, an old farmer, while feeding his stock, fell into a small pool of water and was drowned. It is supposed that he was disabled by an attack of heart disease

An incendiary burned the Elkhart Cold Storage company's building, entailing $6 000 loss, with no insurance. The building was the property of B. J. Arisman & Co, who recently made an assignment.

Messrs. W. E. French, Samuel G. Evans, Charles E. Scoville and Herman Eagle, of Evansville, will sail for England on the 22d inst, as witnesses against Col J. D. Jacquess, who is held by the English authorities on a charge of fraudulently obtaining money from the people of this country. Colonel Jacquess was the promoter of a scheme to secure to the Lawrence Townley heirs vast estates in England, and he realized $20,000 in Evansville by the sale of bonds. This money he turned over to a lawyer at Buffalo, N. Y., who immediately decamped to Canada and laughed at efforts to extradite him. Notwithstanding this defalcation Col Jacquess continued the sale of bonds, and he frequently wrote letters from London, giving glowing accounts of the success he was having in dispossessing the fraudulent holders of the estate in question.

Why Has Sozodont

Become the staple dentrifice of America Simply because it is impossible to use it, even for a week, without perceiving its hygienic effect upon the teeth, the gums and the breath.

John J. Little and wife, of Connersville, Ind., are guests of the Randall.


S.S.S. Heals Running Sores. Cures the Serpent's Sting.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON In all its stages completely eradicated by S.S.S. Obstinate sores and ulcers yield to its healing powers. It removes the poison and builds up the system. A valuable treatise on the disease and its treatment mailed free. S.S.S.

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Royal Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

All other powders are cheaper made and inferior, and leave either acid or alkali in the food.

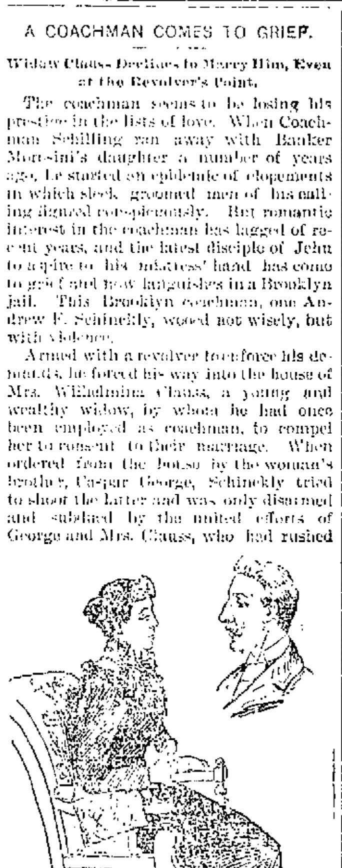
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.


## A COACHMAN COMES TO GRIEF.

### Widow Clauss Declines to Marry Him, Even at the Revolver's Point.

The coachman seems to be losing his prestige in the lists of love. When Coachman Schilling ran away with Banker Morosini's daughter a number of years ago, he started an epidemic of elopements in which sleek, groomed men of his calling figured conspicuously. But romantic interest in the coachman has lagged of recent years, and the latest disciple of John to aspire to his mistress' hand has come to grief and now languishes in a Brooklyn jail. This Brooklyn coachman, one Andrew F. Schinckly, wooed not wisely, but with violence.

Armed with a revolver to enforce his demands, he forced his way into the house of Mrs. Wilhelmina Clauss, a young and wealthy widow, by whom he had once been employed as coachman, to compel her to consent to their marriage. When ordered from the house by the woman's brother, Caspar George, Schinckly tried to shoot the latter and was only disarmed and subdued by the united efforts of George and Mrs. Clauss, who had rushed to his rescue, with whom the violent coachman struggled until a policeman reached the scene. Schinckly was locked up.



WIDOW CLAUSS AND THE COACHMAN.

Mrs. Clauss' husband, Christian, only recently died, leaving her $150,000, besides which she also possessed a fortune in her own right. She is 26 years old and lives in a fine house, surrounded by well kept lawns and flower beds. In the rear is a stable containing a number of valuable horses, over which Schinckly until recently drew the reins whenever Mrs. Clauss went abroad.

From the testimony in court it appears that an intimacy or understanding of some sort was arrived at between the coachman and the present widow before the time of her husband's death, in March last, just about a year after Schinckly began his work as coachman.

The intervening events are uncertain, but in December of last year Mr. Clauss, who was in feeble health, grew so suspicious of the relations between his wife and his coachman that he insisted upon the latter's discharge. Schinckly still contrived to see Mrs. Clauss, and in January of this year the pair went to Milwaukee.

Their stories of this expedition differ diametrically. Schinckly says that the woman went under vows of affection and pledges of eternal fidelity to him, with the understanding that it was an elopement.

Mrs. Clauss gives a weird explanation of the trip. She says that Schinckly hounded her so closely and threatened the lives of herself and husband with such dire oaths that she was completely cowed by him and made to serve his will despite herself, and that whatever intelligent views she had upon the expedition she could only see that she was protecting her life and that of her husband from the murderous hand of her lover.

Clauss evidently looked at matters from Schinckly's standpoint, for in February he began divorce proceedings against his wife, making Schinckly corespondent. Before he could advance far in the proceedings he began to fail rapidly in health. He relented against his wife and begged from his deathbed that she might return and be reconciled to him in his last hours. Escaping from her lover in Milwaukee, Mrs. Clauss fled to Brooklyn, only to reach her forsaken home a few hours after her husband's death.

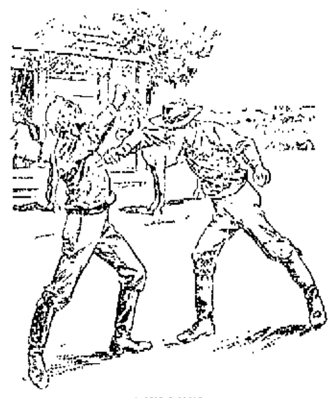
She says that she underwent a revulsion of feeling toward Schinckly and determined to shake off his influence and defy him. He followed her directly from Milwaukee and attempted to see her. She had him forbidden the house. Since that time Schinckly has maintained steady efforts to have the widow fulfill the promises of marriage which he declares she made to him.

## A DUEL WITH KNIVES.

### Old Friends Quarrel Over the Breckinridge Campaign, With Fatal Results.

Colonel Breckinridge's campaign for reelection to congress from the Ashland district, which has been conducted with such asperity that bloodshed was anticipated from the start, has finally resulted in murder. A fatal duel was fought the other day near Boonesboro, in Clark county, over the scandal feature of the contest.

John King, a Breckinridge man living in Fayette county, met on the highway his old friend, George Cook, who lives in Clark county. Cook said that any woman who went to hear Breckinridge speak was no better than she should be.



THE DUEL.

King dismounted from his horse, saying that his wife and daughters had heard Breckinridge. Cook insisted it was a shame. He also dismounted.

Both drew knives, and blood flowed freely until Cook dropped, having three stabs in the breast. King escaped.

It will be fortunate if pestilence does not follow the burning of so many people and animals in the northwest. The stench in some localities is said to be indescribable.

Life's Golden Sorrows.

Tired Tim—Wot's that you say? Lookin fer work?

Wayside Willie—Yes. I ain't no tramp. I work every day. But I never stays in one situation more'n a week.

"Why not?"

"Well, it's like this: the folks generally stops feedin' me in the country and wants me to work."—New York Weekly.

Out of His Line.

Ada—Flo was just going down for the third time when Dr. Watson dived off a yacht and caught her.

Grace—And saved her life! Wasn't that wonderful?

Ada—Yes, for a doctor.—Life.

Sizing It Up.

Poet—Do you ever intend to return my poem?

Editor—What kind of meter was it?

Poet—Long meter. You've had it three years.—Atlanta Constitution.

## Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Dreier Bro's and Co. drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.

## Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at Dreier Bros. & Co.'s drug store.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

Jacob Forbing, a brother of John Forbing, of this city, is in Fort Wayne from Kenton, Ohio. He is enroute to attend a soldiers' reunion at Auburn.


FALL SUITS,

NEW GOODS,

NEW Patterns.

Just Received a Full line of New Fall Suitings.

Prices to Suit The Hard Times.

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Fall Rush Commences.

Fred Hardung,

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(Incorporated under the law of the state of Indiana.)

Pays to its members in case of accident according to occupation, from $5.00 to $25.00 per week, in case of sickness $10.00 per week, and in case of death of a member $100.00, at a cost of only $1.50 per month, thus protecting its members while living and burying them when dead. For particulars address or call at its office, room 7 Pixley & Long block, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

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DR. J. SCHILLING, Med. Dir'tr.


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DR. F. ZIEGFELD, PRES. CARL ZIEGFELD, MGR.

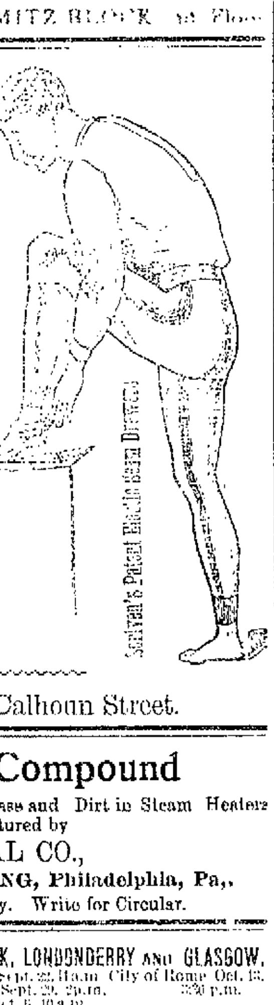

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Schlandroff, 82 Clinton street. Telephone N° 55.


J. M. E. RIEDEL, ARCHITECT. SCHMITZ BLOCK, 1st Floor.



Full Line —OF— FALL AND WINTER UNDERWEAR, HOLROYDS, JAEGERS, NORFOLK AND NEW BRUNSWICK, And the best 50c garment ever shown in the city.



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For the removal and prevention of Scale, Grease and Dirt in Steam Heaters and Boilers. Manufactured by

The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO.,

Office, REED BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.,

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ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS ARE STRICTLY FIRST CLASS AND AMONG THE LARGEST, FASTEST AND FINEST IN THE WORLD.

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Furnessia Sept. 22, 11 a.m. City of Rome Oct. 13.
Anchoria Sept. 29, 2 p.m. 3.30 p.m.
Circassia Oct. 6, 10 a.m.

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For the successful treatment of NERVOUS DISEASES, CONSUMPTION, CATARRH, ASTHMA, CANCER, FEMALE DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, LIVER, KIDNEYS, GLEET, IMPOTENCY, GONORRHOEA, LOSS OF MANHOOD. 30 years experience, etc, etc, etc.

Office Days: Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

J. W. Younge, A. M. M. D. Pres.

No. 176 Calhoun Street.



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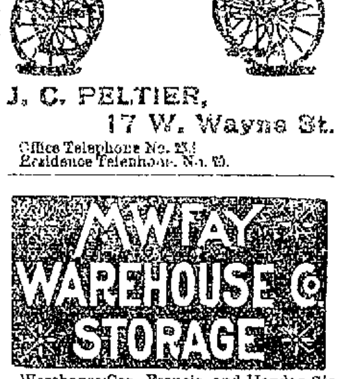
GREATEST BARGAIN HOUSE IN INDIANA. HORACE MARIOTTE PAWNBROKER, 20 East Columbia Street.


ESTABLISHED 1845.




J. C. PELTIER, 17 W. Wayne St.

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Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station Fort Wayne, Ind.

| East Bound. | West Bound. |
|---|---|
| * 5 35 a. m. | * 3 30 a. m. |
| * 6 35 a. m. From Chi... | * 5 20 a. m. Limitd |
| †12 55 p. m. | † 8 00 a. m. |
| * 8 05 p. m. | †11 40 a. m. |
| * 9 20 p. m. Limited... | * 4 30 p. m. |
| † 7 10 a. m. Crestline... | * 5 30 p. m. |
| †10 55 p.m. From Chi... | † 9 25 p. m. From Crestline. |

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers Leave FORT WAYNE. Schedule of May 20, 1894.

| GOING EAST. | DEPART. |
|---|---|
| New York and Boston Lim., daily | 4 49 a m |
| Toledo Express, except Sunday | 1 15 p m |
| Atlantic Express, daily | 7 12 p m |
| Local Freight | 6 00 a m |
| Lafayette Accommodation arrive, except Sunday | 11 00am |
| GOING WEST. | DEPART. |
| Pacific Express, daily | 8 05 a m |
| Kansas City Ex., except Sunday | 1 35 p m |
| Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday | 3 30 p m |
| St. Louis Limited, daily | 8 20 p m |

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

| Lv Fort Wayne. | Ar Indianapolis |
|---|---|
| 8 05am | 2 50pm |
| 1 35pm | 6 20pm |
| 3 30pm | 11 05pm |
| 8 20pm | 3 20am |
| Lv Indianapolis | Ar Fort Wayne |
| 7 00am | 1 00pm |
| 1 30pm | 7 05pm |
| 7 00pm | 4 43am |

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and new free chair cars on New York vestibule limited. Free chair cars and dining car on Pacific limited express.

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GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

| GOING NORTH. | |
|---|---|
| * For Grand Rapids and North | Lv. 2.15 am |
| † | Lv. 8.05 am |
| † | Lv. 2.55 pm |
| †From Richmond | Ar. 10.55 pm |
| GOING SOUTH. | |
| †For Richmond and Cincinnati | Lv. 5.45 am |
| † | Lv. 12.35 pm |
| † | Lv. 11.45 pm |
| †From Grand Rapids | Ar. 7.45 pm |

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

| SOUTHWARD. | ARRIVE. |
|---|---|
| No. 162 Way Freight | 5 25 pm |
| No. 150 Cin. Express and Mail | 10 35 am |
| No. 168 Detroit & Ind'pls Express | 8 55 pm |
| NORTHWARD. | DEPART. |
| No. 163 Way Freight | 6 40 pm |
| No. 157 Through Express and Mail | 11 45 am |
| No. 159 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex. | 4 45 pm |

NICKEL PLATE. The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

| EAST. | Arr. | Dep. |
|---|---|---|
| N. Y. & Boston Express | *2 55 am | *3 05 am |
| Cleveland Mail | †1 35 pm | †1 45 pm |
| Eastern Express | *6 45 pm | *7 05 pm |
| Local Freight | †5 50 pm | †6 10 am |
| WEST. | Arr. | Dep. |
| Chicago Express | *2 10 am | *2 20 am |
| Chicago Mail | †1 45 pm | †2 05 pm |
| Western Express | *4 30 pm | *4 40 pm |
| Local Freight | †9 50 pm | †7 00 am |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. Through Buffet sleeping cars to Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Through tickets to all points at lowest rates and baggage checked to destination.

M. C. BAKER, District Pass. Agt., Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. AND L. E. & W. R. R.

| NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE. | |
|---|---|
| No. *40 Passenger | Arrives 11 40 am |
| No. †42 Passenger | 10 10 pm |
| No. †170 Local | 4 30 pm |
| SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE. | |
| No. †41 Passenger | Leaves 7 15 am |
| No. *43 Passenger | 4 00 pm |
| No. †171 Local | 5 30 am |

† Daily except Sunday. * Daily

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time card

| Leave Fort Wayne. | Arrive Indianapolis. | Arrive Cincinnati. |
|---|---|---|
| 7:15 a. m. | 11:30 a. m. | 3:05 p. m. |
| 4:00 p. m. | 10:15 p. m. | 10:50 p. m. |

| Leave Cincinnati. | Leave Indianapolis. | Arrive Fort Wayne |
|---|---|---|
| 4:40 a. m. | 8:0 a. m. | 11:40 a. m. |
| 3:10 p. m. | 4:00 p. m. | 10:10 p.m. |


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seekers for enjoyment and travelers who've an eye open for pleasure will find luxurious delight in a trip on one of the

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# The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

FRIDAY, SEPT 21. 1894.


### Democratic State Ticket.

Judge of Supreme Court, First District—GEORGE P. REINHARD.
Judge of Supreme Court, Fourth District—JOSEPH S. DRAKE.
Secretary of State—WILLIAM R. MYERS.
Auditor of State—JOSEPH T. FANNIN.
Treasurer of State—MORTON CHANDLER.
Attorney-General—FRANCIS M. GRIFFITHS.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—C. W. WELMAN.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—CHARLES W. THOMAS.
State Statistician—ALEXANDER FLETCHER.
State Geologist—EDWARD T. JOHNSON.

### Congressional Ticket.

For Congress—W. P. McNAGNY.

### Democratic County Ticket.

State Senator—THOMAS L. ELLISON.
State Representatives—LOUIS J. BOBILLIA, GEORGE V. KELL, CHARLES DALMAN.
Judge of Superior Court—C. M. DAWSON.
Judge Circuit Court—EDWARD O'ROURKE.
Prosecuting Attorney—N. D. DOUGHMAN.
Clerk of Court—HARRY M. METZGER.
Auditor—CLARENCE E. DAVIS.
Recorder—W. REICHELDERFER.
Treasurer—L. C. HUNTER.
Coroner—DR. M. HAYDEN.
Surveyor—CHAS. REANSLANTER.
Commissioners—J. H. STELLHORN, M. A. FELGNER, SILVANUS T. BAKER.

### Wayne Township Ticket.

Trustee—M. F. SCHNETZER.
Assessor—M. F. WALSH.
Justices of the Peace—H. F. FRANCE, M. H. BOHEN, MICHAEL TRACEY, L. P. HUSER.
Constables—CHRISTOPHER KELLY, C. W. LINDSEY, B. F. JOHNSON, FREDERICK ROEBKE.

TONIGHT.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Rev. Updyke preaches to ministerial convention.
HEBREW TEMPLE—Regligious Services.
LODGES—A. O. U. W. No. 19; American Sons of Columbus; Royal Arcanum; Anthony Wayne Post, G. A. R.; Concordia lodge No. 41, D. of R., Summit City Encampment No. 16, I. O. O. F.

THE democrats of Ohio have simply suspended sentence on Senator Brice. That's all.

MAYOR HOPKINS says he will use all means at his command to stamp out public gambling in Chicago.

IT HAS been discovered that the present tariff law makes no provision for a duty upon preserved fruits.

THE naval battle in Corean waters was not so decisive as the recent engagement on land and both sides seem to have suffered badly. But the Chinese seem to have lost the most ships, and their fleet, already in bad shape, must now be seriously crippled.

THE Louisiana planters are out for the money. Not only are they offering their votes to any party that will promise them a bounty, but they are now proposing to get a mandamus on the secretary of the treasury to make him pay them the McKinley bounty which congress said he should not pay any longer. They will have a happy time getting this kind of an order from the courts, and not much better chance ever to get the bounty restored by congress. There are some things that the country won't stand.

### Suppress Gambling.

Through the efforts of the Civic federation in Chicago and the co-operation of the municipal authorities gambling in that city is being suppressed with a vigor that seems to promise that there will be an end of these dens. It is to be hoped that the warfare on these places will be continued and that it will spread into every city and town in the nation. There ought to be no place in this country where the gamblers can carry on their nefarious calling. Here in Fort Wayne the authorities ought to wage relentless and uncompromising war on gambling and not cease their efforts until it is exterminated.

It has been difficult to deal with the gambling problem because the gamblers are able for a time to conceal their movements. While they keep out of sight the public and the authorities are lulled into security until they become emboldened to open their doors wider and wider to the public. With an order for their suppression they go into hiding again, until vigilance again is relaxed. There should be no such intermittent measures in regard to the gambling evil. Spasms of activity in reform do more harm than good. There should be no open gambling nor open houses where gambling is practiced. Public gambling is a scandal and an evil which should be stopped, completely and permanently.

### The Cause of Hard Times.

The main point, however, is this: In 1892 this paper said that there would be a panic if Cleveland and free trade won.—Chicago Tribune.

Exactly. That is what you said in 1892. Then on September 28, 1893, after the panic had been in progress several months, in giving the cause of this same panic, you said:

The growth of distrust due to the continued purchase of silver, beginning fourteen months ago, was remarkably steady. It never stopped till it culminated in a bad panic. It was known early in November that the democrats had carried the country on a "tariff for revenue only" platform. Many democratic papers were insisting that the president ought to call the new congress together in March or April to wipe out the protective duties. Yet there were no indications of panic on the part of the manufacturers during the months immediately succeeding the election of Mr Cleveland. Now factories were started in protected as well as unprotected industries.

But after the banks got into trouble and refused to lend money, then manufactories did begin shutting up suddenly. The weakest ones failed outright. Others began running on half time and cutting down wages or suspended altogether. In view of all these facts it is very reckless and wide of the truth to say that the manufacturers, after being quite at their ease for some months after the election of 1892, suddenly got scared, stampeded like a drove of cattle and created a financial panic all over the country, breaking 700 banks in a few weeks.

The current history of the last year proves that the manufacturers were not panic breeders, but that the financial stringency grew directly out of the silver purchases and the constant additions to the currency of silver certificate money, which the government had promised should be kept as good as gold, but with no additions to the gold with which to redeem the silver paper.—Chicago Herald.

### Features of Saturday's "Sentinel."

Among the interesting articles to be published in tomorrow's Sentinel is one giving a description and picture of the queen of Corea, the country which is the cause of the present war between China and Japan. Just now the queen of Corea is an exile in China, with the rest of the reigning clan of Choisen but before the present mishap which befel Corea took place she was seated on her throne as proud and beloved a ruler as any of the great potentates of the orient. She is the most interesting of all the Asiatic royal heads, having more intelligence, diplomacy, beauty and intrigue.

Another article will be one about the great Sweedish railway located forty-seven miles north of the arctic circle. Strange as it seems to Americans, this far northern railway traverses one of the richest regions in the world. It is to this region that King Oscar now invites his poorer subjects to move, and it was with a view to checking the great emigration to the United States that the railway was pushed through.

George W. Peck, whom the democrats have placed in nomination for a third term as governor of Wisconsin, is best known all over the United States as the creator, aider and abetter of "Peck's Bad Boy." Tomorrow's SENTINEL will publish a sketch of his life and also sketches of the lives of three other gubernatorial candidates, George L. Becker, of Minnesota, and H. O. Kent and C. A. Busiel, republican and democratic candidates for governor of New Hampshier. The pictures of each of these candidates will be used in connection with the article.

"Lost on Lake Huron" is the title of a two column illustrated article giving an account of some of the ship wrecks on this body of water during a fierce storm. It is full of adventure and interesting for it gives true tales taken from the log books of the sailors who were the life savers.

Forest fires rank among the most impressive, most destructive of natural phenomenon. Tomorrow's SENTINEL will tell of some of these fierce blazing woods fires of the past and give some interesting and valuable information in regard to them.

Miss Consuela Vanderbilt, whose engagement to the duke of Marlborough is rumored, is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, whose alleged domestic differences have been exploited of late in the newspapers. Her picture will appear in tomorrow's SENTINEL, and also the story of her life.

"Law and the Negro" is the title of an article telling of the condition of the blacks in the south and the feeling that has been stirred up in this country as the result of the actions of the English investigating committee.

A special correspondence from New York will give in tomorrow's SENTINEL some facts concerning Col. Robert Ingersol, the noted lecturer, and tell of his income, his mode of life and his family.

The new pretender to the French throne is the duke of Orleans, son of the late count of Paris. We will give a sketch of his life in tomorrow's SENTINEL, and in connection with it use his picture.

Bill Nye and M. Quad will contribute their usual humorous articles and with our fashion, wit and humor, religious and miscellaneous columns, tomorrow's SENTINEL will be a great paper.

### Joint Debates Off.

The illness of Hon. W. D. Owen, republican candidate for secretary of state, will make it necessary to abandon the appointments he had for a series of joint debates with the democratic candidate for the same office. Chairman Gowdy, of the republican state central committee, has received the following letter from Mr. Owens, who is at a sanitarium in Battle Creek, Mich:

I wrote you that I would return to the campaign after a week's rest and treatment, but here more than a week, I realize today that I am unable to address a public meeting.

I have indulged in a hope that the sacrifice of other appointments would enable me to gain the strength necessary to meet the special appointments in October, but I find myself, in bitter reluctance, compelled to ask you to cancel my engagements for the proposed joint discussions.

I beg you to believe that I am deeply sensitive of my disarrangement of your plans, and of my inability to fully realize the service expected of me in the canvass.

Chairman Gowdy sent a copy of the letter to Chairman Taggart, of the committee, saying: "Under the circumstances we are compelled to withdraw the appointments for the proposed joint debates during October between the gentlemen."

Chairman Taggart was seen after the receipt of Chairman Gowdy's letter, and was asked for an expression. He said:

There was only one thing for me to do, and that was to accept the situation. If Mr. Owen is sick, and I have no doubt of that, of course he cannot be expected to appear in the joint debates. There are some who are saying unkind things about his retirement from the contests, but I have no reason to doubt his sincerity and unfortunate condition of health. But I said to Mr Gowdy, in my reply, that while I regretted that anything had occurred to disarrange your plans, I hoped that when Mr Owen is well again and returns to the stump the debates may then occur as previously contemplated.

### A Good Thing to Keep at Hand.

From the Troy, (Kansas,) Chief.

Some years ago we were very much subject to severe spells of cholera morbus; and now when we feel any of the symptoms that usually preceed that ailment such as sickness at the stomach diarrhoea, etc., we become scary. We have found Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the very thing to straighten one out in such cases, and always keep it about. We are not writing this for a pay testimonial, but to let our readers know what is a good thing to keep handy in the house. For sale by druggists.

### Inherent Wickedness of a Bottle.

One always sympathizes with the intense and lightinglike sensitivities of the feminine mind, even when he cannot follow its deductions. It took a woman to discover the diabolical nature of a bottle even when there is nothing in it but fruit juice.

A dreadful charge has been brought against Miss Willard, president and high priestess of the temperance union. The blood curdles and each particular hair stands on end while it is narrated from mouth to mouth that Miss Willard was seen at a hotel to be pouring out something from a bottle at dinner at a hotel and drinking it—drinking it, too, with evident satisfaction. It is true it was ascertained beyond a doubt that the fluid in the bottle was only unfermented grape juice. It had been recommended both by Miss Willard's physician and by Lady Somerset, an equally important authority, and the temperance president was innocent as a blind kitten that she was doing anything which could offend the very smallest of the little minds among the temperance ladies. There was no more harm but much more good in drinking the grape juice than in taking a glass of lemonade. But that bottle! That fiendish, diabolical, infernal and satanic bottle! There was a wickedness inherent in it that was discernible only by the metaphysical nose that is set to a high pitched moral plane. In the delicate and amiable manner in which ladies sometimes criticise one another in private the subject of the bottle was taken up, and the temperance president behind her back got such a cat hauling as must have made her ears burn like live coals if she was the least bit clairaudient.

If Miss Willard had taken her grape juice out of a pitcher, she would have been walking in the path of true goodness. Even a tin beer growler would not have been bad. But a bottle, a wicked bottle! It is full of evil even when there is nothing in it, and it took a woman to make this great metaphysical discovery. We recommend the Society For Psychic Research to investigate the occult influence of a bottle.

Next time Miss Willard drinks grape juice let her have it brought to her in something else. Perhaps the stone jug with a corncob cork might do. The fathers used it to put juice in—corn juice—and they carried it home in one end of a grainbag, with the other end ballasted by a stone. Or, better yet, when Miss Willard next orders unfermented grape juice, let her whisper to the waiter to open the bottle in which it is sealed and pour the grape juice into a teapot and bring her a cup and saucer. Come to think, that's the proper thing—a teapot.

### Rabbi Krauskopf's Mission.

June 16 Rev. Dr. Joseph Krauskopf of Philadelphia left this country on a mission for the relief of his Jewish brethren in Russia. It is a high tribute to the esteem in which the United States is held by Russia that this Jewish-American citizen was not only permitted to go where he liked in the czar's dominions, but even received all but the final official encouragement that his mission in behalf of the czar's suffering Hebrew subjects would be successful. It was largely owing to the regard for Minister White in Russian official circles that the way was made so smooth before him.

The object of Rabbi Krauskopf's visit was to obtain from the czar the grant of a tract of land in the Russian dominions on which poverty stricken Jews, now being hunted out of the country, might be colonized and turned into farmers. This would stop the swarming of the unfortunates to American soil, which the American Jews themselves are as anxious as anybody else to end. A petition asking that such allotment of land be made was framed. Dr. Krauskopf hoped to present it to the czar in person, but his majesty was out of Russia at the time cruising on his yacht, and the document was laid before De Witte, the minister of finance.

That dignitary and other high officials promised the rabbi every aid in their power. De Witte recommended a district in southern Siberia for colonizing purposes. Southern Siberia has an equable climate and is in every way desirable for agriculture. That the Jews make good farmers Dr. Krauskopf had ample evidence during his visit. When Russia conquered Poland, Roumania, Bulgaria and other southern provinces, she found settled there descendants of the Jews that had been driven out of Spain and Germany. She allowed them to remain in the provinces in which she found them, but would not permit them to go outside of these districts, which were called the pale of settlement. They have long since outgrown the pale. They are suffering and starving. Under Czar Nicholas and Alexander II the severity of the edicts against the Jews was relaxed, but Alexander III has revived them with iron rigidity; hence the suffering. There are now 5,000,000 Jews in the Russian empire. Dr. Krauskopf wants 10 colonies started in south Siberia, each maintained at first by their brethren in 10 different countries of civilization.

### Moving Out of the Cities.

John Brisben Walker, owner of The Cosmopolitan Magazine, has taken his entire printing and manufacturing plant out of New York city to Irvington-on-the-Hudson, 20 miles north of the city. He built a great structure, large enough to contain every department of magazine making. Printing rooms, publishing office, cutting, binding, folding and mailing departments were all provided for in one spacious, light, airy edifice. Then Mr. Walker's workmen removed every one to Irvington. From their small city tenements, "flats" and floors of houses they went to the beautiful village where every family can have a house to itself. Children will play upon the ground and run in the air and sunshine instead of being cooped up and dying in rooms in the city. The money they paid for a bare living in New York will enable the workmen not only to live in the country town, but to own their homes in a few years.

There is much to commend itself in Mr. Walker's plan. It is just as easy to ship and receive goods on a railroad a dozen miles away from a great city as in the city itself, and expenses are less. Manufacturing establishments employing a hundred men or more ought to establish their plants in the country and build their own beautiful model villages, combining all the advantages of city and country. At Ivorydale, near Cincinnati, this has been done, and the attractiveness of the place is plain even to travelers on the trains passing the village. Here is the true way to break up the slum and tenement house system.

## HE CARRIED A POT OF PAINT.

### How Gubernatorial Candidate Budd Was Once Elected to Congress.

All the entries have now been made for the three cornered race for the California gubernatorial chair. The Populist candidate is J. V. Webster, farmer and banker; the Republican entry is M. M. Estee, lawyer, farmer, grape-grower, and James H. Budd, lawyer and ex-congressman, is the candidate of the Democrats. Mr. Budd is a native of Wisconsin and was born in Janesville May 18, 1851. When he was 6 years of age, his parents removed to California and located in San Joaquin county. Thirty-seven of Mr. Budd's years of life have been passed in the Golden State. He was graduated from the University of California in 1873, chose the law as his profession and two years later was admitted to practice. In 1875 he was appointed a member of the governor's staff and later served as United States commissioner and as deputy district attorney of San Joaquin county.

JAMES H. BUDD.

The game of politics fascinated him from early manhood, and when he was nominated for congress in 1882, principally because no other man in the district believed a Democrat could defeat Harold T. Page, the sitting member, who was known as the "invincible," Budd took off his coat and went to work to win. He carried with him a pot of paint and a brush, and it was not long before about every one of nature's billboards in the congressional district bore the legend:

VOTE FOR BUDD.

Budd's novel method of conducting the campaign and his speeches had considerable effect, and he succeeded in defeating his strong opponent by an overwhelming majority. It is said that his congressional campaign was one of the most vigorous and peculiar personal canvasses ever made by a candidate for office. With three such strong leaders as Budd, Estee and Webster in the field, the California campaign will be a very interesting and exciting one.

## THE FIRST LADY OF JAPAN.

### Empress Haruko Wears Parisian Gowns and Is a Very Busy Woman.

The busiest woman in the Land of the Rising Sun is said to be Empress Haruko, wife of his imperial highness Mutsuhito, emperor of Japan. She spends her mornings, like her progressive husband, in reading domestic and foreign newspapers and in dictating her voluminous correspondence to her secretaries. She makes state calls upon the wives of the princes and ministers, pays close attention to the female seminaries she has established throughout the empire, gives grand receptions, makes personal visits to the hospitals and takes a prominent part in all charitable work.

EMPRESS HARUKO.

There is a popular impression that the emperor of Japan has an unlimited number of wives, but this is untrue. He is not a polygamist, and the Empress Haruko is the only wife he has. She is about a year younger than her husband and is said to be one of the belles of Japan. She is somewhat smaller than the average American woman and is very fair and has large, dreamy eyes and a finely formed mouth. She shares the progressive ideas that have made her royal consort's regime so notable in Japanese history and for the past 16 years has dressed in the most approved European style. Her gowns are made in Paris and are the envy of every other society woman in the land of the chrysanthemum.

The empress is credited with being very well educated in polite literature and in music. She plays the piano well and has written poems that have been set to music and used as national songs by her loyal subjects. She is the founder of the Red Cross society in Japan, and when she visits the hospitals she deports herself as quietly and unostentatiously as the most simple white capped nurse. Three grand receptions are given by the emperor and empress every year and naturally are planned and carried out according to the ideas of the empress. The first reception is held on New Year's day and is attended by all the diplomats from America and Europe. The second is the spring reception on Feb. 2, and the last is held on Nov. 3, which is the emperor's birthday. The empress is very enthusiastic about her work and seems well fitted for the important post she occupies as the first lady of Japan.

There are more than 2,300 pensioners of the civil war in Indian Territory, exclusive of Oklahoma, and the amount paid them last year was $312,000.

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

### Home Seekers' Excursions.

One fare for the round trip; limit twenty days. Going to nearly all the southern states, Aug. 7th, Sept. 4th, Oct. 2nd, Nov. 6th and Dec. 4th; going to Michigan, Aug. 14th and Sept. 18th. If you want the very lowest rates for a pleasant and profitable tour, inquire of Agt. L. E. & W. Ry. 23tf

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### Harvest Excursions

To the west, south and southwest, via the Lake Erie and Western railroad, going Sept. 11th and 25th and October 9th, '94. Very low rates for the round trip. 11 24t

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# FACTS FROM ABROAD.

## The March of Advanced Thought Throughout the World.

### AND ITS VALUE TO US.

### A Declaration Made by the Great Doctor Fothergill for the Benefit of the People of the World Has Aroused Much Attention.

LONDON, Eng., September 21.—The following statement made by the late Dr. J. Millner Fothergill, the eminent scientist, who was physician for the London hospital for diseases of the chest, has made quite a sensation. After denouncing oils and similar substances when used as food, he said: "Fatty, oily foods cannot be taken by those whose stomachs are weak or whose digestive organs are out of order. What food should such people have? I say they need food which acts as a strengthener and sustainer, as fuel to feed the lamp of life, and that is starch food. A soluble starch food which will be readily assimilated by the digestive organs is the food for people whose digestive organs are weak."

It was only natural that such a statement coming from so high an authority, should have made a profound impression among the leading physicians and scientists of Europe, and it brings into special prominence the recent discovery of pre digested starch food, known to doctors, to scientists and the world as Paskola. Comparatively few people outside the highest medical circles know of this wonderful discovery, but it is known to possess the qualities of flesh-forming, strength-imparting, life giving power which has never been known before in the history of the world.

DR. J. MILNER FOTHERGILL

Tests have been made upon patients in a weak, pale, run-down condition, accompanied with indigestion and general loss of energy, and the results are truly remarkable. It really looks as though this newly discovered food, Paskola, will take its rank as the most efficient flesh producer and cure for dyspepsia of the nineteenth century. It is certainly superseding cod liver oil and the fatty preparations which have been used so extensively, and this but confirms the wisdom of the judgment of those who predicted for it unequaled success.

In the treatment of disease, as in all else, "The proof of the pudding is in the eating." The Rev. A. F. Beebe, of Worth Center, N. Y., is but one of thousands who have been benefited by this ingenious and valuable preparation. He writes, under date of April 14, 1894, as follows:

"I can truly say it is a pleasure to give to the world a testimonial in regard to Paskola, for it has certainly accomplished wonders for myself and wife. We have taken $4 50 worth, less than the price of one visit from our physician, and it has done for us what no doctor's prescription or patent medicine has ever done. For twenty-five years I have suffered untold miseries through a disordered stomach. For years I have had to abstain from meats, but after one dose of Paskola, have eaten meat or any other food my appetite craved, with no evil results.

"In regard to my wife I hardly know how to write. It certainly appears like a miracle. Months passed with her with no appetite, and so reduced in flesh and vitality was she that we were looking for nothing short of a speedy death. But Providence appeared in the shape of a package brought from a neighboring town and by me tossed upon the table with the remark, 'Here, wife, is something to cure your ills and give you an appetite.' She read it, and said to me, 'I have faith to believe that if I had that Paskola it would help me.' The next day I secured a bottle, and she began taking it. That was four weeks ago. Today she can eat anything she craves, something she has not before done in months.

"I regret we did not weigh ourselves before we began to take Paskola, but the truth is that I had no great faith in it, so many things had failed, but you have won our lasting gratitude. You can make such use of this testimonial as you wish. I send it for the simple reason that I have the good of my fellow men at heart."

Such words as these carry conviction.

A pamphlet fully describing Paskola and what it does, will be sent free to any address, by the Pre-Digested Food Co, 30 Reade St., N. Y. City.


## M'KINLEY MEETING.

### The Tippecanoe Club Will Go to Indianapolis Next Tuesday.

The McKinley meeting at Indianapolis, the 25th instant, promises to be a monster gathering. The Tippecanoe club, of this city, will go, together with hundreds of other people who desire to attend the speaking. Governor McKinley will speak at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The Wabash will run a special train from Fort Wayne through to Indianapolis, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m, reaching Indianapolis at noon, and starting on the return at 11 o'clock p. m. The rate for the round trip has been placed at $2 50—an exceedingly low fare, and one which will insure a large delegation from Allen county and vicinity. 18tf

The High School Athletic association has organized a foot ball team with Alfred Cressler as manager.

## CHANCE AND CHANGE.

"There was a rose by your gate last year.
Good neighbor, tell me now," he said,
"Have the frosts of the winter left it sere
Or blooms it yet in your garden bed?"
"Two for one
Have the red buds blown,
Two for one that there used to be!
For there's many a day
'Twixt May and May,
And many a change in a year!" said she.

"And there was a girl 'neath your roof last year.
Good neighbor, tell me now," he said.
"Does her foot fall light in the cottage near,
Or is she wooed and is she wed?"
She lies apart
With a pulseless heart,
A broken heart, 'neath the red rose tree!
For there's many a day
'Twixt May and May,
And many a change in a year!" said she.
—Kate P. Osgood in Good Housekeeping.

## TOO MANY SPARROWS.

### The English Bird Is Not Even a Favorite In His Own Home.

It appears that the detested English sparrow is by no means a general favorite in his own home across the water, where his habits have been more carefully noted.

In the course of his paper on "Wild Birds, Useful and Injurious," in the Royal Agricultural society's journal, Mr. C. F. Archibald says: "The sparrow has received an overflowing measure of abuse from farmers and gardeners, and, notwithstanding all that has been urged in its favor by enthusiastic advocates, there can be little doubt that it deserves a large share of the vituperation bestowed upon it. The keynote to the sparrow's character is to be found in the delusion under which it labors that corn growing is carried on for its especial benefit. Grain is undoubtedly the mainstay of the sparrow. This it obtains in the fields at seedtime, when sprouting, in the unripe, milky condition, and when fully matured. At this last named period a quantity of grain is wasted by being shaken out on the ground by the birds, in addition to the amount actually consumed. At this time, too, numbers of sparrows which live for the greater part of the year in towns are tempted to visit the field, their grimy appearance proclaiming their usual haunts.

"In gardens the sparrow finds full scope for its destructive propensities in devouring peas, of which it is very fond, as well as a few gooseberries and cherries. In the most mischievous way, too, it pulls to pieces the flowers of the crocus, dahlia, primrose, polyanthus, hepatica, heartsease, wistaria, the shoots of pinks and carnations, the pods of the laburnum and the blossom of fruit trees. It also does considerable damage to beds of young radishes and lettuces, besides levying toll on the grass seeds sown on lawns. On the other hand, it must be freely admitted that the sparrow does a great deal of good.

"Among the pests destroyed by the sparrows are wireworms, daddy longlegs, weevils from peas and beans, aphides, caterpillars of various kinds, houseflies, 'blue beetles,' 'black beetles' and white butterflies. In some districts chovisa, otherwise known as Maybugs, occasionally do immense damage, and at such times sparrows have been seen with their mouths crammed full of them. The quality of weed seeds which the sparrow eats must also be placed to its credit, for in this way is helps to suppress such objectionable plants as charlock, corn bind weed, goosefoot, knotgrass, buttercup, dandelion, chickweed and dock."

### Doubtful About the Doubt.

We are justly proud of our jury system, but the 12 "good men and true" are not always the wisest of mankind. At a recent session a prisoner was indicted for pocket picking, and to most people in court the clearest possible case was made out by the prosecution.

"Have you anything you would like to tell the jury before they retire?" said the judge.

"Well, all I wanter say is, I hopes as 'ow they'll give me the benefit of the doubt," replied the prisoner despondently.

The jury considered their verdict. They were no little time over it.

"Can I assist you in any way, gentlemen?" said the judge, at last becoming impatient.

"We are almost agreed, me lud," said the foreman, "but we can't quite understand what the doubt is the prisoner wishes us to give him the benefit of."
—London Tit-Bits.

## IT WAS ONLY BINKS.

### He Explains What His Position Is In the Household.

There is a telephone in their residence, and as it is used principally by Mrs. Binks and her friends it is perhaps natural that it should be identified solely with Mrs. Binks, and that Mr. Binks—well, Mr. Binks answered when the bell rang a few nights ago, and this is the conversation that took place:

"Hello!"

"Well?"

"Is this Mrs. Binks?"

"No."

"I mean is this Mrs. Binks' telephone?"

"No; it's the company's."

"Well, is this Mrs. Binks' house?"

"I don't know. I'm beginning to think that perhaps it is."

"What?"

"Yes. I guess it is. Every one seems to think it is anyway."

"Is Mrs. Binks' daughter there?"

"No."

"Well, who is this?"

"Oh, this is only Mrs. Binks' husband, the father of Mrs. Binks' daughter, the man who lives in Mrs. Binks' house and occasionally drives Mrs. Binks' horses. She got him with the house, you know."

"Oh, she did!"

"Yes, she did."

"Tough on Mrs. Binks, isn't it?"

That telephone will probably be taken out of the house.—Exchange.

### The Iconoclasm of Slang.

Teacher—Johnnie, didn't I hear you talking awhile ago with some other boys about Geo Wash?

Johnnie—Yes'm.

Teacher—Well, I wish you would tell me who Geo Wash is.

Johnnie (surprised)—Don't you know who he is?

Teacher—I think I never heard of him before.

Johnnie—Gosh! W'h G. Wash. is George Washington, the papa of his country, first in——

Teacher—Oh—ah—yes, but I thought at first it was a Chinese laundryman.—Detroit Free Press.

### Additions.

When Webb was returning from the fair last fall, the train on which he traveled was side tracked at Suspension bridge. Becoming uneasy, he left the car and strolled back and forth on the platform. Finally he was accosted by an unshaven, good natured Irishman, who wanted to show him the sights. "Ol hev a foine hack, sorr," said Pat.

"Yes?"

"Wud ye loike to drove owver to Niagayra and see the falls? Begorra, they're foine!"

"No, thanks. I saw them two years ago."

Pat threw a patronizing glance at Webb. "Sure," he said, "and they've added to the scenery since that tolme!"—Boston Budget.


What Women Know About Rubbing, Scouring, Cleaning, Scrubbing, is no doubt great; but what they all should know, is that the time of it, the tire of it, and the cost of it, can all be greatly reduced by

Santa Claus Soap.

Sold everywhere made by THE N.K.FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago.

Red Seal Boiler Compound
For the removal and prevention of Scale, Grease and Dirt in Steam Heaters and Boilers. Manufactured by
The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO.,
Office, HEED BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.,
Agent Wanted for Fort Wayne and Vicinity. Write for Circular.


# KATIE DUGAN MURDER

## FAMOUS MYSTERY IS SOLVED AT LAST.

### WAS FOUND DEAD IN HER EMPLOYER'S YARD.

### Her Lover Was Arrested and Cleared—Now Her Employer Is Under Arrest and the Missing Link Is Found at Last.

THE ARREST OF Albert Stout, the freight agent of the Charles Warner Manufacturing company at Wilmington, Del., the other day, for the murder of Katie Dugan, a domestic in his house, has created a decided sensation. The girl's body was found in a vacant lot in the southwestern section of the city, Oct. 30, 1892, with the throat cut from ear to ear.

The body was lying in a ditch in a pool of blood and was prone on its back. A large razor was lying near and told that the murder had been committed with that weapon. The murder had evidently been committed the night before. The body was taken to the morgue and was examined by

ALBERT STONE.

the county physician. By the post mortem examination it was found that the girl would have become a mother in a few months.

Stout is the second man arrested charged with the murder of the girl. Richard Riley was arrested the morning after the body was found. He had kept company with the girl and it was thought that he knew something of her death. He proved that he had been at the fair of the Church of the Sacred Heart on the night of the murder and stayed until 11 o'clock. He left there and went to the home of Franklin Ferrel, No. 105 West Twenty-third street, and remained until 4 o'clock on Thursday morning. He was discharged.

The police then, for some reason yet unknown, suspected Stout and subjected him to an unremitting watch. He soon knew he was being shadowed, but his nerve was great, and even under the most trying situation he never flinched or lost his coolness for an instant. Frequently he was called from the office of his employers to face people who were brought there solely for the purpose of seeing if they could identify him as the man they had seen walking with Katie Dugan on the night of the murder. He knew their object, but invariably bore their scrutiny with an unmoved expression, and ended the interview with a confident smile.

Over a year ago some of the evidence was procured, but it was only recently that the officers were able to obtain the link in the chain of evidence which caused the prisoner's arrest. One of the points which the officers look upon as important is the fact that an expert has identified the missive which lured Katie Dugan to her death, couched in the words, "Meet me Wednesday at the same time and place," to be in the handwriting of Albert Stout, while the expert is equally positive that the superscription on the envelope containing the missive was written by the same hand. The detectives in searching the prisoner's house found a package of envelopes which correspond to the one containing the fatal missive, which together with the note appointing the trysting place in the field, were found among the effects of Katie Dugan after the murder was discovered.

KATE DUGAN.

Perhaps the strongest evidence the authorities have obtained is the discovery of four persons who claim to have seen Katie Dugan on the night of the murder, and who are willing to swear, to the best of their knowledge and belief, Albert Stout is the man who was with her on the fateful evening. One of these witnesses says he knew the murdered girl, and saw the couple quarreling the night in question. Katie was weeping when observed by the witness.

Stout maintains his innocence and says he can prove an alibi. The detectives who worked up the case against him are confident they have the murderer of the girl.

# WAS A GREAT PLAYER.

## THE LATE WILLIAM H. ROBINSON OF BASEBALL FAME.

### He Once Wore the Uniform of the Famous St. Louis Browns and Later on Played with the Pittsburg and Cincinnati Clubs.

WILLIAM H. ROBINSON.

WILLIAM H. ROBINSON, who for several seasons played second base for the once famous St. Louis Browns, four times champions of the old American association, died of consumption the other day at St. Louis, Mo. Robinson had been sick for several years. He was born about thirty-five years ago at Philadelphia, Pa., where he learned to play ball with amateur and semi-professional teams. He also played with minor league teams in the New England states, his first engagement of importance being a brief one in 1882, with the Detroit club of the National league. In 1883 Robinson played short stop for the Saginaw team, which made a hard fight for the championship of the Northwestern league, finally finishing second. While playing with the Saginaws against the Dayton team, Aug. 21, 1883, Robinson was credited with a big batting feat in one inning, when he went three times to the bat and made two

TO YOUNG WIVES

We Offer a Remedy Which, Used as Directed, Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

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Robs confinement of its Pain Horror and Risk, as many testify

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J S MORTON, Harlow, N C

Sent by express or mail, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle Sold by all Druggists. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free

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WANTED—Boy at 88 Clinton St. 20-3t

WANTED—A good competent cook. Mrs. H. G. Olds, corner Berry and Ewing streets. 12-tf

WANTED—Man and wife without children to take charge of grocery, meat market, saloon and hotel. For particulars call or address Mendal Frank, 208 Hanna St. 21-3t

WANTED—Canvasser for Allen county, Indiana, to sell "Houtz New and Complete Farmer's Account Books and Weather Record." Hustlers are making big money. For terms address the J. H. Houtz Pub. Co., Bluffton, Ind. 21-3t

WANTED Persons having money to loan to place it with us. We have opportunities to loan on improved property without cost to the lender. We also want five thousand persons to insure their dwellings and household goods with us. We represent first-class insurance companies. We also have for sale desirable residence property and vacant lots. Call and see us if you have money to loan or property to sell, or want to purchase property or get first-class insurance.

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PERMANENT WORK for active men. Salary or commission No experience necessary. Goods monopoly. Coal bills of everybody reduced 40 per cent. Address K. S. Co., 53 Colonnade Building, Boston, Mass. July 20eod-26t

OHIO MILITARY INSTITUTE. High Class School for boys. Prepares for College or Business. Illustrated Catalogue Dudley Emerson, A.M., Pres., College Hill, Cincinnati, O.

### FOR RENT.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, nearly new cut under surrey. Inquire at 16 West Creighton avenue. 17-21-22

FOR RENT—Five room house, newly papered, at 118 Wells street. Inquire at 132 Wells street. 15tf

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board, also day board at reasonable rates, at 39 W. Washington St. 17 tf

FOR RENT—Dwelling No. 112 East Berry street, all modern improvements. Inquire at 110 East Berry. 22-tf

FOR RENT—Four rooms for housekeeping, with gas meter, yard, etc. rent $5 per month to a small family. Inquire at Ganzer's grocery, corner Francis and Lewis Street. 20-2t

FOR RENT—A northwest corner room on west side of Calhoun street; heated by steam, lighted by electric light, space 13x25. Elegant location for barbershop. Address Sentinel. 17 t

FOR RENT—House with 12 rooms, all modern conveniences, hot and cold water, furnaces, bath room and large barn at No. 141 W. Wayne St. Inquire at Morris, Bell and Barrets' office. 14-13t

FOR RENT—Seven room house with bath, hot and cold water, natural gas, gas meter, etc., within ten minutes walk of court house. Rent $15 per month to right party. Inquire 134 Wells St. 21-tf

### FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Milch cow with good qualities, milks 9 to 10 quarts a day. Will sell cheap. Call on A. H. Reid, two and one-half miles from Fort Wayne, on the Illinois road. 21-2t

RARE BARGAINS—If taken at once, a DRUG STORE in full operation, goods and fixtures first class; $850 will buy it now. ■STORE BUILDING—new on corner $1500, with one lot or with lot adjoining $2000. RESIDENCE PROPERTY—8 rooms, built three years, large lot, fine barn, shade trees, water and gas, etc., $2200. No better chance to invest money lying out of doors. Call or address John J. Ogle, E. Creighton and Holton aves.

**BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.**

Twenty-five houses and lots for sale or trade on farms; also one 460 acre farm to sell or exchange for city property, and one 365 acre farm, and two 200 acre farms, and one 160 acre farm, and three 80 acre farm, and two 120 acre farms, and one 35 acre farm, and one 40 acre farm, and one ten acre tract; also down as low as two acres. For particulars call on Keplinger & Co., at Dr. Niswonger's office 33 Calhoun St., up stairs.

### LOST.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—A black hunting dog, white on breast. A liberal reward will be paid for his return to 23 Douglas ave. 21-2t

### MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE formerly at No 39 W. Washington St. has removed to No. 212 Calhoun St., where ladies who are in need of help; also good girls wishing employment will be waited upon by Agnes Laidlaw, successor to E. Fitzgerald. 12-1m

**LOUIS F. CURDES,**

Real Estate Agent, Rooms 3 and 4 Bank Block.

Farms for sale, or trade for city property. Building lots in all parts of the city, on terms to suit the purchaser. I have any number of houses and lots, ranging in price from $400 to $20,000; several choice business blocks for sale, very cheap. Money to loan.

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Hours: 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. and 7 to 8 p.m.
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ROOMS 24, 25, 26, 27 TAKE ELEVATOR

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Pays to its members in case of accident according to occupation, from $5.00 to $25.00 per week, in case of sickness $10.00 per week, and in case of death of a member $100.00, at a cost of only $1.00 per month, thus protecting its members while living and burying them when dead. For particulars address or call at its office, room 7 Pixley & Long block, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

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Catalogue Giving Full Information Mailed Free.
DR. F. ZIEGFELD, PRES. CARL ZIEGFELD, MGR.

**GETTING THE WORTH OF HIS MONEY.**

Barber: Will you have Bay rum, Lavender water, Witch hazel or Cologne on your face?
Customer: Do you scharch enny dings extra?
Barber: No.
Customer: Den gif me all of tem.

**TRUE.**

Never Steele: Hello! I see dat diamons oll go clear out o' sight now dat de duty is so much higher.
Tom Flasher: Glad of it. Dat oll keep all de common trash from wearin' em.

# RAILWALS AND SHOPS.

**Engineer Babcock Mysteriously Injured.**

**The Wabash Said to be Back of the Indianapolis. Detroit and Chicago Road.**

T. Z. Babcock, engineer at the electric light works, was painfully injured in a most mysterious manner yesterday. He was working in the engine room when something struck him on the head and knocked him senseless for an instant. Mr. Babcock has been unable to discover what struck him, but he thinks an iron bolt or nut had in some way came in contact with the belt or drive pulley and was thrown out, hitting him as above stated. Two scalp wounds, one above each temple, are the extent of the injuries.

A MYSTERY CLEARED.

One of the largest railroad contractors in the west was in the city yesterday, says the Indianapolis Journal, and he stated that he had good authority for saying the Wabash Railway company, not the Pennsylvania, was behind the project of building the Indianapolis, Logansport and Chicago road, intending to make it the most direct line between Indianapolis and Detroit by twenty miles, and also making a line to Toledo and other points reached by the Wabash. The contractor said he preferred his name should not be used in the above statement, but he knew it to be correct. The Wabash has good terminal facilities at Logansport. Said the contractor: "A glance at the map will show that it would be difficult to get a more direct line from Indianapolis to Detroit, and, in fact, to Toledo than the building of this road to Logansport would give, and westward from Logansport the Wabash strikes a number of points which do a large business at Indianapolis, and would increase it with the Wabash getting an Indianapolis line."

HORSES ARE VERY CHEAP.

Electric lines and bicycles have reduced the average value of horses in the United States from 25 to 50 per cent. In the western range country the loss is felt the worst, for the surplus has formerly been sold in the east. Now the east is a closed market to ordinary grades of horses, and there is a surplus everywhere. In cases of forced sale prices are sometimes rediculously low.

Recently a number of car loads of range horses of good grade were received by an eastern road for shipment to an eastern terminal. The eastern road advanced the charges of the western lines which had forwarded the horses, and added the amount to its charges for transportation. Arrived in the east there was no market for the horses and they were finally sold for $6 a head. The eastern road was paid the entire purchase price and was then compelled to charge $800 to profit and loss for its experience in the horse business. In the future it will advance no more charges on horses.

The telling of this story yesterday brought out a recent experience of a railroad official in Kansas City. He wanted a good, small sized riding horse for his boy and found exactly what he wanted in a Kansas City horse market He wanted to buy the horse immediately, but was informed that he must buy it at auction. As a special favor, however, the auctioneer agreed to put up the horse selected to be bid on first, the railroad official being in a hurry. As it was led out the auctioneer announced: "Lot No. 16," and the official's eyes sparkled as he noted the springing gait and graceful form of his prospective purchase. He would willingly have given $100 for the horse without a bid but carelessly called out: "Fifty dollars," as a starter. He was jubilant when it was finally knocked down to him for $75. He decided to lead his prize home immediately and so announced himself to the barn manager.

"What will you have done with the others?" asked that functionary.

There were six horses in lot 16 and the railroad man is thinking of starting a livery stable.

BRIEF MENTION.

Henry Bitzinger, of the Bass machine shop, is sick and off duty.

W. L. Case, night fireman at the Wabash shops, is off duty on account of sickness.

Dr. E F. Wagner, of the Pennsylvania relief department, has returned from Cleveland.

Fred Hoveshire, an employe of Rhinesmith & Simonson, is off duty on account of sickness.

The Nickel Plate yesterday carried west a party of twenty-nine Mormon proselytes from Europe.

Swift & Co. will build large ice houses at Bellevue and will next year make that place an icing station for the meat trains.

Conductor McCormack has taken charge of his train again after a few days' rest. He is employed on the Nickel Plate.

George Campbell, clerk in the Lake Shore freight office, returned from Clear Lake last night. He reports fishing excellent at that resort.

George Saul, president of the Ohio Southern, spends most of his time now in New York, he having the company's financial affairs to look after.

Mrs Dayton Bebelheimer, wife of the assistant bridge foreman of the Pittsburg, has gone to Chicago to spend a couple of weeks with her sister.

A contest is in progress between Brazil and Muncie for securing of the shops of the Chicago and Southwestern, with Brazil just now in the lead.

Train Dispatcher Clarence Kerr, of the Nickel Plate, was reported slightly improved in health this morning. He is still unable to leave his bed, however.

Track layers have begun work on the extension of the Indiana, Illinois and Iowa from Knox to South Bend. A large portion of the grading is completed.

George H. Harris, chief car inspector of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, is on a tour of inspection of the entire passenger equipment under his supervision.

George S. Wilhelm, of the Nickel Plate general offices at Cleveland, will arrive in the city tomorrow and be the guest of friends a few days. He formerly resided in Fort Wayne.

Fireman William Kilgore, of the Pittsburg, is again sick. Some time ago he fell from his engine, sprained his back and was unable to work until yesterday, when he started out on his run. But he broke down before he reached Crestline and had to leave his engine. He came home on No. 9 last night.

Master Mechanic F. W. Morse, of the Wabash is now en route home from the coast of Maine. He is expected here tomorrow.

Brakemen Seamy, Downey and Shearlock, of the Nickel Plate, are on the off duty list. Brakeman DeVitt has resumed his duties after a few days' absence.

The shopmen and friends of the late James Ahern turned out in great number to attend his funeral this morning The deceased was well liked by his acquaintances.

On an east-bound Pittsburg freight train yesterday, which passed through here, six box cars were loaded with tramps. There were at least fifty men in the party.

The Wabash road took 2,670 passengers to Peru last week distributed among the following stations: Logansport, 931; Wabash, 989; Huntington, 137, Roann, 179, and Chili, 117.

A letter from A. H. Polhamus, who is at Petoskey, states that his health has been greatly benefited by his sojourn at that resort. Mr. Polhamus did not state when he would return.

The three large oil tanks which have been unedr construction for some time at the Wabash boiler shop and which are designed for service at Ashley, on the new line, are nearly completed.

J. E. Smith, machinist in the Wabash shops, who had his back sprained and arms injured some time ago, has returned from the Peru hospital and this morning resumed his duties in the shop.

Last evening Mrs. William Riehl presented her husband with a son—one of the finest little fellows in the country. Mr. Riehl is employed in the winding department of the electric light works.

Switch engine 54, which belongs to the Toledo yards, was turned out of the Wabash shops today. She will do service in the yards at this place for a few weeks, or until switch engine No. 10 can be repaired.

Assistant Ticket Receiver Burbank, of the Pittsburg has so far recovered as to be able to resume his duties tomorrow night. He narrowly escaped a serious attack of blood poison, originating in an ulcerated tooth and subsequent abscess.

A Toledo paper says that the bondholders' reorganization committee of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan will bring out their new plan on the 1st of October, and it is thought the several interests can be gotten together on this plan.

General passenger agents at Chicago report that the stagnation of business which prevailed during the early summer has been largely broken up, and that traffic is now in a more satisfactory condition than it has been since the close of the world's fair.

Reduced rates will be quoted for the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons and Grand Council Royal and Select Masters to Indianapolis October 16th and 18th, and the convention of the International Typographical union at Louisville October 3 to 8.

There is a bare possibility of Fort Wayne losing one of her manufacturing establishments where sixty men have for several years been given steady employment. The matter is not fully settled yet and until it is THE SENTINEL is not at liberty to give names.

When the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western railroad is completed and the Wabash connects its main line with the Detroit branch by building a road from this city to Bulter, Ind., a distance of twenty-three miles, Fort Wayne will have all the railroads she needs. That day is not distant.

Uncle Jimmy Hewes, foreman of the Pittsburg boiler shop, left on No. 8 last evening for Pennsylvania, expecting to spend five or six weeks in visiting friends in the vicinity of Philadelphia and Reading. Mr. Hewes is one of the most popular men in the service of the Pennsylvania company and dozens of the shopmen were at the depot to bid him good bye.

Charles Hartman, bookkeeper at the electric light works, has resigned to engage in the theatrical business. He will leave in a few days for New York city to join the What Theatrical company, of which his uncle is one of the proprietors. The company will begin its campaign at Boston, October 15. Charlie Hartman is first-class on the stage in almost any character. He is a member of the Schroeder Theatrical company, an amature troupe, which has been giving entertainments in Schroeder's hall for the past two years. Their latest play is "Under a Cloud" and the leading role, Donald Moreley, is taken by Mr. Hartman.

## HUNTINGTON DEMOCRATS

**Will Give a Grand Barbecue October 11, 1894.**

The democrats of Huntington county are aroused and have announced a grand democratic barbecue, at the famous Cold Spring Grove in Huntington for Thursday, Oct. 4, 1894.

A large number of the most prominent public men in the United States, including Vice President Stevenson, Governor Claude Matthews, of Indiana; Governor Boise, of Iowa, ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio; Hon. D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana; Hon. W. F. Vilas, of Wisconsin; Hon. Bourke Cockran, of New York: Hon. Thomas L. Johnson, of Ohio: A. N. Martin, Hon. Geo. W. Cooper, Hon. E V. Brookshire, Hon. W. F. McNagny, and other congressmen from Indiana, will be present and address the people on the political issues of the day.

Over fifty beeves will be barbecued, more than 50,000 buns baked, and plenty of other food prepared for this occasion. More than twenty-five brass bands, besides ten glee clubs and five mandolin and guitar clubs will be present and supply the music for the occasion.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

# PATITSCHEK FIRED.

**He is Accused of Robbing His Countrymen.**

**The Late Consul General of the Austro-Hungarian Empire Was Too Eager to Get Rich.**

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Private cablegrams received here from Vienna announce that Dr. Anton Von Patitschek, late consul general of the United States, located at New York, has been dismissed in disgrace from the consular service of the Austro-Hungarian empire. While acting as imperial and royal commission general to the world's fair the ex consul is said to have compelled Austrian exhibitors to pay for their space in manufacturers hall. It was also charged that in addition to this that Patitschek had embezzled $15,000 bequeathed by a rich Hungarian, who died in New York, to three hospitals This Hungarian, John Russzits, was a friend of Louis Kossuth and, it is said, left a fortune of $5,000,000. These charges, the cablegram states, caused the ex-consul's dismissal and disgrace

## LOCAL GOSSIP.

**Personal Mention of Fort Wayne People in Other Papers.**

The Wabash Plain Dealer says: "Mrs. James O'Connell and daughter, of Fort Wayne, are in the city the guests of Henry and George B. Fawley."

The Roanoke correspondent of the Huntington Herald says: "Mrs. Curey and two daughters, Misses Grace and Dessie, of Fort Wayne, have been visiting several days with friends about town. Mrs. Curey left yesterday for Huntington, where she will be the guest of her brother, Mr. Frank Nave."

The Winchester Democrat says: 'Hon. R. C. Bell, of Fort Wayne, will speak at the Opera house Saturday night. The speaker is one of the state's brightest men who will enlighten you upon the issues of the coming campaign. Come out and hear him."

The Bluffton News says: "'Uncle' Billy Pierce, of Fort Wayne, one of the veteran drivers of the country, has been engaged by the Brickley stock farm to drive Relta Boy, October 6. There is no better driver than Pierce and he will get Relta's utmost efforts out of him in the Wells county stallion race."

The Huntington Democrat says: 'Judge Whitelock is hearing the evidence in the case of W. H. Vanderbilt against Jacob Boos today. Hon. Robert C. Bell, of Fort Wayne, and J. B. Kenner represent Mr. Vanderbilt's interests, while B. M. Cobb appears as counsel for Boos. The matter in controversy is a tract of land near the bed of the old canal on East Tipton street."

The Plymouth Democrat says: "Mrs. C. H. Haberkorn and daughter spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hoham, on her way home to Fort Wayne from Maxinkuckee lake, where they spent the summer.—Mrs. Charles Vilding, of Fort Wayne, is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Woodward.—Messrs. Oliver Chase and Arthur Jacoby rode down from Fort Wayne one day last week and spent Sunday here with their parents and friends."

The Valparaiso Messenger says: 'Elder J. V. Updyke, of Fort Wayne, a noted evangelist of the Christian church, who has just closed a series of revival meetings in Columbus, Ohio, attended prayer meeting at the Christian tabernacle last night and gave a short but interesting talk. Elder Updyke is an every-day, matter-of-fact man, and is said to be one of the best speakers in the country. His talk last night was earnest and vigorous, and the language so plain that a child could understand him. Such men are a power in the pulpit."

**In Childhood's Happy Days.**

Among the incidents of childhood that stand out in bold relief, as our memory reverts to the days when we were young, none are more prominent than severe sickness. The young mother vividly remembers that it was Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured her of croup, and in turn administers it to her own offspring and always with the best results. For sale by druggists

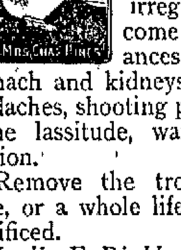
At the Pittsburg Athletic Club park recently, Arthur L. Banker of the P. A. C. rode a half-mile flying start in 1 minute flat

De Crack—There! I've sent my trunks to the station and forgot to put my racing suit in. Trainer—Never mind; here's a pill box. Use that.

Recently in England a race was decided on a hill so steep and rough and grown over with long grass that the competitors had to dismount going up hill.

**Mothers, Watch Your Daughters.**

"Nature has provided a time for purification, and if the channels are obstructed, the entire system is poisoned, and misery comes.





"Irregularities from any cause, at any age, are sure indications of organic trouble. With irregularities come disturbances of the stomach and kidneys, violent headaches, shooting pains, extreme lassitude, waxy complexion.

"Remove the trouble at once, or a whole life will be sacrificed.

"*Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound* will accomplish the work speedily.

"It is the most effective remedy for irregular or suspended action known to the world." — Mrs. Chas. Hines, Box 212, Duncannon, Pa.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor, and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Schlaudroff, 82 Clinton street Telephone [illegible].

# BOSTON'S DARK SIDE.

GLIMPSES OF NEW CANAAN AND LITTLE ITALY.

**What European Dregs Have Done For the Modern Athens—Some Old Landmarks. Paul Revere's House and the Old North Church—An Ancient Epitaph.**

[Special Correspondence.]

BOSTON, Sept 17.—The last place the usual visitor and sightseer in Boston thinks of visiting is the north end. He has heard stories about fiery Italians, murderous Portuguese and thieving Jews, who live there, and has in mind a picture of unsightly streets filled with rubbish and lined with crazy tenements. He visits the old statehouse, pays his quarter to enter the Old South meeting house and toils up Bunker Hill monument, but if one mentions the north end, "I'm not here to go slumming," says he.

Indeed the majority of the better class citizens of Boston would as soon think of visiting Greenland as of taking a walk through the north end Thus a visit to this old and interesting part of the city has been the personal experience of few

On striking Salem street we are in the ancient quarter. The street is narrow and crooked, and the shops on either side are of antique pattern. At first sight they

BANANAS QUIET

seem to be all clothing houses. Outside, along the fronts for two or three blocks, hang rows of coats and trousers in such continuous lines that the lower stories of buildings seem lined with them.

All day long men employed by the storekeepers pace up and down in front of these shops, their business being to buttonhole their passing fellow men and hang to them like leeches

The proprietors of these stores are chiefly Russian or Polish and German Jews. Names such as Goldstein, Navesky, Patofsky and Slofsky are over the doors. Look also at the men themselves. Short and thickset most of them are, and, when not in their shirt sleeves, clothed in long skirted black coats, which reach to their knees; their sallow, wrinkled faces, lighted by ghoulish black eyes, half hidden by bushy eyebrows; their noses huge, and the lower parts of their faces concealed by a growth of greasy black hair

**The Grocery Shops.**

The clothing house district passed, the grocery region begins. Long bunches of garlic festoon the windows. The window shelves are filled with an array of decaying lemons, yellowish cabbages and boxes of macaroni. The whole store looks as if the goods had been shot into it from an immense cannon and everything staid where it happened to strike

**Jews and Italians.**

One reason for the great number of groceries and meat markets is that Jews and Italians each have their own stores. The Jews' religion compels them to buy their food of storekeepers of their own nationality; otherwise they might unconsciously eat unclean food. For instance, there are many animals of whose flesh it is considered unlawful to eat, and all flesh is to them unlawful unless of a beast killed according to certain Jewish laws Then at certain seasons they must eat unleavened bread, which their bakeries at such times furnish As to Italians, they will not patronize Jews, partly because of their hatred of the race, partly because the Jews will not patronize them.

On every hand there are enormous quantities of fish in baskets, barrows and carts. On warm days the venders need not call their wares. The odor proclaims all that need be known about them. The streets are so narrow that drays, carts and barrows often get into a hopeless tangle. Sometimes a box of blueberries rolls off Vinchensio Resiegario's cart, or two or three green apples fall from chunky Leonarto Polio's barrow. But no sooner is the tangle straightened out than there is an instant rush of children, who eat up the fragments in a trice.

**A Bit of Diplomacy.**

On a curbstone, with their feet in the gutter, sit two little black haired girls in ruffled dresses which once were pink. One is eating an apple. The other watches it with desiring eyes. At last she speaks. Her voice is solemn. "Jennie May Brown," she says, "there's a worm in that apple." A pause. "If you eat it, you be all sick; you be all dead; you be all buried up; you go up to heaven." Here Jennie, much impressed, throws the apple away, and in a few moments the successful preacher has, unseen by her companion, seized it and hidden it in her bosom.

On very warm days one must be careful not to step on children sleeping on the sidewalk, sometimes lying directly in one's path. No wonder they are tired. Every night they are up in the streets playing till 10 or 11 o'clock, while their mothers sit on the curbstones, with their feet in the gutter, and their fathers lounge about the doorsteps smoking.

Having seen hundreds—nay, thousands—of strong young foreigners sitting about in this way, one wonders that they do not break away from their cheerless surroundings and find a place where they can do something, be something. Have these people no ambitions, and, if they have, what are they? If you wish this question answered, watch for a few summer evenings from the windows of the North Bennett Street Industrial school. Some night you hear the usual street sounds increase and unite in a roar; the street suddenly flares with flambeaux and red lights; a procession is advancing, young men in front throwing up rockets, then a long line of men with white bands across their breasts; next in order, carriages and barges filled with people. The glare of the red lights illuminates the old, time stained houses, the rockets light swarthy faces, and showers of sparks fall among the shouting boys, the band plays lively airs, and the triumphal procession passes up the street. "Who are these happy mortals?" ask you. The Portuguese or Italian people returning from a picnic. Tonight all is music, light, joy, for them; tomorrow they will subside into sodden, joyless, half starved creatures—makers of pants, peddlers, ragpickers—toiling early and late To what end? That they may save money for another picnic So when they are old, and their last picnic has taken their last cent, and they can earn no more, they must stay with their sons and daughters, who tolerate them, for they, too, wish to go to picnics, and the old folks are useful to look after the babies

The Italians are the most quarrelsome of foreigners, the Portuguese the cleanest and most immoral, and the Jews the dirtiest.

It seems strange that the Jews look so dirty when their religion compels them to wash their bodies at least once a week.

**Its Departed Glory.**

Looking upon the scenes now enacting in the north end, it seems strange to think that at one time our sober Puritan forefathers dwelt in these streets. Some of their very houses are still standing Prince street, which crosses Salem, running from North square to Commercial street, is said to be more as it was a century ago than any other street of its length in Boston One very old brick house at 130 Prince is pointed out as the one which sheltered Major Pitcairn when mortally wounded in the battle of Bunker Hill. The lower story has become a bakery, while the upper part is inhabited by a tribe of noisy Italians.

A portion of a very old building still stands at the corner of Prince and Margaret streets, recalling the fact that in 1700 it was the house of John Tileston, who was called "the father of good writing in Boston" He was for 80 years uninterruptedly, except for the siege of Boston, connected with the North Bennet writing school His pupils called him Johnny Crump, as his fingers had been drawn up by an accident in childhood. A most interesting place to visit is old North square In shape it is not a square, but a triangle, surrounded by rather neglected but picturesque buildings. The interest centers in a low structure built on the old Dutch plan, with overhanging roof and doorposts This was the home of Paul Revere, and though built somewhere about the year 1676 it still stands firm and looks likely to last another half century It looked odd to see the sign "To Let" in its windows

Salutation street, running from Commercial to Hanover street, is one of the quaintest, tiniest streets in Boston, so narrow people can sit at opposite windows and talk to each other as if in the same house; so ancient that the houses seem visibly tottering to their fall Time was when this was one of the most respectable streets in Boston It was always narrow, but in former times it looked far wider, as the houses stood 20 or 30 feet from the street in the midst of gardens and were never more than 2½ stories high.

**Where Patriots Dwelt.**

Leaving Salutation street, we take our way back to Salem street and seek out the Old North church Towering far above surrounding buildings, the old gray edifice, with its green mantle of ivy, still stands firm. On Dec 16, 1773, it saw men of the neighborhood, disguised as Indians, hastening under cover of night to the wharves where lay the British ships laden with tea.

"On the 19th of April, in 1775," it looked upon brave men, true Americans, hastening to the battle of Bunker Hill. Now a restless, noisy foreign population surges ever about it The neighboring houses, which sheltered heroes of the Revolution, have become dwellings for the offscourings of foreign nations. The street, in former times so clean, is littered with rags and paper. Still the old chimes ring out as sweetly as of yore, and still on Sundays the high backed pews are filled with worshipers There, sitting in the high, narrow gallery, with the notes of the ancient organ in one's ears and one's eyes upon the gilded cherubim who have been blowing their noiseless trumpets 118 long years, scenes of the present vanish. Near us is James Wells, who was commissioned to "see in the gallerys and keep the boys in order, that no disturbance be in time of divine service." Below, in the body of the church, are men in small clothes and powdered wigs. The face of Paul Revere is seen among them. Robert Newman and Isaac Harris are there, with a score of others who have helped not only to make the north end historic, but the United States free

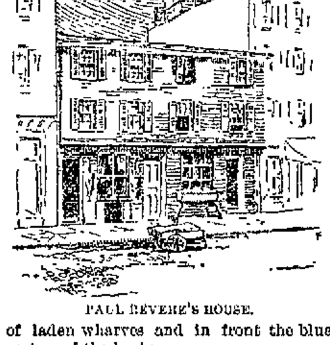
As the service closes the illusion vanishes, and the faces fade away as the figures in a mirage. Still the old church remains, and leaving it behind there seems an added dignity in the weather beaten, tottering buildings of the quarter

Passing up Hull street, the Old North still in sight, we reach Copp's Hill burial ground. A tablet on its entrance gate tells us that Increase and Cotton Mather are buried here, and that on this ground were planted the British batteries which destroyed Charlestown during the battle of Bunker Hill.

**The City of the Dead.**

Copp's hill is the lowest of the three hills of Boston Still it is far higher than the roofs of houses on the eastern side, so affords a good view of the harbor.

On the left are the graystone buildings of the navy yard, to the right a long line



PAUL REVERE'S HOUSE.

of laden wharves and in front the blue waters of the harbor.

The burying ground covers about three acres of ground, thickly planted with trees The stones are in fairly good condition, in spite of the sad fact that this city of the dead is the only playground the north end children have.

Some of the stones have engraven coats of arms, others have curious lantern jawed skulls rudely carved upon them, and many are the quaint inscriptions one reads in picking his way among them. The oddest I have yet seen reads as follows:

Here lies ye Body of
Mrs. Anncey Hunt Wife of
Mr. Benjamin Hunt
Who died Nov. 20th 1769
Aged 40 years.
A sister of Sarah Lucas lieth here,
Whom I did Love most Dear,
And now her Soul hath took its Flight
An bid her spightful Foes good night.

EDITH GUERRIER.

**A Winning Conundrum.**

A well known Detroiter stood at the corner of Woodward and Jefferson avenues recently waiting for a car, and a seedy looking individual approached him.

"Excuse me," said seedy, "but will you be kind enough to tell me what time it is?"

The gentleman consulted his watch.

"It's a quarter after 1," he replied rather curiously.

The seedy one coughed.

"Do you know, sir," he said, "the difference between time and me?"

"Give it up," replied the gentleman, still more interested.

"Would you like to know, sir?"

"Yes."

"Well, sir, the time is a quarter after 1, and I am one after a quarter."

"Thanks," responded the gentleman, handing it to him, with a bow.—Detroit Free Press.

**Needed Then.**

Nurse—Shall you call again today, doctor?

Dr. Druggem—No. I don't think it is necessary The patient is liable to remain in his present condition for days. But if there is any change for the better send for me at once.—New York World.

**Very Different.**

Vexed Wife—There is no calamity that can befall a woman that I have not suffered

Amiable Husband—Wrong, my dear. Now, you have never been a widow.

Vexed Wife—I said calamity, sir!—Tit-Bits

**Balked.**

Customer—I would like a dollar's worth of sugar. Please send it up, and I will pay next week.

Grocer—Sorry to refuse you, ma'am; but, you see, we are not running a sugar trust here —Boston Courier.

**Delays Are Dangerous.**

Lover—And so your mother does not believe in long engagements? I am delighted.

Miss de Broker—Yes; mamma says ever so many girls' fathers have failed during long engagements, and the poor things never got married at all.—New York Weekly.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

**Royal Baking Powder**

ABSOLUTELY PURE

### FOOTBALL.

The manager of the West Point team this year is cadet H. A. White, with cadet E. L. King as captain. Practice games have already commenced.

The following Fall River players have signed with C. H. Byrne of the Brooklyn baseball team to play the professional football game with Brooklyn this winter: Shea, captain and goal; Tobin, La Crosse, Fortin, Hughes, Culligan, Farrell, Bannister, M. Harrington. Fifteen men are to be signed, and will report in Brooklyn on Sept. 15.

In relation to the new college rules, Capt. Trenchard of Princeton states most emphatically that Yale has benefited herself at the expense of the other colleges, and that Walter Camp, by an ambiguous wording of the rule governing mass plays, has stultified the committee. Trenchard, furthermore, says that Princeton has accepted the rules most unwillingly, but has had no alternative in the matter.

The candidates for the Princeton football eleven are in training at Quogue, L. I. The system of training that the men are put through just now is not by any means rigid.

The Cornell University Football association has just completed its schedule and it is as follows: Sept. 26, Syracuse University, in Ithaca; Sept. 19, Syracuse Athletics, in Ithaca; Oct. 6, Union, in Ithaca; Oct. 13, Lafayette, in Ithaca; Oct. 20, Princeton, in New York city at Manhattan field; Oct. 27, Harvard, in New York city at Manhattan field; Nov. 3, University of Michigan, in Ithaca; Nov. 10, Williams, in Albany, Nov. 17, University of Pennsylvania, in Philadelphia; Nov. 24, University of Michigan, in Detroit; Thanksgiving day, Lehigh, in Ithaca

**The Mistakes**

Of life are many—some great, others small. We classify them as we feel their effect, and just in the same way you recognize Simmons Liver Regulator when taken for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation and Biliousness. There can be no mistake in taking the Regulator for these disorders. It quickly relieves. Don't make the mistake of getting anything else for Malaria.

**Tri-State.**

Its Wonderful Success.

Progress of the Association.

NET ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| July 1, 1890........$ | 137 986 36 |
| July 1, 1891........ | 384,143.22 |
| July 1, 1892........ | 687,006.69 |
| July 1, 1893........ | 1,051,563.40 |
| July 1, 1894........ | 1,134,647.78 |

LOANS.

| | |
|---|---|
| July 1, 1890........$ | 133,217 08 |
| July 1, 1891........ | 372,076.63 |
| July 1, 1892........ | 670,641.83 |
| July 1, 1893........ | 1,023,186.33 |
| July 1, 1894........ | 1,112,962.71 |

NET PROFIT.

| | |
|---|---|
| July 1, 1890........$ | 4,350 37 |
| July 1, 1891........ | 24,520 16 |
| July 1, 1892........ | 64,875.82 |
| July 1, 1893........ | 123,833.76 |
| July 1, 1894........ | 184,802.54 |

**Board of Officers.**

President..........GEORGE W. PIXLEY
Vice President..........D. N. FOSTER
Secretary..........C. A. WILDING
Treasurer..........J. W. BELL
Attorney..........W. J. VESEY

**Directors.**

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|---|---|
| H. C. PAUL, | S. M. FOSTER, |
| GEO. W. PIXLEY, | W. J. VESEY, |
| C. A. WILDING, | W. E MOSSMAN, |
| J. F. W. MEYER, | S. F. BOWSER, |
| LOUIS FOX, | C D. LAW, |
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| LEO FREIBURGER, | D. N. FOSTER, |
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The largest gain in the net profits of the Association was made during the year of the panic, from July 1, 1893, to July 1 1894

The Association is now selling Installment stock, on which you pay 70 cts. per share per month, until the maturity of the stock. No other perfectly safe investment can be found that pays so well as the installment stock of a well-managed Building and Loan Association It is as secure in a panic as in times of prosperity.

If you have money to invest and want an ABSOLUTELY safe place for it, where it will return you profitable dividends, call at the Tri-State office in the

**PIXLEY-LONG BLOCK,**

Rooms 12, 13, 14 and 15.

**FALL SUITS,**
**NEW GOODS,**
**NEW Patterns.**

Just Received a Full line of New Fall Suitings.

**Prices to Suit The Hard Times.**

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Fall Rush Commences.

**Fred Hardung,**

N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts.

--COUPON--
HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY
—OF THE—
CIVIL WAR.
PART 22. NUMBER 2.

Size of Pages: 16x11¼ inches. Number pages: Over 830. Pages in each part. 32. Price of each part: only 10 cents. Number of pictures: over 1000 and all of the history besides.

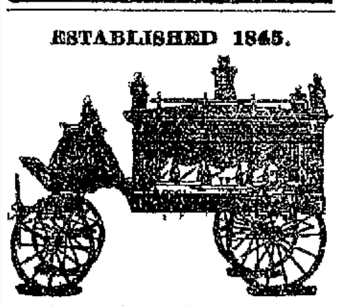
Three coupons of different dates and 10 cents secures each part.

FT. WAYNE LOAN OFFICE, Est'd 1878. Time Tried. Fire Tested. Money, any amount Loaned on VALUABLES.

We deal in DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Carpets, Musical Goods TRUNKS AND VALISES.

GREATEST BARGAIN HOUSE IN INDIANA. HORACE MARIOTTE PAWNBROKER, 20 East Columbia Street.

**ESTABLISHED 1845.**



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WAREHOUSE Co.
STORAGE
Warehouse Cor. Francis and Hayden Sts
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The Pennsylvania Station.
**Pennsylvania Lines.**
Trains Run by Central Time
AS FOLLOWS:
* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station Fort Wayne, Ind.

| East Bound. | West Bound. |
|---|---|
| *5 35 a. m. | *3 30 a. m. |
| *6 53 a. m. From Chi. | *5 20 a. m. Limtd |
| †12 55 p. m. | †8 00 a. m. |
| *8 05 p. m. | †11 40 a. m. |
| *9 20 p. m. Limited | *4 30 p. m. |
| †7 10 a. m. Crestline | *5 30 p. m. |
| †10 35 p.m. From Chi. | †9 25 p. m. From Crestline. |

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers Leave FORT WAYNE. Schedule of May 20, 1894.

| GOING EAST. | DEPART. |
|---|---|
| New York and Boston Lim., daily | 4 48 a m |
| Toledo Express, except Sunday | 1 18 p m |
| Atlantic Express, daily | 7 12 p m |
| Local Freight | 6 00 a m |
| Lafayette Accommodation, arrive, except Sunday | 11 00am |
| **GOING WEST.** | **DEPART.** |
| Pacific Express, daily | 8 05 a m |
| Kansas City Ex., except Sunday | 1 35 p m |
| Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday | 3 30 p m |
| St. Louis Limited, daily | 8 20 p m |

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

| Lv Fort Wayne. | Ar Indianapolis |
|---|---|
| 8 05am | 12 50pm |
| 1 35pm | 6 20pm |
| 3 30pm | 11 05pm |
| 8 20pm | 3 20am |
| **Lv Indianapolis** | **Ar Fort Wayne** |
| 7 00am | 1 00pm |
| 1 20pm | 7 05pm |
| 7 00pm | 2 45am |

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and new free chair cars on New York vestibule limited. Free chair cars and dining car on Pacific limited express. Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new free reclining chair and palace sleeping cars to Kansas City without charge.
R. G. THOMPSON,
Passenger and Ticket agent, Fort Wayne Ind.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

| GOING NORTH. | |
|---|---|
| *For Grand Rapids and North | Lv. 2.15 am |
| † | Lv 8.05 am |
| † | Lv 2.55 pm |
| †From Richmond | Ar 10.55 pm |
| **GOING SOUTH.** | |
| †For Richmond and Cincinnati | Lv. 5.45 am |
| † | Lv. 12.35 pm |
| † | Lv. 11.46 pm |
| †From Grand Rapids | Ar. 7.45 pm |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

| SOUTHWARD. | ARRIVE. |
|---|---|
| No. 162 Way Freight | 5 25 pm |
| No. 156 Cin. Express and Mail | 10 25 am |
| No. 158 Detroit & Ind'pls Express | 3 55 pm |
| **NORTHWARD.** | **DEPART.** |
| No. 163 Way Freight | 6 40 pm |
| No. 157 Through Express and Mail | 11 45 am |
| No. 169 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex. | 1 45 pm |

**NICKEL PLATE.**
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R R.

| EAST. | Arr. | Dep. |
|---|---|---|
| N. Y. & Boston Express | *9 55 am | *3 05 am |
| Cleveland Mail | †11 30 pm | †1 45 pm |
| Eastern Express | *6 45 pm | *7 05 pm |
| Local Freight | †5 50 pm | †6 10 am |
| **WEST.** | **Arr.** | **Dep.** |
| Chicago Express | *3 10 am | *3 20 am |
| Chicago Mail | †1 45 pm | †2 05 pm |
| Western Express | *4 30 pm | *4 40 pm |
| Local Freight | †3 58 pm | †7 00 am |

*Daily, †Daily except Sunday. Through Buffet sleeping cars to Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Through tickets to all points at lowest rates and baggage checked to destination.
M. C. BAKER, District Pass. Agt., Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. AND L. E. & W R. R.

| NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE. | |
|---|---|
| No. *40 Passenger | Arrives 11 40 am |
| No. †42 Passenger | " 10 10 pm |
| No. †170 Local | " 4 30 pm |
| **SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.** | |
| No. †41 Passenger | Leaves 7 15 am |
| No. *43 Passenger | " 4 00 pm |
| No. †171 Local | 6 30 am |

†Daily except Sunday. *Daily

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time card

| Leave Fort Wayne. | Arrive Indianapolis. | Arrive Cincinnati. |
|---|---|---|
| 7:15 a. m. | 11:30 a. m. | 3 05 p. m. |
| 4:00 p. m. | 10:15 p. m. | 10.50 p. m. |

| Leave Cincinnati. | Leave Indianapolis. | Arrive Fort Wayne |
|---|---|---|
| 4:40 a. m. | 8:30 a. m. | 11:40 a. m. |
| 3:10 p. m. | 4:00 p. m. | 10:10 p.m. |

**All Summer Long**

seekers for enjoyment and travelers who've an eye open for pleasure will find luxurious delight in a trip on one of the

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The Great Lake Route which touches

The Northern Michigan Summer Resorts.

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OFFICIAL REPORT.

George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says: "THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., has the highest circulation rating accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis.

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

ESTABLISHED 1833. THURSDAY, SEPT. 20, 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Thought About Fall and Winter Goods Yet?

We're ready to supply your wants. Drop in and look about; get posted on the new styles and fabrics, and then when you are ready you'll know what you want: and by the way, note our prices carefully, compare them if you will, and you'll agree with us that good goods can be purchased in our establishment for less money than in any other shop in the city.

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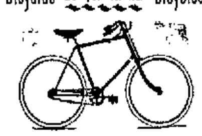

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$100.00 Grade - - - - $55.00

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CLOTHING

Made Firm and Perfect. Comprising the very Latest Fabrics, Cut and made in the very Latest Styles, which we offer at POPULAR PRICES.

Call and Examine before Buying.

Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

## TWO BAD ACCIDENTS.

### In Which Many Persons Are Maimed for Life.

A Platform Falls Carrying a Crowd Down Twenty-Five Feet—A Tenement Fire.

AKRON, Ohio, Sept. 20.—Joseph Ryan, aged 18, and Patrick Casey, aged 21, the two men most severely injured by the falling platform at the Excelsior Athletic club rooms last evening, died during the night. The names of those injured are: Arthur Demple, left leg broken, Perry Holland, both legs broken, Fred Sair, two and head cut, Charles Shultz, severe cuts, Harry Meeder, arm broken, Frank Grossman, two ribs broken, Isaac Grossman, severe cuts about head, Morris Grossman, cut about the head, Charles Royal, ankle broken and back injured; Charles Lat, severe cuts, Arthur Holmes, arm broken, Al Leroy, right leg broken; Will Hixson, ribs broken; Kate Waste, cut about legs, Ed Swanson, left ear torn off, cut in head, face and arms, Frank Strauss, collar bone broken; Dee Kerns, cut about head and legs, right shoulder dislocated, Charles Lyd, left leg broken; W. Crawford, ear cut; Frank Wetzel, injured internally, Louis Hall, two ribs broken, John Gardner, hand broken; Frank Lear, cut on head and body, Frank Abey, injured internally, John Weir, nose broken; Guy Hansel, both wrists dislocated and cut about head.

The platform was at the second story of the Ink block, corner of South Main street and Buchtel avenue, and was the only means of gaining access to the clubrooms, being approached by outside stairs. The platform was filled with young men waiting for the doors to open, the occasion being an athletic exhibition given by the club. As the doors opened, the crowd made a rush and it, it is believed, caused the extra strain which the flimsy platform could not stand. The crowd of sixty were precipitated to the ground, twenty-five feet below, and those who escaped serious injury were more or less bruised and shaken up.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—Several persons were injured in a tenement house fire on Main street, just west of Fourteenth at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Two gasoline stoves exploded simultaneously, one in Mrs. Lottie Hanen's house, 1410 Morgan street, and another in Thomas Gilmore's, 707 North Fourteenth street. The injured were removed to the city hospital. Their names are:

B. Roxey, face and hair singed.
...ie Coleman, leg and arm broken.
...p Gilmore, burned.
... Tom Gilmore, slight burns.
... Lottie Hanohen, leg broken; ...g burned.
...nie Reuder, fatally burned about ...ad and body, leg broken.
... Sabins, broken arm and leg; ...er wounds; burned on arm and legs.
...rs. Lena Sabins, eye out of socket; ...ned about breast.

...he houses are old brick buildings ...stories high, forming part of a row ...weating shops. The tenants were ...ork at the sewing machines and in ...excitement broke for the staircases ...d windows before any help arrived. ...oliceman arrived and went to the ...stance of the unfortunates across ...a street, where another fire was rag... Mrs. Reuder jumped from the ...ter place, landing on her side. Two ...bies were also hurled from the win...ows by the affrighted occupants. A ...lored man caught one, the other fell ...n the sidewalk. Neither was badly ...urt. Rev. Mr. Coleman's evangelical ...ission lodging house is located next ...oor and this place, as well as adjoining ...roperty, was hastily vacated.

Among the injured Mr. and Mrs. Sabins and Mrs. Reuder are most seriously hurt. Sabins first leaped from the window to the front pavement and immediately after his wife followed. Officer Henneman removed them to a neighboring drug store. Lizzie Coleman, colored, sustained a broken leg and arm after hurling her baby to the sidewalk. Mary Pinero also threw her little one out of the window.

### DID NOT PAY.

Toledo Bee Has an Unsettled Claim of $5,000 Against Senator Brice.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 20.—In a card published in reply to the statement given out by the Brice managers that the attacks upon Senator Brice in the Toledo Bee were inspired by the refusal of Senator Brice to give that paper $5,000 demanded, A. Stuart, president of the company, says the fact is that when the present company purchased the Bee it purchased the book accounts, among which was found an account of $5,000 against Senator Brice for supporting him for United States senator. The bill for this has been presented to Senator Brice, it is true, and repudiated by him, but Mr. Stewart denies that that has anything to do with the position of the Bee upon the question of Senator Brice's conduct as a democrat.

### GERMAN ROMAN CATHOLICS.

The Central Verein Ends in a Pleasure Trip Down the Harlem.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The delegates to the convention of the German Roman Catholic Central verein, who concluded a four days' session, are today the guests of their colleagues in this city. This morning the delegates marched in a body to the foot of East Third street, where they embarked on the steamer Laura M. Starin for a sail down the bay. Returning in the early afternoon, the boat will take the delegates to Sulzer, on the Harlem river, where the rest of the day will be passed in festivities, including a grand banquet, which the Catholic clergy of this city and vicinity are expected to attend.

## PAID THE PENALTY.

### George Schmous Hanged in the Allegheny Jail.

His Crime Was the Fiendish Murder of His Wife and Two Little Daughters.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 20.—Geo. Schmous was hanged in the Allegheny county jail at 10:10 o'clock this morning.

The crime for which George Schmous suffered the death penalty was one of the most atrocious in the annals of the county. Schmous, with his wife and four children, resided in South Eleventh street. The husband and wife quarreled frequently. During the night of July 27, 1893, the house was discovered on fire, and after extinguishing the flames, the firemen found Mrs. Schmous and two little daughters upon the bed in an upstairs room with their skulls crushed and the walls bespattered with blood. The baby, blood stained and unharmed, lay in the cradle, and the nine year old boy crouched in terror downstairs. Schmous acted distractedly, claiming he knew nothing of the awful deed, and from the time of his arrest strenuously denied any knowledge of the crime. His trial before Judge Slagle last September resulted in first degree murder, wholly upon circumstantial evidence. Attorney Gorser, for the defense, applied for a new trial and arrest of judgment on the plea of insanity, holding that Schmous dearly loved his little daughters and that the $52 insurance on their lives could not possibly have been a determining influence in their murder. The supreme court was also vainly appealed to. Schmous was an ordinary laborer, born in Bavaria thirty eight years ago, and had resided in this country about eleven years. Several Catholic priests and nuns attended to his spiritual wants during his last days, and under their ministrations he became resigned to his fate, without, however, having made any open confession. His execution was the second in Allegheny county this month. George Ducovicks, who was to have been hanged with him, has been temporarily reprieved, pending investigation as to his sanity.

### BRECKINRIDGE GIVES UP.

Concedes That Owens Has Won the Nomination.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 20.—The Breckinridge men have given up the fight and the committee will undoubtedly declare Mr. Owens the nominee next Saturday.

W. C. Owens will likely have a republican opponent in the person of Judge George Denny, jr., a prominent lawyer at the Lexington bar. Last night the Fayette county republicans met in convention here and selected forty-five delegates to the district convention, which meets here on Wednesday, September 26. The delegates were unanimously instructed to cast the votes of Fayette county for Judge Denny, and it is more than likely he will be the nominee.

Mr. Francis K. Hunt, the leader in the anti-Breckinridge movement, is receiving stacks of congratulatory letters. Among them is one from Miss Mary Desha, sister-in-law of Colonel Breckinridge, and one from Mrs. Fletcher Cody, of Rockford, Ill.

### TAKES HIS OWN LIFE.

A County Treasurer in Michigan Suffers From Melancholia.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 20.—Edward Drummond, treasurer of Waukesha county, committed suicide last night at McBride's sanitarium in the town of Wauwatosa, where he was undergoing treatment for melancholia. Mr. Drummond was a well-to-do farmer and merchant in the village of Stone Bank, and is said to have been one of the most popular men in Waukesha county. Two years ago he was elected county treasurer. With one exception he was the only man on the republican ticket who was successful at the polls. The attack of melancholia which led him to his death is said to have followed his wife's death, which occurred about three years ago.

### IN SECRET SESSION.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 20.—The sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows in secret session at Lookout Mountain today had under consideration the Rebekah degree. The ladies heading this degree are asking for representation in the grand lodge and for a grip and password. The consideration of these questions occupied the entire time of the sovereign grand lodge at the morning session.

### FIRE IN A PAINT SHOP.

Three Men Badly Burned by the Flames.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—An explosion caused a fire in a paint shop at 5,125 Third avenue today. Charles Goodwin, Oscar Goodwin and Wm. Moore were severely, but not fatally burned while fighting the flames, which were extinguished after a small loss. It is thought the explosion was caused by the ignition of an oil barrel.

### Fixing Elections.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 20.—A decree has been published dissolving the chamber of deputies and the senate and fixing the elections for October 14.

Attend International Business College Schmitz Block. 114

## THAT NAVAL BATTLE.

### Official News of the Fight Expected Today.

The Belief Prevails That the Chinese Ship Chen Yuen Was Not Lost as Reported.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Neither the Chinese nor the Japanese legations have received any advices as to the great naval engagement off Yalu. Lieutenant Niyoka, the naval attache of the Japanese legation, returned today from an eastern trip. He is well acquainted with the scene of the battle and says it is so far remote from Japanese telegraph stations that word would first have to be carried by dispatch boats to Tsushima or Nagaski before the Tokio authorities could be informed of the battle. As the fight occurred last Saturday it is expected that the dispatch boats will have the official version transmitted very soon and the legation is looking for full information today. The Japanese officials here are much elated over the latest reports, as they say the sinking of China's big battleship, the Chen Yuen, fatally cripples China's water defenses.

Another significant fact commented on at the Japanese legation is that foreign officers appear to have been in command of the Chinese ships, which in the judgment of the Japanese authorities here shows that the Chinese are yet deficient in native commanders and are depending on foreigners to manipulate their ships, which is in marked contrast with the native command of all Japanese warships. The Chinese minister declines to discuss the recent battles or any phase of the war. In response to an inquiry today, he sent word that no advices had been received and that he was very busy. He is building a large ball room in the rear of the legation with the prospect of extensive social festivities in the near future.

There is apparently no disposition to share in the panic at Pekin over the Chinese reverses on land and sea. Though the Japanese officials in their statement spoke of the Chen Yuen as having been lost, later dispatches indicate that it was not this vessel, but the Chih Yuen that was lost. No official news has been received here clearing up doubt as to which of these vessels it was that was lost.

TOKIO, Sept. 20.—An official dispatch received here from the headquarters of the Japanese fleet says that the latter at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of September 16, met eleven Chinese warships and six torpedo boats thirty-five miles northeast of Hai Yang Tao, with the result that four of the Chinese ships were sunk and one was burned. The dispatch adds that the Japanese fleet sustained no damage.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 20.—The particulars received here in regard to the battle of Ping Yang, show that the Chinese loss was only about eleven officers wounded and 250 soldiers killed. The Japanese army is marching on Wiju, which it is expected it will be reached by the end of September.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Dispatches received here today from Shanghai says that the total number of the Chinese fleet engaged in the battle fought off the mouth of the Yalu river was twelve warships and four torpedo boats. The Japanese fleet, it is added, was composed of seventeen ships, some of which were small war vessels. The Chinese claim to have sunk the Japanese war ships Abushima and Yosina and a Japanese transport which had been converted into a cruiser and named the Saiko. A private report received here from Shanghai declares that these vessels were not sunk, as the Chinese claim, but that they withdrew from the action in a disabled condition. It is reported that the Chinese transport Toonan was sunk after she had landed her troops, but this is thought to be probably incorrect. The report that Admiral Ting and Colonel Von Hanneken were severely wounded seems to be incorrect, for they have both returned to duty.

The Westminister Gazette this afternoon, commenting on the battle, says: "We observe, speaking generally, that both sides were engaged in verifying the theories of Captain Mahan, the Japanese, conscientiously, as they are great students of that eminent author, and the Chinese unwillingly and, it may be fairly supposed, reluctantly. The Chinese have the bigger navy, but they have been unable to concentrate it upon points of paramount strategetical importance. So far the war has turned out as, according to the most approved principles, it ought to have turned out."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Admiral Ting made the fatal mistake of trying to convey troops before he had met and broken the enemy's fleet, and unless the troops landed at the Yalu river are relieved from the sea they are irretrievably lost."

The St. James Gazette says: "If this is a victory for the Chinese they must pray for a defeat. The damage which the Japanese inflicted with their smaller and lighter squadron goes far to show that in tactics, discipline and the handling of modern weapons they are as much superior to the Chinese at sea as they have already shown themselves to be on land."

The officials of the Japanese legation here have received a private cable message from Yokohama, dated today, saying that on September 16, twelve Chinese war ships encountered nine Japanese ships, with the result that after severe fighting the Chinese lost four at sea and the Japanese none.

Minister Kurino and the officials of the Japanese legation here regard the Tokio cable to the Associated Press as giving the most trustworthy report of the engagement yet received, and they are naturally gratified to learn from this source that the Japanese fleet sustained no damage. They point out that Tokio is but 530 miles from Hiroshima, where the emperor and the headquarters of the army and navy are located. There are telegraphic connections so that Tokio would have the earliest information from Japanese sources from the imperial head at Hiroshima. The legation officials do not believe the Shanghai report naming two vessels alleged to have been sunk. Lieutenant Miyoaka, the Japanese naval attache here, says there are no such ships in the Japanese navy as the Abushima, which the Shanghai account says was sunk. There are many ships with the suffix "Shima," meaning island, but none have the prefix "Abu" or anything like it. It is believed at the legation, however, that the cruiser Satko, claimed to have been sunk, is the Sikyo. The latter used to be a fast merchantman between Shanghai and Yokohama and was recently transferred into a fleet cruiser. Lieutenant Miyoaka says by the Yoshino, stated in the Shanghai report to have been sunk, is undoubtedly meant the Yoshino, the pride of the Japanese navy. It would be startling news indeed, he says, if this ship had gone down, but he scouts the idea. She is the newest and fastest cruiser in the Japanese navy, with the remarkable speed of twenty-three knots an hour.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 20.—The particulars received here regarding the battle of Ping Yang, show that the Chinese loss was 2,300 killed and 11,500 wounded and prisoners. A fourth party of the Chinese army escaped. The Japs lost about eleven officers wounded, and 250 soldiers killed. The Japanese army is marching on Wiju, which it is expected will be reached by the end of September.

## WOOD WORKERS.

### The Unions May Combine in One Grand Organization.

The Movement Started by the International Carpenter's Convention—Greetings From the Firemen.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 20.—The convention of International Carpenters today received a telegram of greeting from the Firemen's convention at Harrisburg, signed by Grand Master Sargent. The telegram was replied to. One delegate sought today to have all the proceedings of the association printed in English alone. This is regarded as a blow to the foreigners and the resolution will probably be opposed by a majority of the delegates. Application for charters from the Housframers' union, New York city, and Cabinetmakers' unions of New York city, Brooklyn, Chicago and other cities, were received. This is said to be the first step towards seeking the complete amalgamation of all woodworkers. Some political matters will receive attention at tomorrow's session. The convention will probably adjourn Saturday.

## A JOKER SUED.

### Set Fire to a Friend's Hair by Means of a Sun Glass.

The Victim Retaliates by Asking Damages Through the Courts in the Sum of $15,000.

TREVALG, Tenn., Sept. 20.—Yesterday Jim Barber and others were sitting in front of Simpson's grocery. Bob Jellow drew a sun glass from his pocket and focussed its lense on Barber's uncovered head. The glass did more than was expected. The concentrated rays did not reach Barber's scalp, but suddenly his head was a mass of flames caused by the ignition of the bay rum on his hair, he having just come from the barber shop. When his head caught fire he started to run, but Frank Gordon caught and held him while others extinguished the blaze with their hats and handkerchiefs. He would doubtless have killed the joker on the spot had he not been restrained by friends. Today he brought suit against Jellow for $15,000. Physicians say Barber's head will never be adorned with another suit of hair. Jellow is quite wealthy.

### UNDER ARREST.

The Man Who Gave Seances at Bluffton, Ind.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 20.—H. E. Wardell, who had been giving seances here for several weeks, was arrested on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Wardell gave an entertainment at Bluffton, Ind., Saturday night, and some of the unbelievers discovered that Wardell was dressed to represent Big Wolf, an Indian chief, and that Mrs. Wardell had gotten into the cabinet from an adjoining room. The Bluffton people caused Wardell's arrest.

### WAR AIRSHIP.

The General Meyer Will Be Transferred to Fort Logan.

DENVER, Sept. 20.—Orders have been issued for the transfer of the great war airship General Myer from Fort Riley, Kan., to Fort Logan, Denver, and after November 1, instruction in that branch of the signal service will be given here.

Frank's Choice and F... are the best 5c cigars in the city.

## LABOR PROBLEMS.

### Government Investigation of Strikes and Lockouts.

Influence of Machinery on Labor—Industrial Condition of Women and Children.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The department of labor has about completed its investigation of the strikes and lockouts that have occurred since 1887, upon which it has been engaged for many months past. This report will not, however, be published before next spring. It will form an exhaustive showing of all the labor troubles in the United States since the date named, the number of employes involved in each strike or lockout, the causes of the trouble, the loss in wages, etc., the investigation being covered by about thirty questions.

The next subject to be investigated by the department is the influence of machinery on labor. Congress has appropriated $10,000 for this, besides authorizing the use of the regular force of the bureau. The work of the inquiry will begin in November. The field force will be put on it as fast as they complete their work on strikes and lockouts. The statistics of strikes and lockouts will be kept from year to year hereafter.

The inquiry on the influence of machinery on labor is a vast and complex subject and one that is involving the best thought and greatest interest of the department. The growth of machinery and its use will be looked into. An elaborate comparison of the cost of commodities under the old hand system and under the machine system will be made. The relative productiveness of labor under the two systems will be shown, and comparisons of wages under the two systems will be made.

Beyond this a resolution in congress calls for an investigation of the modern industrial condition of women and children, the wages that are paid them as compared with men. How far their labor displaces that of men, the sanitary conditions under which they labor and the provisions for their comfort, etc. There is no special appropriation made for this inquiry and it is expected to be made out of the regular funds of the department. It will not be entered upon until after the inquiry into the influence of machinery on labor is completed, which is expected to occupy a year or more.

### NO STAND ON SILVER.

Party Leaders Advise Candidates to Make Their Own Terms.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The two congressional campaign committees have advised their respective candidates to use their own judgment in taking a stand upon the silver question in the coming campaign. No set policy upon silver is to be followed in this campaign and the silver plank in the party platforms will be ignored. In this respect it will be a "go-as-you-please" race for each candidate. Each man must make his own terms with his constituency. The national organization of both the old parties will make no effort to dictate silver doctrine to the people at this time, but, on the contrary, will place itself in a receptive attitude to get the opinion of the country by the time the next national conventions meet. So it transpires that diverse arguments are being made by republican candidates in the same state, one man advocating silver and another in an adjoining district taking a more conservative stand. It is the same with the democratic candidates, who are about as equally divided upon this subject.

### ALIX, THE QUEEN.

Trots a Mile in 2:03 3/4 at Galesburg, Ills.

GALESBURG, Ill., Sept. 20.—Fifteen thousand persons yelled themselves hoarse yesterday afternoon when the great trotting queen Alix beat the world's record by coming under the wire in 2:03 3/4. It was a noble performance from start to finish, justifying Williams' boast about the fastness of his new track and Morris Jones' assertions about the ability of Alix to beat the world's record. The day was an ideal one for such an event and the track was in good condition. The trial was witnessed by a great gathering, representing all central Illinois and containing most of the notable horsemen of the west. The time by quarters was 0:30 3/4, 0:31, 0:31, 0:31. A remarkably well-rated mile. In the entire distance Alix did not make a false step or for an instant falter. She at no instant moved her nose, but bent down to her task with cheerful energy, only the nervous twitches of her keen pointed ears showing her alertness.

### JAPANESE PATRIOTISM.

Every Mother's Son of Them Is Steeped in It.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.—Mgr. Philbert Termoz, prelate of the pope, is in the city on an apostolic mission. The distinguished visitor was one of the passengers on the steamer Oceanic which arrived from the Orient a few days ago. Since the beginning of last year he has been looking into the creeds and customs of all the Oriental nations and at the same time has been investigating the works of all Catholic missions in the countries through which he has traversed. From Peking Mgr. Termoz went by way of Manchuria and Corea to Japan. He saw the Japanese fleet land its troops at Chemputco and says he was struck with the military manner in which the ceremony was carried out. "The Japanese army, he says, is far superior to that of China. "The great trouble with China," he ... is the lack of patriotism among the people. In Japan every mother's son is steeped in patriotism. In China a viceroy and a number of soldiers are hired to defend the country. They fought for as many ... for all the pay they possess."

## GARMENT MAKERS.

### They Determine to Break Up the "Sweating" System.

A Strike Which Embraces Every Garment Maker in Philadelphia Inaugurated.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—Acting upon the instructions of the Clothing Trades Council, No. 2 the garment workers of this city to the number of 2,000 struck work this morning, and it is expected that tonight there will not be a clothing contractor able to continue business, and that 5,000 operatives will be idle. Promptly at 7 o'clock this morning the committee having charge of the strike started on their rounds and called upon the men systematically, not a contractor being overlooked. This action is the result of the refusal of a number of contractors to concede to the demands of the union for the abolishment of the "running" and "sweating" systems and the introduction of the weekly wage system.

The operatives are also desirous of establishing a working day of nine hours with fixed wages. Every man, woman and child responded to the call to stop work. It was expected that there would be some difficulty with the Italian operatives, but they responded as readily as the others. The headquarters of the garment workers has been crowded all day with an excited and enthusiastic body of men and women, who declare they will not return to their benches and machines under the old conditions. Many of the contractors have a large amount of work half finished and heavy orders ahead and a number have already made application to sign the new agreement.

### WHOLE SCHOOL POISONED.

Coloring Matter In Candy Creates Havoc in Hazleton, Iowa.

OELWEIN, Iowa, Sept. 20.—Great excitement prevails in the village of Hazleton, a place of 400 inhabitants located about four miles south of this city. Yesterday when the school children were enjoying their afternoon's recess, one of the pupils decided to give his companions a surprise. After visiting the grocery and bakery and purchasing all the cheap mixed candy in stock he returned to the school and distributed his purchase freely among the scholars, about twenty-five in all. They decided to eat their allowance before the school bell should ring calling them for their afternoon's study.

School had not been in progress more than five minutes after their half hour's outing when the children began to complain, and before the teacher could get assistance it was a sorrowful looking schoolroom. Some of the children were lying on the floor, while others had fallen over in their seats. Dr. Peel immediately summoned Drs. Baker and Hurd, of this city, and in a short time they were at the scene. The doctors found that the coloring in the candy had been the cause of the poisoning. The majority of the pupils have recovered. The doctors say three or four are in a very critical condition and are doubtful as to their recovery.

### "OLD HUTCH."

The Famous Plunger Embarks in the Cigar Business.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—B. P. Hutchinson, better known as "Old Hutch," the once famous board of trade plunger, has opened a one cent cigar store opposite the board where he once made and lost millions. A startling red sign in the window offers "Good cigars for one cent, better, two for five cents, cigarettes four cents a package." Mr. Hutchinson refused to be interviewed regarding his venture, simply saying that he was "selling cigars and that's all there is to it."

### Cyclist Fast.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Cyclist Searle left here at 8 a. m. today and expects to ride to Syracuse, 113 miles, in eight hours and ride the whole 161 miles to New York without further stop. It is raining but the wind favors him. He reached Batavia at 9 o'clock last night having ridden 160 miles from Erie in twenty and a half hours. He rode through mud the entire distance. Searle left Buffalo in a driving rain, taking the railroad track through water three inches deep. He and his pace maker ran into a bridge six miles west of here. The pace maker was badly bruised and Searle sprained his wrist.

### Wants Some of the Winnings.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 20.—John Hyland, of New York, trainer of The Butterflies, winner of the Futurity, has demanded of Col. E. F. Clay, of Paris, Ky., 10 per cent of the $1000 that went to the breeder of the winner. Major B. G. Thomas, who bred Domino last year. The winner says no such demand was made on him. Hyland's action was condemned by the breeders as unprecedented. They will likely refuse it, as the conditions of the race made no such provisions for the trainer.

### Searle Delayed.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 20.—At 11 o'clock this morning the following message was received from Bicyclist Searle dated Batavia, N. Y.: "Delayed by accident. Pacemaker hurt. Will arrive at Rochester at 2 p. m. Have a set of folding mud guards ready for wheel."

## BRADY IN JAIL.

### Held on Suspicion by Officers at Frankfort, Indiana.

Went to Tolerate for a Fort Wayne Peddler Held for Robbery, and Was Himself Nipped.

E. C. Brady, an alleged detective of this city, is in jail at Frankfort, Ind., on a charge of drunkenness and the Frankfort officer are suspicious that he is a thief.

Last evening Superintendent of Police Diggett received a letter from Geo. W. Bird, city marshal of Frankfort, making inquiry as to what kind of a man Brady is. The letter, in part, was follows:

"We have a man here giving his name as E. E. Brady, who claims to be a detective from your city. He came here in the interest of a man we have in jail here for larceny from your city. The man arrested gives his name as Selim Sahlin and says he came from Fort Wayne. He has been in this country ten months and came from Jerusalem originally, was born in Bethlehem. He was peddling and stole goods from a house where he stopped over night. Now, we would like you to let us know what you know about this man Brady. We had to put him up for drunk last night."

The letter goes on to say that on Brady a person was found a suspicious memorandum containing a list of residences of this city and that the officers of Frankfort thought Brady had robbed or intended robbing them. The list of houses are, however, the addresses of all the houses of ill repute in this city. The letter goes on to say that Brady will be held until the Fort Wayne officials are heard from. The letter concluded by saying: "Now, if we are wrong in our impression of this man it will be the first wrong impression he has made at least by us."

The Fort Wayne officers have written to Frankfort, telling who Brady is. He is well known to the police here.

### STOLE A WATCH.

Late this afternoon Officers Patton and Flickinger arrested one Harry Northam for stealing a gold watch from his niece, Miss Long, of No. 14 Barthold street. Northam is well known. He stole the watch and ran from the house. It is thought he intended to leave the city. The chain was recovered, but the watch could not be found.

## STOLE A BICYCLE.

### Photographer Frank R. Barrows Loses an Historic Wheel.

It Was Stolen From In Front of His Residence on West Wayne Street—Police Doings.

Sunday night Frank R. Barrows, the well known photographer, left his bicycle in front of his residence, No. 212 West Wayne street, and during the night the wheel was stolen. The police were immediately notified and scoured the city for the thief, but were unable to get even the slightest clue of the missing wheel. The "bike" was not a $200 machine, but it had a historic value and is greatly missed by its owner.

There was the usual large police court this morning, Mayor Oakley presiding.

The first case called was that of George Collins, who was arrested on West Main street by Officer Jesse Patton this morning. Collins is an umbrella mender and was drunk. He claims to be a relative of the mayor of Detroit, but this is not believed, as the man arrested is evidently an Italian and Collins is only a ficticious name.

Frank Riley and N. N. Walker, plain drunks from Sheldon, Ind., were on trial and were sent over for ten days. They will also be re-arrested on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. Walker was a brakeman on the Lake Erie and Western road and Riley is a common laborer. Both boys were very meek this morning and it is not thought they would have nerve enough to hold up a child, let alone a passenger train, as it is alleged they were plotting to do.

The case of Harry Manning for wife abuse was called but Mrs. Manning was to ill to appear in court.

Manning was fined $5 and costs and went to jail as there were a number of witnesses to testify against him.

The case of Benedict, the saloonkeeper in the Aurrecht block for assault and battery on one Henry Shoaf, was called up for trial. Benedict had a number of witnesses, but after listening to all the testimony Mayor Oakley fined the saloonkeeper $5 and costs. The case was appealed.

### EMMETT CLUB MUSICAL.

An Entertaining Program Arranged for September 25.

The well known Emmett club is arranging for a musical to be given in Haberman hall on the evening of September 25. Following is the program:

[illegible]

### HAPPILY MARRIED.

Jacob Kelley, Formerly of This City, Weds at Cincinnati.

Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Will C. Ryan has returned from Cincinnati, where he attended the marriage of his cousin Jacob Kelley to Miss Catherine Clarke, a young lady of the Catholic city. The marriage took place at the St. Patrick's church, of Cumminsville. The young people, after a wedding tour through the eastern states will make their home in Cincinnati. Mr. Kelley was formerly a clerk ... at the store of Root & Co., in this city, but is now holding a responsible position in the general offices of the Big Four railroad at Cincinnati.

## THE COURTS.

### Prisoners Arraigned Before Judge O'Rourke.

Judge Dawson Grants a Divorce in the Circuit Court—Other Court News.

Herbert Bickmas, who stole copper wire at the store of Charles Sharp in this city was arraigned before Judge O'Rourke, in the circuit court, this morning, and pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny and was given thirty days in the county jail.

The case against Clarence Ridley, one of the Huntington boys charged with trespass, was brought into the circuit court this morning. Deputy Prosecutor Ryan nolled the case against him on account of his youth and at the request of his mother, who is dependent upon him for support.

The cases against Watterson and Nelson, who are accused of throwing stones at a railroad train, are set for trial in the circuit court tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Judge Dawson, in the superior court this morning, gave Abraham J. Sowers a divorce from Sarah E. Sowers. The plaintiff was also given the custody of two children.

Harry Manning was fined $15 for abusing his wife, and in default of payment was sent to jail.

Justice Wilkie is hearing the case against David and Joseph Amstutz for trespass on lands.

The condition of Prosecuting Attorney P. B. Colerick, who has been confined to his hotel for some time with typhoid fever, is somewhat better today, but he is still a very sick man and it will be some time before he will be able to attend to his duties.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hapner, sixty years old, has brought suit for breach of promise against Michael Hare, seventy-six. The case has been filed in the Whitley circuit court. Both plaintiff and defendant are residents of South Whitley, and Mr. Hare is the owner of several hundred acres of fine farming land in the Eel River valley. The wedding was appointed for September 1, and during July and August the plaintiff alleges that the defendant was very attentive, but that suddenly his love cooled without reason being assigned. Mrs. Hapner wants $6,000 damages.

## APPROACHING A CRISIS.

### The Whisky Trust is Bringing Trouble to a Focus.

Some of the Members Favor the Appointment of a Receiver and Such May be the Result.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 20.—The belief is growing among those who know something of the inside workings of the whisky trust that a crisis is rapidly approaching and that some of its officers would not care much if it were thrown into the hands of a receiver. This belief is heightened by the presence here of the officers of the American Distribution company, of New York, who have come to make an investigation of the safety of the rebate vouchers. They have been in consultation with Sam Woolner, whose new distillery, the largest in the world, will be ready for operation next month, and which alone can supply all the demand in the present condition of the trade. It is possible that a deal may be made with him and the trust left out.

### COURT OF INQUIRY.

Secretary Herbert Will Investigate the Grounding of the Adams.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Secretary Herbert has appointed a court of inquiry to meet at Mare Island navy yard next Tuesday to inquire into the grounding of the United States steamship Adams in Behring sea, while engaged in the seal patrol. The court will be composed of Capt. C. S. Cotton, Commander C. M. Thomas and Lieutenant Commander F. M. Simmons, with Lieutenant H. L. Draper as judge advocate.

### A NEW PRESIDENT.

L. C. Weir Elected by the Adams Express Company.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—L. C. Weir, of Cincinnati, was elected president of the Adams Express company at the meeting of the board of directors today, vice Sanford, resigned.

### The Firemen Allow Claims.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 20.—The morning session of the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen was devoted to the consideration of the report of the committee on death and disability claims. Claims aggregating $40,000 have been allowed by the committee.

### A Bubble Bursts.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Judge Jenkins, of the United States court, today appointed Clarence S. Brown, of Chicago, receiver for the Tolleston Land and Investment company. Mr. Brown was given authority to take immediate charge of the company.

J. D. Weir ... expert accountant. Office 63 East Main street.

# BUSINESS DIRECTORY


[illegible]

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BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

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President—Charles McCulloch.

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White National Bank

Capital & Surplus, $322,000.

Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.

Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

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G. W. BOWEN, M. D., Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours for consultation, from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday, 8 to 10. Office, No. 11 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. S. H. HAVICE.

Diseases of the Nose and Throat.

Office Hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m., 7:30 to 8 p. m.

Office, No. 42 W. Berry St. Phone, No. 66.

DR. B. G. [illegible] — To those suffering from [illegible] may consult me free of charge at my office, 17 W. [illegible] Wayne street. Telephone 246.

J. C. MILLER, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon.

Rooms 38 and 39 Pixley Long Block.

Office hours—9-12 a. m., 2-5 p. m., 7-8 p. m.

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Undertakers and Embalmers.

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The only house in this country using ELECTRICAL CLEANING APPARATUS, for all kinds of garments without injury.

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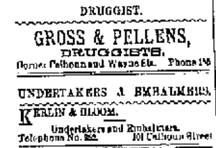
P. J. BULGER.



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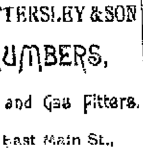



Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

IT WILL CURE

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; registered, 60c. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

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OFFICE 9 to 12 a. m. and

HOURS 2 to 5 p. m.



# The Evening Sentinel.

BY [illegible]

[illegible] 1894


Democratic State Ticket.

[illegible]

Congressional Ticket.

[illegible]

Democratic County Ticket.

[illegible]

Wayne Township Ticket.

[illegible]

## TONIGHT

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH—Social at home of Mrs. Eberly, 40 East Fifth street.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING—At Puff's hall, in the Tenth ward.

WAYNE TRUE BLUES—Regular Meeting.

WEST LAKE FISHING CLUB—Regular meeting.

OCCULT SCIENCE SOCIETY—Regular meeting.

TRADES UNIONS—K. of L.; Cigar makers; Tinworkers.

LODGES—A. O. U. W., No. 36; Harmony, Lodge No. 19, I. O. O. F., Knights of the Maccabees; Knights of the Golden Eagle; Fort Wayne Commandery, K. T. No. 4; Geo. Humphrey Post G. A. R.; Knights of St. John, C. B. L.

There will be a democratic meeting at Puff's hall, on Hanna street, Tenth ward, this evening. Good speakers will be in attendance.

Congressional campaign committees of both parties have advised candidates to use their own judgment as to the silver question in the coming campaign.

Senator Brice escaped a vote of censure by the Ohio democratic convention, but a resolution favoring election of senators by the people was adopted.

A new daily paper will make its appearance at Dunkirk next week, to be called the Herald. Messrs. Whittaker, McElwain & McKittrick will be the proprietors.

The election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people instead of by the legislatures is being strongly endorsed in many states. The democratic state convention in Ohio favored the plan.

Republicans at Elkhart are said to be negotiating for the purchase of Truth, Congressman Conn's paper. It is understood that Mr. Conn is not averse to disposing of the property, so that he may devote more attention to his investment at Washington.

The Kansas City Star has just celebrated its fifteenth anniversary. It had expected to do so in a magnificent new home which it had built for its occupancy but delays prevented its completion until early in October. Its editor and proprietor is W. R. Nelson, formerly of this city, and he has made the Star one of the best newspapers in the west.

The race for the base ball pennant goes on, and right merrily, too. The teams are coming down the stretch at a rapid pace. Baltimore still is in the lead, and it will be hard work for either New York or Boston to reach the van. All three clubs are playing ball to win, and it would not surprise the talent if the present standing should hold good until the finish. Base ball, however, is mighty uncertain, and any team may take a tumble and the positions be reversed.

Mrs. Mae L. Hart, through her attorneys, has sued the Marion Chronicle for $10,000 for publishing an article headed "Story of a Suicide," which related how Mrs. Mae Hart committed suicide in the city of Chicago by taking an overdose of morphine. Mrs. Hart continuing, alleges the charges of malicious libel and says her standing in the community has been damaged by said publication to the amount of $10,000. It is understood that the Chronicle has been willing to make honorable amends at the same time disowning any malicious intent.

### The Uselessness of a Coroner.

The action of the constitutional convention of New York state in passing an amendment to the constitution abolishing the office of coroner directs attention to the uselessness of the office not only in New York but in this state and everywhere else.

Without intending any reflection upon or criticism of the medical gentleman who so creditably discharges the duties of the office in this county, allow us to ask, "of what service is the coroner of Allen county?" Is the office a necessary one? Could not its duties be just as well performed by any justice of the peace in the city or county?

The coroner summons a jury, views the corpse, listens to the obvious testimony and returns a verdict and recommendation. If the case is one of murder the jury may or may not hold the supposed [illegible] to the grand jury. If it does [illegible] the officers of the law regard [illegible] verdict as sufficient warrant for retaining him in custody. If the jury does not hold him, and the officers have what they regard as sufficient evidence, they merely present the case to a justice of the peace and have him bound over. Why not have the inquest originally before the justice of the peace and let him take what action is necessary?

In [illegible] of death by violence in recollection has the office done anything that could not have been done better by any examining magistrate. The verdict of a coroner's jury has no [illegible] to argue [illegible] trial jury so far as the final [illegible] of punishment of offenders is involved the verdict [illegible] written on.

In fact the only reason of existence of the coroner in this county or any other is the check he may afford by chance on the sheriff. He can act in the absence or death of that officer or he can serve writs on him in cases in which the sheriff is involved as defendant. In consideration of this as a trivial consideration that might be easily attended to by transferring the duty to some other county officer. That would leave the coroner's office actually without a leg to stand upon.

### Japan Among the Powers.

The defeat of the Chinese at Ping Yang, the result of the naval engagement off North Corea and the intelligence that the Japanese are now in complete possession of the Island of Corea, proves that the Japanese, although the weaker power of the two in point of numbers, are vastly the superiors of the Chinese in the methods of successful warfare and are conducting a campaign as bold in plan as it has been brilliant in execution.

At the very outset, the destruction of the Chinese transport cut off reinforcements to the enemy by sea, and they have kept their fleet moving about so rapidly and so mysteriously that they have driven the opposing fleet under cover and kept the Chinese anxious for their home defenses. Meantime they had increased their armies in Corea and had established themselves near the frontier to cut off communication by land. At length, having everything prepared and the enemy already at a disadvantage, they moved with great celerity and precision against the Chinese army, in front, flank and rear, and crushed it by a single blow.

The whole campaign, as far as we can estimate it from the information at hand, appears Napoleonic. It puts the Japanese in complete possession in Corea, and before the Chinese can send another army against them they will have time to set up the independent reformed government, which has been their ostensible object, with a very good chance of its recognition by the outside powers. In that event China will not be able to disturb it.

Whether the end be thus shortly attained or not, Japan has already made her mark and has emerged from oriental obscurity as one of the powers that hereafter must be reckoned with. And this means much—how much we can hardly conjecture—in the future politics of the world.

### Influence of the Teacher.

There is one period in the lifetime of children when an ideal outside of father and mother reigns in their youthful affection and admiration. It is during school days and the teacher is the bright particular star who to them appears a veritable oracle of worldly wisdom and the possessor of greater charm of manner than any other human being in existence.

Of course we are speaking of teachers as a feminine guide to knowledge, for it is very seldom that a man, no matter how clever he may be, has the power to arouse the romantic admiration in the breast of his scholars that a pleasant-voiced woman can achieve in the first hour of the new term. In the class room she rules as queen and at her shrine offerings of fruit and flowers are tendered with respectful homage that grows into a fervor of delight if she accepts them graciously and says a kind word or two to the small girl or boy who thinks "teacher" perfection. Her influence is unbounded and the halo of a strange and superabundant wisdom frequently endows her with power that the parents envy. Often an unruly member of the home circle astonishes father and mother by reports of excellent conduct in school that do not tally at all with the demeanor out of it.

Knowing all this, does it not seem a matter of very serious consideration before a young woman enters upon her life work as a teacher. Should she not criticise her inmost self and query whether she is fitted to be the shining example that the children in her charge will consider her? A great responsibility rests upon her shoulders, and, unless she enters into the work conscientiously, much harm may be done that it will take years to undo. Teaching appears to many young women as the easiest and most ladylike way of earning a living, therefore, they adopt it as a profession without giving it more serious thought. To be a teacher means to occupy a holy office, and no woman should undertake it whose character, disposition and religious faith are not such that the little ones may accept her as a model whom it will be beneficial to them to copy.

[illegible]

### Bimetallism.

[illegible]

For their own sakes, therefore, the German [illegible] recommend the creditor class to aid in the agitation for international bimetallism. The demonetization of silver first affects the agricultural class, so that they are unable to purchase supplies. This in turn works injury to the manufacturing element. It finally involves the capitalist and pulls the whole financial fabric down upon his head. "Any further appreciation of the gold system must, as Goschen predicted so early as 1878, lead to a basis more, as such as the world has never yet passed through."

Nothing but a restoration by all the nations—not by one or two alone, but all—will restore prosperity. If this were done, "the persistent fall of general prices would cease, the prices of all products would again be determined in a normal way, and agriculture and other industries would flourish anew." It was the demonetization of silver that caused the anti-Jewish outbreak in Germany. The Jews are the creditor class, and against them was vented the bitterness of those who suffered from industrial decline. With the remonetization of silver and the consequent revival in material prosperity anarchism, socialism and the bitterness of hate that now is directed toward millionaires and the capitalist class would cease to have any significance.

Finally that a fixity in the relative values of gold and silver can be brought about and maintained by international agreement and legislation is proved by the fact that for 70 years, from 1803 to 1873, such fixity did prevail. Bimetallic mintage at the rate of $15\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 existed in France during all that period. What has been done can be done again.

### To Make Life Endurable.

There is not much happiness in the world whether one is married or single. Man could not be happy long at a time, constituted as he is at present. It is not in him. But everybody, even to the blasé, most dyspeptic, bilious and complaining soul alive, may make life endurable.

It has been observed that there is an unusually large number of suicides this summer, coincident with the hard times. A tragically large proportion of them put themselves out of life because they have no work and cannot get work. It cannot be the fear of starvation out and out that prompts many of them to the desperate deed, for actual starvation in this country is of rarest occurrence. Charity provides food for those who cannot get it themselves and provides sufficiently. The suicide who had no means of subsistence would only have had to apply for aid to get it.

It was not so much starvation as want of work that made them kill themselves. The unaccustomed idleness confused, dazed and finally crazed the unhappy self murderer. There was a vacuum in his brain. Extraneous fancies, fantastic, unhappy images, rushed in like evil spirits to fill the void and drove him wild. His accustomed rut of thought was broken up. One must think about something. The hapless victim of idleness brooded over his want of money and work. An insane melancholy filled his empty mind. It became unendurable at last, and he killed himself to escape.

The cause of much of the unhappiness in this life is idleness. Only the idle have time to get the blues. The steady worker has no time. The happiest lot is that of him who is busy from morning till night at a task he loves. The emotions that fear the souls of others, jealousy, envy, hatred and the gloomy and [illegible] of vanity—are driven out by the thoughts of his work that sweep through his mind like sweet cold breezes and make him contented and grateful.

To make life endurable keep busy. Do some useful work or cultivate your mind. Give those around you a lift whenever you can, even as you would have them give you a lift when you are in need. So will the fiends that lie in wait for idleness never clutch you.

[illegible]

# SOME INSIDE FACTS.

## Such Matters Always Leak Out.

### This Time it Carried the Great News Far and Wide.

#### Many Families all Over the Land Are Deeply Interested in the Matter.

There are many things in the lives of persons and families which when they are known become matters of public interest. People always want to know those things which personally concern them, which add to their welfare, their looks or their comfort. Here is a piece of news which coming from such high authority makes it of more than ordinary interest.

Mrs. Charles H. Heaton, residing at 113 State street, Montpelier, Vt., is a most lovely and accomplished lady. The family has the very highest social standing. Her husband has held many offices of trust in the city and in politics and among the Masonic fraternity stands at the head. Her husband's father is president of the Montpelier Savings Bank and Trust Co., the largest bank in the city. Her father is a prominent railroad man. She writes as follows:

"Two years ago we had a terrible experience with La Grippe and by over work in taking care of my children and the result of the disease I was left in a very exhausted condition, in fact was nearly prostrated. I was so weak that upon the least excitement I would feel nauseated. I was as near nervous prostration as any one could be.

"Some one recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to me and I immediately began its use. I am happy to say that it completely cured me. I think it is the best medicine I ever knew of for any form of nervous or chronic disease. I have recommended it to many and shall do so upon every occasion."

This letter is of the utmost importance to you for it tells you just what to do to be cured. If you are nervous, weak, tired, sleepless, if you have headache, indigestion, kidney or liver complaint, poor blood and weak nerves, you can surely regain your health and be as well as you ever were by taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

The strengthening and curative powers of this remedy are wonderful. Use it and you will be made well and strong. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted by all at his office, 35 West 14th street, New York, free, personally or by letter.

### A Frame for the Hair.

A hair frame is a curious contrivance of foreign invention. It is intended as a foundation for the present style of back hair, the "three decker," and is so constructed that, while quite invisible, it holds the coiled hair in place. In appearance it is much like a very pretty open basket.

### "Yield Not to Misfortune."

I was afflicted with catarrh last autumn. During the month of October I could neither taste or smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it.—Marcus Geo Shautz, Rahway, N. J.

I suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since a boy, and I never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Ostrum, 45 Warren avenue, Chicago, Ill. Cream Balm is agreeable.

## M'KINLEY MEETING.

### The Tippecanoe Club Will Go to Indianapolis Next Tuesday.

The McKinley meeting at Indianapolis, the 25th instant, promises to be a monster gathering. The Tippecanoe club, of this city, will go, together with hundreds of other people who desire to attend the speaking. Governor McKinley will speak at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The Wabash will run a special train from Fort Wayne through to Indianapolis, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m., reaching Indianapolis at noon, and starting on the return at 11 o'clock p. m. The rate for the round trip has been placed at $2.50—an exceedingly low fare, and one which will insure a large delegation from Allen county and vicinity. 18-1f


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When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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One fare for the round trip; limit twenty days. Going to nearly all the southern states, Aug. 7th, Sept. 4th, Oct. 2nd, Nov. 6th and Dec. 4th, going to Michigan, Aug. 11th and Sept. 15th. If you want the very lowest rates for a pleasant and profitable tour, inquire of Agt. L. E. & W. Ry. 23tf

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Home Seekers' Excursion.

The Nickel Plate will sell reduced rate tickets to points west, northwest and southwest on Sept. 25 and Oct. [illegible] Tickets good for 20 days.

Call on M. C. Baker, Dept. T'k't Agt., for other information. 17tf.


HURRYING HOME

[illegible]

—Charles S. [illegible] in October [illegible] Magazine.

## "MOVING."

He glanced [illegible] opposite me in a restaurant. I noted at once that he had a load on his mind and a vast quantity of [illegible] in his pockets. Evidently nothing remained but to tell his [illegible], and this he proceeded to do in a sullen and desperate manner. Having thus brought himself to arrange a [illegible], he paused and looked at me. My features wore their usual winning smile, which is an invitation to confidence that would be worth a good deal to the [illegible] [illegible].

"I want to see what I could have done with it," muttered the stranger, and then he began to rummage around his pocket. I caught hurried glimpses of many queer things. Among them were two gloves, one male and the other female, rolled together, a small hand mirror, a screw driver, an iron caster that might have come off the leg of a bed, a curled collar, several small bits of ornaments and a bottle of brown shoe dressing. Lastly he produced three gilded balls and laid them on the table.

"You can't continue business here without a license," said I.

"These things came off the end of curtain poles—portieres, you know, as the French call them," said he.

"We wanted to move the first of the month," he croaked, "but one thing and another delayed us. The principal trouble was that we couldn't get a man with a van to move us. Three days ago, however, I induced an old fellow out there to make a beginning with us. We had our place in town engaged, and the rent had begun to run, so I thought we'd better run after it before it got too far ahead of us.

"The old fellow's name was Wenner. He came round with his wagon Tuesday morning just as I was ready to leave for town. My wife was pumping air into my ears so that I could run for my train without getting out of breath. That is the way I playfully refer to her parting admonitions. I explained to her that Mr. Wenner could take only one or two loads that day, so she'd better send ornamental than useful things. 'And for heaven's sake,' I added, 'don't pack away my pipe and tobacco the first thing, as you did the last time we moved.'

"When I got home that evening, I found my wife weeping in the midst of our dismantled home. 'That dreadful old villain, Wenner,' said she, 'hasn't kept his word. He's moved only half our things.'

"'Well,' said I, 'that's all right. He'll come again tomorrow and get the rest. Let's have some dinner and try to forget our sorrows.'

"She looked at me rather strangely, but made no objection. She put the dinner on the table, for we had sent our servant away, and we sat down to eat. While we were thus more or less pleasantly engaged my wife's sister announced herself. She had come to take us by surprise. They're a surprising family that I've married into, but they've ceased to surprise me. I'm beyond it. Whatever crazy trick they do I'm expecting it. This refers to the rest of them, not to my wife. She still has latent possibilities which could amaze anybody. One of them developed after dinner that night.

"She called me aside and said: 'Johnny, it's perfectly awful! Do you know there isn't a bed in the house?' 'What's become of them?' I asked. 'Sent 'em all away by Wenner,' said she. 'Listen, Johnny, and don't be angry—it won't do any good. That man promised that he would move all our things today. I thought we could get into our flat this evening. And I said to myself, What shall we need most? Why, the beds, of course. So I sent them all off on the first load.'

"'Then we'll have to go to London and sleep in that flat,' said I.

"'But listen, Johnny,' she said. 'There wasn't room for the mattresses on the first load, so I sent them on the second.'

"'Well, what of it?'

"'They didn't get as far as London,' she wailed. 'Wenner's got that second load in his warehouse. I sent a little boy over to see about it.'

"This staggered me. 'So our beds are in London,' I gasped, 'and our mattresses are in Wenner's warehouse on the other side of the forest? Suppose we go and sleep in his warehouse?'

"She said that I was very bitter and cruel to suggest such a thing. Perhaps we could get along very well for one night if I wouldn't make such a fuss. There was one old mattress in the attic. She and Lizzie would sleep on that, and I could have a little canvas cot. It was a very nice, comfortable bed, and she knew it. She was logically convinced of it because she'd had to go over the arguments with our servant almost every day since the girl began to try to sleep on a cot. Say, did you ever try to sleep on a canvas cot? It looks easy, but it isn't. I retired at midnight in the north room. One of my wife's relations had it last winter, and he called it the 'blue room,' because that was the color of his nose every morning when he got up and scraped the frost off his looking glass. But it was a warm night, and I never thought about being chilly.

"Well, sir, it came on cold an hour or two after I retired. I felt it first on my feet. They hung out over the lower end of the cot, and there was a crack in the floor right under them. Of course the carpet had been taken up, so when the wind came round to the north it came straight up at my feet. I hadn't a very good assortment of bedding. Most of our stuff had been sent over to Wenner's warehouse. I had a sheet folded lengthwise, in the form of one of those sleeping bags which explorers use. Then I had an old blanket and for a coverlet one of a pair of fine portieres. At 2 o'clock I got up and secured the other portiere. They were still attached to the poles, but that was rather an advantage than an inconvenience. I put the poles across under my head and thus slightly increased the effective length of the cot.

"A little after 2 I rose again and secured a fur rug. It was a tiger's skin, with the head of the beast on one corner of it. There seemed to be some warmth in that tiger's skin, for I secured a little sleep almost immediately after spreading it over me. I fell, the lamp burning, for I thought it might warm the room a little. Well, sir, as I lay, I slept a few minutes. Just long enough to dream that I was one of the early Christian martyrs in the arena, and then I awoke to find this tiger's head, with its gleaming, glassy eyes staring me in the face. Say, what do you think I did? I will deal with that [illegible] put the light out. My wife and her sister thought there were burglars in the house. What did they do about it? I don't know, but my opinion is that they crawled into a pile of carpets and rugs in the middle of their room and hid there till morning.

"As for me, the shock of my fright made me shiver. And when I got over being frightened I couldn't stop shivering. How I could freeze with all those things over me I couldn't understand, but it was true. I ran round and round the stair carpet. It went up and down me five times, I remember, but it didn't raise my temperature one degree.

"Then I made the important discovery that it didn't make any difference how much I had over me so long as I had only one layer of canvas under me. And the wind still whistled up through the bare boards. I decided to put the tiger's skin over the cot and lie down on it. Then a new inspiration came to me. Why not go down and sleep in the kitchen? Good idea! I packed up the cot, the portieres, the fur rug and the stair carpet and started for the kitchen. At the head of the back stairs I stepped on the trimmings of one of the portieres. I endeavored to step off it, but there were two apertures in the fringe, and each one of them had secured one of my feet. Therefore I just calmly fell over forward and slid down stairs, with the cot as a toboggan.

"I reached the kitchen in this easy and unconventional manner and discovered almost immediately that the fire had gone out. This is not what I had fallen down stairs for. The kitchen was perhaps a shade warmer than my room, but it was cooling rapidly, and a kitchen in the morning with no fire in it is the coldest room in the house, as every married man knows.

"There wasn't any fuel at hand, but between you and me I just had to have some. There were two or three convenient pieces of light woodwork which belonged to my late landlord and not to me. With those I kindled a fire, and then I broke up two of our kitchen chairs and piled them in a handy spot. My cot I placed close by the stove, so that I could feed the fire without getting out of bed. Then I lay and kept her a-going with selections from my furniture, till by and by I got really warm and snug, and then I went to sleep. The last things I remember putting in were the portiere poles.

"Those brass balls are the ornamental knobs from the ends of those poles. They wouldn't burn, of course, and I didn't dare to put them in the stove for fear my wife would find them and suspect me. So I simply unscrewed them as I lay there with the intention of throwing them away at my leisure. There ought to be one more."

Again he went through his pockets.

"I'm afraid she's found it. If she hasn't, I can make her believe that Wenner stole the poles and the kitchen chairs and a few other things which I burned that night. She'll believe anything of him now. But, say, wasn't it all her fault?"

I was forced to stifle my chivalrous instincts and admit that it was.

"She sent the beds away, didn't she? Of course, and all that happened was in consequence of that one piece of blackety black foolishness. Well, what do you think? Have you followed my story? Have you got an idea of how much walking around I did in my 'robe der nuit,' as the French say, on that interesting occasion? It was enough to kill a man. But she says—stay! Are you a married man?"

"I am."

"Then maybe you'll believe my story. She says I got this cold playing billiards."—Winter's Magazine.

### Bacon For Song Birds.

We have received the following plea for the birds: "Sir, it may be interesting to your readers to know that for years I have fed the birds of the Regent's park with lumps of fat bacon tied upon the balcony ledge. One day I counted 40 visitors—a blackbird, a thrush, a robin, two tits, several starlings and a host of sparrows. In summer I am rewarded, as the blackbirds and thrushes take up their abode near. I grieve to say they squabble a good deal and rush from one piece of bacon to the other, thinking their neighbor's better than their own, but in this way they are singularly like their betters(?)."—London News.

### A Query.

Johnny—Pa, is generals brave men?

Pa—Yes, my son, as a rule.

Johnny—Then why does artists always make pictures of 'em standing on a hill three miles away looking at the battle through an opera glass?—Times of India.

### Amenities of Flat Life.

The lady in the flat overhead was making her first call on the lady who had moved in a few weeks before. They chatted about the weather and the merits of the apartment, and the conversation gradually drifted around to hard wood floors.

"They're lovely to look at," ventured the visitor, "but unless they're well covered with rugs they're a nuisance. The folks who live on the floor above me have a carpet sweeper and a piano. When they're both performing at once, it's rather hard on my nerves."

The newcomer saw her opportunity. She thought it might never come her way again, so she said sweetly, "By the way, I wish you'd tell the gentleman who has the front bedroom that when he throws his shoes on the floor just before retiring it sounds to us as if he were playing tenpins."

The visiting lady straightened up, and the newcomer noticed that her fingers twitched nervously.

"The boys' rooms," she said coldly, "are all on the east side of the house. The front room is my dressing room."

The host [illegible] decided that it was time to serve a little tea.—Life's Calendar.

### Testing a Horse's Wind.

While talking about horses the other day an old farmer said: "Well, I'm a pretty good judge of horses and can always tell when a horse is short winded or not.

"Before I buy a horse," he continued, "I just borrow it for about an hour or so, and then I get out on some lonely road and see what kind of stuff he is made of.

"I first let him choose his own gait for a couple of mile posts and finally give him plenty of rein, making him go for all he is worth. All the time I just keep my eye on his haunches, and if I see any rotary motion there it's a sign he's thick winded, and of course every one knows that kind ain't much good."—Philadelphia Call.


Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. [illegible] Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

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"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and I shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." Edwin F. Pardee, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.


# 'TWIXT LOVE AND LAW

## A DEMURE WIDOW MIXES UP THE COURT.

### OGDEN, UTAH, THE SCENE OF A SENSATIONAL TRIAL.

#### Why Nellie Berlin Languishes In Jail—Had She Done Murder She Would Not Have Been In So Bad a Fix—A Romance of Utah.

CHARLES MORRIS was born during the wailing of a storm, a storm which rolled the billows high along the banks of the Firth of Forth. His father at that interesting moment was becalmed in the Indian Ocean. His mother—they were hardy people in that section of Scotland—two weeks after that interesting moment was sailing the North sea in search of herring, through the sale of which she eked out the living not well provided by her sailor liege and lord.

Small wonder, then, that Charles, long before he reached the years of discretion, became a son of Neptune. It was but a step from the fishing smack to a merchantman, and from a merchantman to one of the mighty vessels which carry on the commerce of the world.

During one of his brief sojourns on shore Mr. Morris followed in the footsteps of his father—that is, he took unto himself a wife. Perhaps solitude preyed on her mind; perhaps she was not very strong in the first place; anyway, when

NELLIE BERLIN.

Morris returned from one of his long cruises he found his wife had become an invalid. She was a patient, unobtrusive little person. Every time Morris came home he found her a trifle worse, but she had so effectually effaced herself from his life that he hardly seemed to give her a thought; therefore, when he came home for good and the household goods were moved to Utah, not half a dozen people around Mr. Morris' castle knew that there was such a person as Mrs. Morris. Prosperity seemed to smile on Mr. Morris, however. He told wonderful stories and told them well. And, as he was something of a shrewd business man, his bank account grew and he prospered.

CHAPTER II.

A needle is a weak weapon with which to keep the wolf from the door. But somehow or other Mrs. [illegible] Wright of Ogden, a demure, staid little widow, seemed to use it successfully in that direction. She was a queer woman, was this Mrs. Wright, a woman who seemed to mind her own business and who, in a determined manner, resented any inquisitiveness on that part. Mrs. Wright was a dressmaker. Certainly Mr. Morris did not meet her professionally, for it was many a long year since Mrs. Morris had known what it was to possess a new dress. But he met her once, twice, and many times. In fact, he became her devoted slave. Mrs. Morris did not object—she knew nothing whatever about it.

CHAPTER III.

One day Nellie Berlin came to town. If the demure little widow had met Nellie on the street she would probably have drawn her black skirts around her lest a touch of the newcomer's garments should prove contaminating. The little widow took no interest in Nellie, but with Nellie it was just the reverse. She indulged in the peculiarly feminine amusement of watching her neighbors' back doors and windows. Whatever she saw she kept to herself, with one exception. That exception was a gentleman named Gilson. Gilson and he recognized the widow as a former acquaintance, and after a conversation with Nellie decided to call upon her. He called and had a long conference. Then he had a chat with Nellie. It was evidently a matter of great importance.

That evening the city editor of the Ogden Pantagraph was struggling with a wad of copy of all grades of excellency and otherwise, when a man with tears welling from his eyes walked into the room.

"Pardon me, sir," he said, sobs choking his utterance, "is this the editor?"

"Yes. What do you want?"

The sorrowing man dived into his pocket and produced a sheet of note paper on which were written four or five lines.

"Will you please print that tomorrow?" he said, and then he broke down again and sobbed as if his heart would break. "She was my mother," he murmured, as a man at the desk read a notice announcing that Mrs. Morris had died suddenly of heart disease.

CHAPTER IV.

One day in May, 1894, less than two weeks after Mr. Gilson and Nellie Berlin had held their tete-a-tete, Nellie was surprised to receive an invitation to occupy apartments in the Ogden jail. The grand jury had indicted Nellie on evidence submitted by the little widow, who swore that the young woman had stolen $100 belonging to her. Her story was apparently a plausible one. Nellie was one of her customers, and while the little widow was one day fitting a new gown on Nellie's angular frame she had occasion to leave the room. Though gone but five minutes Nellie's deft fingers in that time abstracted $100 from the drawer of a bureau that stood in the room. She missed it directly after the young woman had gone.

How did she happen to have $100 in the house? she was asked. She had drawn it from the bank the day before, as he wished to purchase some winter clothing for herself and to buy other necessary household articles. The gaze she fixed on her interlocutor was mildly reproachful, but meek withal. It was true she had drawn the money from the bank. A visit there disclosed that fact.

CHAPTER V.

Judge Miner of the Fourth Judicial district presided at Nellie's trial for grand larceny. The little widow testified, and told the same story about the abstraction of the $100 from her bureau. Nellie had a pretty good lawyer, but his cross-examination failed to shake Mrs. Wright's testimony. Then it came Nellie's turn, and she told a remarkable story.

She said that the widow, for some particular reason or the other, objected to the presence on this earth of poor little Mrs. Morris. Perhaps she desired to end her suffering from a purely humanitarian standpoint, but anyway she was willing to pay $100 for her removal. In fact, according to Nellie, she made this proposition to her friend Gilson, suggesting poison as a good medium. The little widow was not at all particular, however, as to the means of the taking; she wanted the job done, wanted it done thoroughly, and she was willing to pay well for a good piece of work. "One Gilson," as the record of the case refers to him, wanted that $100, but he didn't exactly like to stain his hands with blood to get it. Nellie was not averse to obtaining her share of the cash. She also was a little bit squeamish about taking human life. Therefore they put their heads together, and the visit to the Pantagraph office followed.

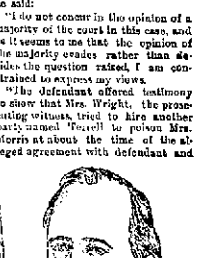
The next morning, swore Nellie, she put on her hat, took a copy of the Pantagraph, and went over to the little widow's house. The conversation was not extended; neither was the visit. Nellie just handed Mrs. Wright a paper, on the third page of which and at the bottom of the fourth column, was a three or four line item with a pencil mark around it. Mrs. Wright read the marked paragraph, and, Nellie says, smiled. Then she went to her bureau drawer, took out the $100 and handed it over.

CHAPTER VI.

Nellie's attorneys, however, made heroic efforts to get her out of jail. They applied for a new trial, but didn't get it. Then they appealed the case to the Supreme court, alleging the judge's charge to the jury had been contradictory and misleading. Jan. 4 of this year the case came up for hearing before this tribunal. Chief Justice Zane and Justice Bartch affirmed the decision of the lower court, but Justice W. H. Smith took Nellie's side with a great deal of vigor. He thought Nellie an abused woman, and if his "say so" counted for anything she would have had a new trial. The story of the contract to kill evidently made a strong impression on his judicial mind. In reviewing the case he said:

"I do not concur in the opinion of a majority of the court in this case, and as it seems to me that the opinion of the majority evades rather than decides the question raised, I am constrained to express my views.

"The defendant offered testimony to show that Mrs. Wright, the prosecuting witness, tried to hire another party named Terrell to poison Mrs. Morris at about the time of the alleged agreement with defendant and



CHARLES MORRIS.

offered Terrell $100 for the service. This testimony was objected to by the prosecution and the objection was sustained, to which defendant excepted. This ruling is assigned as an error."

Justice Smith then "ripped" things to pieces in about [illegible] columns of solid nonpareil.

CHAPTER VII.

While the little widow pursues the [illegible] even tenor of her way, Morris and his delicate wife went to California just before the trial opened. Last May the wife died. Two years after the last sad bit of [illegible] coffin Morris took a train for Ogden.

# SYRUP OF FIGS

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## MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE formerly at No. 32 W. Washington St. has removed to No. 212 Calhoun St., where ladies who are in need of help, also good girls wishing employment will be waited upon by Annie Laidlaw, successor to E. Fitzgerald. 12 tm

**LOUIS F. CURDES,**

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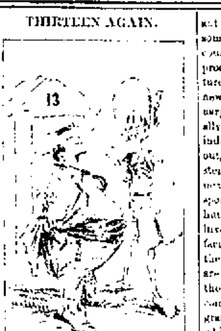
[illegible] Pellens, sole agents, 94 Calhoun St. Fort Wayne, Ind.


## THIRTEEN AGAIN.





1—Bathing Master: Well sir, you are pretty big, but I think I can push you into number thirteen.

2—Oh yes you'll go in splendidly—Z-p—Zam—

3—Bang!!!! o o o ! ! ?

4—Bathing Master: These are thirteen cents extra.

## BROKE HIS LEG.

### Isaac D. Clippinger Crippled by Foot Ball Exercise.

Affairs In and About the Shops and Offices as Revealed by the Reporter's Note Book.

Isaac D. Clippinger, an apprentice coremaker in the foundry department of the electric light works, and a son of Mrs. Orpha Clippinger, the janitress at the Miner street school, is laid up with a broken leg. At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Isaac was playing foot ball with some of the shopmen on the grounds back of the works. They were practicing on the "wedge" movement, and in the scramble Isaac went down and his playmates fell upon him. His left leg was caught in such a manner that the bone was fractured a few inches above the ankle. He was picked up and conveyed to the home of his mother, 21 Miner street, where the fracture was reduced.

SARGENT RE-ELECTED.

Grand Master Sargent and Vice Grand Master Hannahan were re-elected by the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the former by acclamation and the latter after an exciting contest. Hannahan's opponents were Eugene Ball, Stratford, Ont.; Chas. W. Maer, Parsons, Kas.; B. H. Brown, Chicago. Sargent's friends tried hard to defeat Hannahan because of the assistance he gave Eugene V. Debs in the Pullman sympathy strike. He was re-elected on the second ballot. Chas. Wilson, of Eaton, and Chas. W. Maer, of Parsons, Kas., were elected second and third vice grand masters respectively. A. J. Smith, of Texas, was nominated against Sargent, but friends of the later, by a shrewd move, had the rules changed so as to make ineligible members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, with which Smith is also connected, for a grand lodge officer.

TO ENCOURAGE INVENTION.

The recent decision of Judge Acheson against one of the numerous claims of Mr. Edison to be the only original inventor of everything, embodies a definition of public policy in the encouragement and protection of invention that is not new, but is so often obscured that its reassertion is important. This policy is well explained in some observations of the supreme court quoted by Judge Acheson. The process of development in manufactures creates a constant demand for new appliances which the skill of ordinary workmen and engineers is generally adequate to devise, and which, indeed, are the natural and proper outgrowth of such development. Each step forward prepares the way for the next, and each is usually taken by spontaneous trials and attempts in a hundred different places. A practical invention, an exercise of the creative faculty of actual service to mankind, the courts will always protect, but they are less and less disposed to sanction the claims of professional inventors to common improvements and thus to grant to individuals a monopoly of that which belongs to the public. Invention has become of late so much a matter of business that the patent laws, which were designed for the protection of the individual inventor, have been in countless cases distorted to the mere protection of corporate monopolies. Companies with large capital, controlling a great number of patents, are thus enabled not only to tax the public unreasonably, but actually to discourage and repress the exercise of the inventive faculty in those who are not subservient to them. This is a misuse of statutory protection for which the courts are not entirely without responsibility, and it is therefore the more significant that they have lately shown a disposition to correct this evil and to place the law of patents upon a more equitable basis of public policy.

SHOP GOSSIP.

This is pay day at the electric light works.

Supt. J. B. Barnes, of the Wabash, is in the city.

Pittsburg Fireman McIntyre is sick and off duty.

Wabash Trainmaster C. E. Wells was here last night.

Lee Evans, of the Pittsburg ticket office, has gone to Cincinnati.

George Kendall, Pittsburg engineer, is off duty on account of sickness.

E. Journod, an employ of the Anthony Wayne works, is sick and off duty.

Thomas Dascomb, of the electric light works, is at Angola attending the bicycle races.

Joseph Chadwick, of the foundry department of the electric light works, is sick and off duty.

The Ladies Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will hold a social October 9.

J. E. Brown, chief clerk in Supt. G. L. Potter's office, returned from Pittsburg this morning.

Pittsburg Engineer Michael Nolan is still quite sick. He has been unable to work since last April.

Superintendent of Motive Power George L. Potter, of the Pennsylvania, has returned from Chicago.

Superintendent C. D. Law returned yesterday from the north, where he spent a few days with his family.

Mr. Watt, of Philadelphia, has taken a position with the Bass Foundry and Machine works. He is a draughtsman.

O. J. Pond, chief clerk at the Wabash offices at New Haven, resumed work this morning, after a week's vacation.

Messrs. F. A. Rider and J. E. Noble returned from Chicago last night. They went to that city in the interest of the Bass works.

A. O. Wichman returned to his duties in the Anthony Wayne works this morning, after an absence of three days on account of sickness.

H. K. Hitchcock, a member of the engineering force of the electric light works, has returned from the east, where he spent a month's vacation.

Engineer Andy Koons has resumed his run on the Pittsburg. Mr. Koons had the misfortune to lose a daughter and son by diphtheria two weeks ago.

Engine 510 has been placed in service on the Fort Wayne branch of the Lake Shore road, vice No. 127, which was sent to the main line of the system.

John Rhinesmith, of the firm of Rhinesmith & Simonson, and A. C. F. Wichman, of the Anthony Wayne Manufacturing company, are in St. Louis.

G. W. Green, who has been quite ill for five weeks, is now able to walk out and may report for duty next week. He is a brakeman employed on the Pittsburg.

Shipments from the electric light works this morning. A 3,000-light incandescent machine to Steelton, Pa., and a car load of electrical machinery to Boston.

Sylvester McMahon, passenger conductor on the west end of the Pittsburg, is sick and off duty. Morris Frindeville is looking after Mr. McMahon's run.

The election of N. P. Jackson as president of the Inter Oceanic railway of Mexico is announced by circular. Mr. Jackson was vice-president of the Mexican Central for nine years.

C. H. Walton, superintendent of the Panhandle road, who was visiting his family in this city, left on No. 37 for Chicago this morning. Logansport is Mr. Walton's official home, though he relates a very [illegible] to Fort Wayne.

Wabash Master of the electric light works, was one of those who attended the funeral of the late M. K. [illegible] son and whose name was omitted from the list yesterday. Every [illegible] W. [illegible] the electric light works and there are many of them turned out to the Donaldson funeral.

Passenger Engineer Joseph Irley has returned from a two months' sojourn in the west and last night reported for duty. He has a Nickel Plate run, between this city and Bellevue.

C. Bert Inman, the Nickel Plate car repairer, who suffered a paralytic stroke some days ago, is making rapid progress towards recovery. He is able to walk and hopes to soon be able to resume work.

District Passenger Agent R. G. Thompson was at Huntington and Wabash yesterday working upon excursion to Indianapolis for the 25th. He says Wabash will turn out an immense crowd on that occasion.

The Pittsburg has dismissed all its special policemen, except Stoll, at the point. Frank [illegible] and Charley Hall, who served in that capacity during the strike and for several weeks afterwards, have resumed their duties in the machine shop.

President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania lines, accompanied by Chief Engineer Brown, who has been in Europe three months, will reach home tomorrow. Mr. Roberts will then make arrangements for an inspection trip over the western lines.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad will make a change of time on Sunday next. None of the trains are materially affected, excepting No. 7, the northbound train, which has for years left this city at 8:05 in the morning. Hereafter No. 7 will leave at 7:10 a. m.

The vote of the tin plate workers of the United States on the manufacturers' proposition to reduce wages 15 per cent has been completed. The men decline to accept the reduction. A meeting of the manufacturers will be held in a few days and a line of action mapped out.

Superintendent of Motive Power John McKenzie, Engineer of Maintenance of Way Vaughn and Bridge Superintendent Rogers, of the Nickel Plate, spent the night in this city. They arrived here on a special from the east at 4 o'clock yesterday and left for Chicago this morning.

Three masked men entered the ticket office of the Lake Shore at Bronson, Mich., last Tuesday, bound and gagged F. L. Warne, the agent, and robbed him of his watch and money. The safe was also broken open, but contained nothing of much value. The robbers have not yet been arrested.

Cy Fike, the transfer man, says that business in his line so far this month has been very poor, that there are only a few traveling salesmen on the road, and it is from this class that the transfer company receives the bulk of its business. The trains, however, appear to be well filled with passengers.

At the Monon election held in Indianapolis yesterday, the old directors were re-elected, as follows: Frank B. Lawrence, New York; E. K. Sibley, New York; B. B. Campbell, Boston. The bond issue of $1,000,000 was made. There are no changes in the ownership or management of the road considered.

Manager Crim, of the Standard Wheel works, put seventeen more men at work this morning, swelling the force at the factory to forty. Mr. Crim is endeavoring to persuade the company to allow him to run the entire factory and if he is successful the working force will be increased to 250 men.

The celebrated $10,000 damage case of Catherine Wilhelm, administratrix of the estate of William Murphy vs. the Lake Shore road, which was tried in the Porter county circuit court at the March term and resulted in a disagreement, was compromised by the railroad company. The plaintiff received $200 and each side pays its own costs.

Dunkirk, Ind., has accepted a proposition from a New York syndicate, looking to the erection of car-repair shops, by contributing $30,000 cash, twenty-three acres of ground, six miles of track and free gas. The plant will represent an investment of $200,000. It is proposed to build a branch connecting Dunkirk with the Lake Erie and Western railway.

Samuel Spence, passenger fireman on the Pittsburg, will not hunt bear in the wilds of Porter county, though he had arranged such an expedition with the company's traveling engineer. Sam's friends have been relating some thrilling stories to him about the dangers to be encountered in the wilderness and he has cancelled his engagement with the engineer.

Pittsburg Conductor John Donovan has been analyzing the city's water. One of the specimens taken from his hydrant and placed under a strong magnifying glass presents two well formed polliwogs and a variety of snakes in various stages of formation. John says the aggregation is more wholesome when thoroughly cooked and recommends boiling the water before using.

Chicago roads are anxious to do away with the low rates to the industrial fair in St. Louis, as they claim that the rates are being used to scalp the regular business. They are now voting on two propositions regarding the disposition of the tickets. One plan is to wipe out the rate of $1.25 from Chicago to St. Louis, the other being to restrict the cheap rates to a territory within 250 miles of Chicago.

The Indianapolis Journal says: "The Jenney Electric Motor company has secured letters patent on a new electric headlight for locomotives, it being constructed on an entirely different plan from any now in use, and the inventor claims that it will be as reliable as any piece of machinery can be, as it is substantial in its build, and objections which have been [illegible] to the incandescent light [illegible] are overcome. [illegible] to perfect [illegible] [illegible] the inventors have [illegible] can be placed at [illegible] can afford to purchase [illegible] the central one.

HUNTINGTON DEMOCRATS.

Will Have a Grand Rally on October 11, 1894.

The democrats of Huntington county are arranging for a grand rally at Coolspring Grove on that date, for Thursday, Oct. 11, 1894.

A large number of the most prominent public men in the United States, including Vice President Stevenson, Governor Claude Matthews of Indiana, Governor Boies of Iowa, Governor Campbell, of Ohio, Hon. B. W. Voorhees, of Indiana, Hon. W. [illegible], Vermont, Hon. [illegible], New York, Hon. Thomas [illegible], Hon. A. N. Martin, Hon. [illegible], Hon. [illegible], Hon. [illegible], Hon. V. F. McNagny, and others from Indiana, will be present and address the people on the political issues of the day.

Over fifty brass bands will be engaged, [illegible] and plenty of other [illegible] for this occasion. More than twenty-five brass bands, besides ten glee clubs and [illegible] mandolin and guitar clubs will be present and supply the music for the occasion.

FRAUDULENT BONDS.

Purporting to Have Been Issued for School Purposes.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 20.—Within the past few days two fraudulent bonds for $1,000 each, purporting to have been issued for school purposes by school districts in Vernon county, Mo., have turned up in this city and it is now believed that a large swindling scheme has been set on foot with how great success is not yet known. These two bonds were detected by the absence of a certificate of registration in the office of the secretary of state, as required by Missouri laws. Inquiry in Vernon county shows that the school district alleged to have issued these bonds—via R. 17, Utterback and Walker village—have not authorized any such issue for years. Moreover, the alleged presidents and clerks signing the bonds do not live in the districts while the other signatures are fictitious. The other districts in Vernon county which have issued school bonds this year are Nos. 84, 84, 85, 91 and [illegible].

STATE ITEMS.

Joseph Cowgill, six years old, at North Manchester, was run down by a clover huller and instantly killed.

Jack Stinson, of Orleans, Ohio, arrested at Tipton as a bigamist, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

The south wing of the Goold, Westfield & Wilson planing mill at Rushville, was destroyed by fire, causing $3,000 loss.

Milton Avery, of Martinsville, committed suicide by shooting himself. No cause assigned. He was forty five years old.

Eugene Lehr, of St. Paul, struck over the head with a bat during a quarrel over a game of ball, is dead. Charles Reed, his murderer, is still at large.

Myrtle Elder and Pearl Wood, fifteen and thirteen years old, have mysteriously disappeared from home at South Bend, and there is fear they have been kidnapped.

The late Jacob B. N. Klinger, of Marshall county, served four terms as recorder and three as surveyor. He was seventy six years old and a resident of Plymouth over fifty three years.

Jacob Thurston, of Shelby county, an old farmer, while feeding his stock, fell into a small pool of water and was drowned. It is supposed that he was disabled by an attack of heart disease.

An incendiary burned the Elkhart Cold Storage company's building, entailing $6,000 loss, with no insurance. The building was the property of E. J. Arisman & Co., who recently made an assignment.

Messrs. W. E. French, Samuel G. Evans, Charles E. Scoville and Herman Engle, of Evansville, will sail for England on the 21st inst., as witnesses against Col. J. D. Jacques, who is held by the English authorities on a charge of fraudulently obtaining money from the people of this country. Colonel Jacques was the promoter of a scheme to secure to the Lawrence Townley heirs vast estates in England, and he realized $20,000 in Evansville by the sale of bonds. This money he turned over to a lawyer at Buffalo, N. Y., who immediately decamped to Canada and is gloating at efforts to extradite him. Notwithstanding this defection of Jacques continued the sale of bonds, and he frequently wrote letters from London, giving glowing accounts of the success he was having in dispossessing the fraudulent holders of the estate in question.

Why It is So.

Because the staple dentifrice of America. Simply because it is impossible to use it, even for a week, without perceiving its hygienic effect upon the teeth, the gums and the breath.

John J. Little and wife, of Connersville, Ind., are guests of the Rendell.


**Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.**

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

**S. S. S.**

Heals Running Sores.

Cures the Serpent's Sting.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON [illegible]

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO. Atlanta, Ga.

**Royal Baking Powder**
Absolutely Pure

All other powders are cheaper made and inferior, and leave either acid or alkali in the food.


A SCANDAL [illegible]

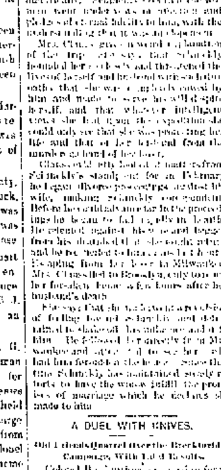
[illegible]

[illegible]

A DUEL WITH KNIVES.

Old Friends Quarrel Over the Breckinridge Campaign, With Fatal Results.

[illegible]



[illegible]

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Dreier Bro's and Co. drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at Dreier Bros. & Co's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.


[illegible] Brother of [illegible] city, visit Fort Wayne [illegible] Auburn.

**FALL SUITS, NEW GOODS, NEW Patterns.**

Just Received a Full line of New Fall Suitings.

**Prices to Suit The Hard Times.**

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Fall Rush Commences.

**Fred Hardung,**
N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts.

THE FIDELITY BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION — OF — Fort Wayne, Indiana.

[illegible]

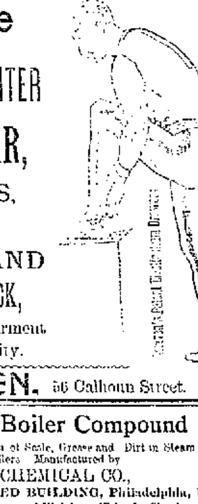
CARL SAPPER, Pres't.
[illegible]

**CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE**
Central Music Hall, CHICAGO.
**MUSIC and DRAMATIC ART.**
[illegible]

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.
All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Bahrendorf, 81 Clinton street. Telephone No. 76.

**J. M. E. RIEDEL, ARCHITECT.**
SCHMITZ BLOCK, 1st Floor.

**Full Line** —OF— **FALL AND WINTER UNDERWEAR,**
HOLROYDS, JAEGERS, NORFOLK AND NEW BRUNSWICK,
And the best 50c garment ever shown in the city.

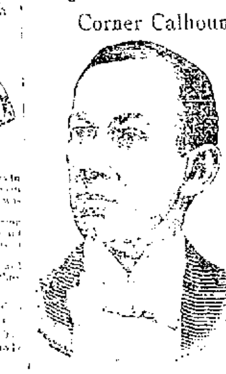


**E. J. GOLDEN.** 56 Calhoun Street.

**Red Seal Boiler Compound**
For the removal and prevention of Scale, Grease and Dirt in Steam Heaters and Boilers. Manufactured by
The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO.,
Office, REED BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.
Agent Wanted for Fort Wayne and Vicinity. Write for Circular.

**ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS**
NEW YORK, LONDONDERRY AND GLASGOW.
SALOON, SECOND-CLASS AND STEERAGE
Scotch, English, Irish and all Continental Points.
ARE STRICTLY FIRST CLASS.
Passenger Accomodation Unexcelled.
HENDERSON BROS. CHICAGO.

**Younge's Medical and Surgical Institute,**
Corner Calhoun and Lewis Sts.



For the successful treatment of NERVOUS DISEASES, CONSUMPTION, CATARRH, ASTHMA, CANCER, FEMALE DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, LIVER, KIDNEYS, GLEET, IMPOTENCY, GONORRHOEA, LOSS OF MANHOOD, 30 years' experience, etc, etc, etc.

Office Days: Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

J. W. Younge, A. M. M. D. Pres.
No. 176 Calhoun Street.

--COUPON--
[illegible] PICTORIAL HISTORY
CIVIL WAR.
[illegible]

FT. WAYNE LOAN OFFICE. Established 1878. Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Musical Goods, Trunks and Valises. Cheapest Diamond House in Indiana. Gustave Marhofer, Proprietor, 20 East Columbia Street.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

**J. C. PELTIER,**
17 W. Wayne St.
Office Telephone No. 251
Residence Telephone No. 15

**WAYNE WAREHOUSE CO. STORAGE**
Warehouse Cor. Francis and Hayden Sts. Office Calhoun St. Telephone 231.


**Pennsylvania Lines.**

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station, Fort Wayne, Ind.

[illegible]

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers leave FORT WAYNE. Schedule of May 20, 1894.

| GOING EAST. | DEPART. |
|---|---|
| New York and Boston Lim., daily | 1 48 a m |
| Toledo Express, except Sunday | 1 15 p m |
| Atlantic Express, daily | 7 10 p m |
| Local Freight | 1 00 a m |
| Lafayette Accommodation, except Sunday | 11 00 a m |

| GOING WEST. | DEPART. |
|---|---|
| Pacific Express, daily | 8 55 a m |
| Kansas City Ex., except Sunday | 1 55 p m |
| Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday | 3 20 p m |
| St. Louis Limited, daily | 8 50 p m |

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

[illegible]

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and new free chair cars on New York vestibule limited. Free chair cars and drawing room on Pacific limited express. Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new free reclining chair and palace sleeping cars to Kansas City without change.
R. G. THOMPSON, Passenger and Ticket agent, Fort Wayne Ind.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

[illegible]

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

| NORTHWARD. | ARRIVE. |
|---|---|
| No. 153 Way Freight | 6 25 am |
| No. 150 Cin. Express and Mail | 10 35 am |
| No. 153 Detroit & Ind'polis Express | 3 55 pm |

| SOUTHWARD. | DEPART. |
|---|---|
| No. 152 Way Freight | 6 00 am |
| No. 157 Through Express and Mail | 11 15 am |
| No. 159 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex. | 4 45 pm |

**NICKEL PLATE.** The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

[illegible]

M. C. BAKER, District Pass. Agt. Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. AND L. E. & W. R. R.

[illegible]

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time card

[illegible]


**All Summer Long**

[illegible]

LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION CO'S

**ELEGANT STEAMSHIPS.**

The Northern Michigan Summer Resorts.

[illegible]

LAKE MICH. AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANS. CO.
[illegible] Water St. Chicago.

## OPENING OF THE KID GLOVE SEASON.

# A Pretty Offering to Make the Start.

THE GENUINE

Foster, Paul & Co.'s.

# SEVEN HOOK SUEDE KIDS,

THE $1 25 QUALITY.

In all the new handsome Fall street shades, and Black, in all sizes,

## AT 69c A PAIR.

This Wonderful Offering Will Be Made

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY

## OF THIS WEEK.

Handsome Early Novelties in

## Fall Wraps,

Are daily being received in our CLOAK Department.

Ladies are Invited to Daily Inspection.

# ROOT & COMPANY,


Turkish baths will be given six for $3 00, until October 1, by the Thurner Bath Rooms, corner of Clinton and Berry streets. Do not miss this opportunity. 15 tf

**Use Bloomingdale Mills White Loaf and Silver Wedding Flour.**

Have your Sights and Scenes of the World bound at The Sentinel office. tf

Dr. Macy Weimer, who has been attending the school for veterinary surgeons at Toronto, has returned to this city.

MONEY TO LOAN

**On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block.** 2tf

**School Supplies in Endless varieties at low prices. Lehman Book & News Co., 81 Calhoun.**

If you enjoy a good smoke, then try F. G. and Frank's Choice. Sold by all first-class dealers.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCulloch have returned from a week's outing at West Baden Springs.


# BOY'S GOOD CLOTHES!

Our preparations for the Fall Season in this department far exceeds anything we have ever shown. At no time were we so well prepared to place before you such excellent fine clothing for so little money.

## We Hold Our Lead.

As providers for the little fellows for the following reasons:

I We show at all times the largest and most complete line of children's clothing in this city.

II We show more fine novelties and exclusive designs and patterns than all the clothing stores in Fort Wayne combined.

III We carry nothing but Standard makes. The clothing we sell is well made and will fit. If you are looking for cheap, poorly made stuff, don't come here for it—we do not carry that kind.

IIII You will always find our prices to be LOWER than our competitors—quality and make considered. Our large and increasing business gives us some advantages in the way of buying, which other houses do not enjoy.

## SPECIAL.

We are now selling a large variety of

50c LINK CUFF BUTTONS

for 19c.

Brownie Scarf Pins, all the rage,

19c.

Seamless Hose,

warranted Fast Black and Tan shades, at

10c.

Extra Quality

of Fast Black Seamless Hose, at

12c.

These are an excellent quality and worth 20c.

# BRING YOUR BOY TO US

For his Clothing and Outfitting. It will prove a saving to you of time and money.

# Sam, Pete & Max.



## The Evening Sentinel.

THURSDAY SEPT 20, 1894.

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Want, For Sale, or For Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following drug stores.

W. F. Geneke, 143 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 327 Lafayette.
W. L. Waltemath, 222 East Lewis.
J. D. Lewis, 431 Calhoun.
M. H. Wetel, 372 Hanna.
J. J. Brink, 41 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..........No. 173.
Editorial Rooms.........No. 650.


Our Thermometer.

8 a. m.......... 68°
10 a. m.......... 69°
12 m.......... 74°
2 p. m.......... 78°

The Weather.

Washington, Sept. 20—Forecast for the thirty-six hours until 8 p. m. Friday: For Indiana—Fair; probably slightly warmer Friday afternoon, southerly winds.

## NEWS NOTES.

J. B. Barnes, of Springfield, Ill., is a guest of the Aveline.

D. C. Fisher has gone to Clear Lake for a few days' fishing.

There will be a reception and dance given by the Bob-o-Link club this evening.

Frederick Kramer, a well known farmer living six miles northeast of the city, is very seriously ill.

Miss Katherine Hoffman and Miss Anna Bond leave tomorrow to visit friends in Huntingdon, Pa.

John Hersh, formerly of this city, but now traveling for an Indianapolis shirt house, is a guest of the Randall.

W. D. Wells, formerly well known in this city, is conducting the Fremont Eagle and making quite a success of the paper.

Miss Alice Hess entertained a few of her friends last evening in honor of her cousin, Miss Lena Matthias, of Larwill, Ind. A very enjoyable time was spent by all.

Michael Baltes yesterday underwent an operation for stone in the bladder and is resting quite easy today. The operation was performed by Dr. Nancrede, of Ann Arbor, Mich.

D. F. Bowers came to this city last evening and leaves this evening for the northern part of the state. For the next three weeks Mr. Bowers and wife will be located at Garrett, Ind.

The Huntington Herald says: "G. W. Holmes and wife, who have resided in Fort Wayne several years, will move to Huntington this week. They lived here prior to their removal to Fort Wayne."

Hon. John H. Bass, of this city, was elected to and had conferred upon him at Boston yesterday the thirty-third degree of Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masonry. Mr. Bass went to Boston with William Geake.

The Woman's Missionary society of the Third Presbyterian church will meet in the church parlor tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Topics of importance are to be discussed and a full attendance is desired.

A. J. Moynihan, who was reported so seriously ill with apoplexy, or some kindred complaint, walked out of the St. Joe hospital yesterday afternoon as well as usual. His sickness is said to have resulted from stomach disorder.

Telegrams were received in this city this forenoon announcing the death at Lafayette, Ind., of Edward Ruger, a young man well known in this city. Mr. Ruger often visited in this city. Several Fort Wayne young people will likely attend the funeral.

The Huntington Democrat says: "Miss Lillie Renaldo, of New York city, and Miss Hannah Myers, of Fort Wayne, who have been visiting Miss Henrietta Marx, for ten days, returned to Fort Wayne, this morning. They were accompanied by Miss Marx."

On Tuesday evening Fred Conrady and wife celebrated the first anniversary of their marriage at their pleasant home, No. 43 John street. Card playing and dancing were the amusements. Refreshments were served. Mrs. Conrady will be remembered as Miss Annie Kamp.

Next Monday, at Louisville, Ky., the Catholic German Young Men's societies of the United States will open their convention. The delegates from this city are: Joseph C. Kramer, St. Mary's Catholic church; John Loos, St. Peter's Catholic church, and Edward Gruber, St. Paul's Catholic church. They will leave Sunday night for Louisville.

On next Monday night Phoenix lodge No. 101, K. of P., will formally open their new hall in the Aldine block. The lodge has met in the new hall two or three times lately, but it was not completely finished. The third rank will be given next Monday evening and the occasion will be given over to festivities. The new lodge room is a model of elegance.

The other day, in looking over some old papers, Dr. K. K. Wheelock ran across a captain's commission belonging once to his grandfather, Capt. Phineas W. Wheelock, who was a gallant soldier in the war of 1812. Captain Wheelock died in 1852 and is buried at Huntertown. Rev. Eleazer Wheelock, another ancestor of Dr. Wheelock, was the founder and first president of Dartmouth college.

Fresh Baltimore Oysters.

Received daily by Express.
Best Selects, frying, 25c. Stewing, 22c.
Best Celery, 2½c bunch.
Cape Cod Cranberries, 10c quart.
Fahr House.

**A "Regular Dinner" for 25 cents at the Aldine cafe.** 12-10t

New Orleans White Clarified Sugar.

One hundred barrels just received direct from New Orleans, the best sugar in the market, 5c lb.
Fahr House.

W. C. Burk and wife, of Portland, Ind. are in the city.

The Order of Chosen Friends hold a special meeting this evening.

Landlord Will McKinnie of the Wayne hotel, went to Wabash this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcomb, of this city, expect shortly to make a bicycle trip to Sidney, Ohio.

Mrs. D. L. Carpenter and her daughter, Miss Grace, went to Andrews today to visit relatives.

Professor Miles has been sick for some time and will not be able to see his pupils for a few days.

Miss Gertrude Wolfram, of Defiance, Ohio, is in the city, the guest of friends. She will also visit friends in Arcola.

There will be a meeting of the T's at Miss Carrie Smith's rooms, Pixley-Long block, tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Encampment No. 51, U. V. L., will hold memorial services on the death of their late comrade, Dr. John Sexton, tonight.

Rev. Father M. J. Byrne, of East Chicago, and Rev. W. J. Quinlan, of Marion, Ind., are guests at the Episcopal residence.

The Misses Mae and Jewel McAuliffe, of Valparaiso, Ind., who have been the guests of their cousin, Miss Clara Lordier, for the past two weeks, have returned home after a most pleasant visit.

The U. L. and S. club held a meeting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. Williams, on Monroe street, last evening. They also attended the Henderson-Jones marriage at the A. M. E church in a body.

The eleventh annual reunion of the Eleventh Indiana battery was held at Auburn today, it being the thirty-first anniversary of the battle of Chickamauga. There was a camp fire at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

At a Chicago street dance the other night some miscreants stole a keg of beer which had been put under a tree in the yard for the purpose of cooling the beverage. The police were unable to locate the offender.

David Bulger, of Bluffton, attended the funeral of the late Matthew Donaldson yesterday afternoon. Mr. Bulger was doorkeeper of the legislature during the contest for the chair of speaker of the senate between Colonel Robinson and Green Smith.

The fire department was called to the Fruit House last evening about 5:30 o'clock. A boy, in lighting the gas in one of the show windows, set fire to the mosquito netting. The blazing stuff was thrown out before the arrival of the department. No damage.

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams: At St. Louis—St. Louis, 5; Boston, 4. At Cincinnati—First game—Cincinnati, 11; Philadelphia, 12 Second game—Cincinnati, 8, Philadelphia, 3. At Chicago—Chicago, 3; New York, 4.

The yearly meeting of the Disciples of Christ of Allen county will be held at the Christian church chapel, in this city, beginning tomorrow at 2 o'clock p. m. Rev. Thomas S. Cooksey will preach in the afternoon and Rev. J. Y. Updike will preach in the evening at 7:30. The people of the city are cordially invited.

David Marx, of Huntington, president of the barbecue committee, and S. E. Cook, chairman of the Huntington county democratic committee, are in the city today arranging for the barbecue to be given in that city on October 4th. They are pleasant gentlemen and know how to boom their city and the cause which they represent.

Deputy Postmaster Frank Keplinger met with another bicycle mishap last night, which bruised him up considerably and caused him a weary trudge of five miles. Keplinger and Will Peltier were en route to Columbia City on their wheels, when Frank ran off a high embankment five miles this side of Columbia City. The treadle was broken off his wheel. He has had quite a number of mishaps while riding.

The Ministerial association of this city have arranged for three union prayer meetings. The first one is to be held at the First Presbyterian church, Monday evening, September 24, and to be led by Rev. Eldridge. The second one in the Wayne street M. E. church, on Monday evening, October 1, and to be led by Dr. Moffat. The third one to be held in the Congregational church, and to be led by Rev. Rice.

Last night the following track officers were chosen to officiate at the field day sports given by the Y. M. C. A., on Saturday: Referee, F. S Hunting; judges, John Crowe, Larry Randall, Will Gouty; timers, Fred Beach, J. N. Duncan; clerk of course, Arthur Hadley, starter, Prof W. H. Loveleat; announcer, H. G. Keegan; scorer, Will Halse. The committee has ordered forty-six gold and silver medals for prizes. There will be a medal for the first and second man in each event, of gold and silver respectively, and gold medals for the first, second and third all around men. These contests are open to every amateur athlete in the city.

Last evening at their home, 148 Ewing street, Mr and Mrs. Charles Klaffei were very pleasantly surprised by a party of young friends who invaded their house and proceeded to make themselves at home. Mrs. Klaffei proved herself a capable hostess and the evening was spent in an enjoyable manner, games and other amusements, with refreshments being the program. Those present were: Misses Lizzie and Minnie Ehrmann, Sophia Wayland, Lizzie F. Nieder, Carrie and Ollie Ehrmann, Mary Wilkens, Ada Winnich, Molly Wenninghoff, Lizzie and Sophia Black, Eda Piepenbrink, Katie Rust Wenna and Emilie Ehrmann, and the Messrs Gust Wayland, Jake and Frank Hilgemann, Fred Bodhe, Gust Kayser, Henry Block, Dony Graing, Fred Witzgreuter, Bert Beals, Dick Mullenbrook, Frank Lechler, Fred Hilzemann, Henry McCollen.

Mrs. James J. F. Hale and Anna Cole, of Clifton, are in the city today.

Byron Hamilton, of Cincinnati, representing the Ben Hur lecture bureau, is at the Randall.

The Cycle club will give an old fashioned run to Leo on Sunday, leaving the club house at 12:30 o'clock.

A meeting will be held in this city next Monday for the purpose of organizing a state base ball league. Butler, Decatur, Ligonier, Lagrange, Edgerton, Ohio and Fort Wayne are expected to be represented.

"Bluffton is all torn up over spiritualism," said Dr. Myers this morning, "and tonight I understand that a grand expose is to be made by a spiritualist, who was recently posing in that town as a genuine medium."

Last evening the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bly on Lillie street, was the scene of a pleasant surprise. Dancing and other amusements were indulged in the early part of the evening and at midnight a delicious luncheon was served. Those present were Misses McCarthy, M Hayes, E. Woulfe, B. Foley, M Kelaher, M. O'Hearn, M. Brechen, P. Riely, S. O Neil, A. Woulfe, M. Delna, M Dowd, E. Denoghy, M. Woulfe, T. Swartz, A Slattery, K. Wagner, E Racquet, M. McVey, K. Cox. Messrs. W Hatch, M. Tierney, M. Greany, J. McKinnie, D. A'Hern, J. Slink, D. Cleary, P. Foley, J. Virol, J. Brumskill, J Denahy, J. McGill, W. Muldoon, J. Dolan, P. Bresnihan, J. Duffy, J. Bresnihan.

Last evening a most enjoyable party was given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. James L. Roby by Dr. and Mrs. Brown, at the St. James hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Roby will in the future make their home at Warsaw, where Mr. Roby has a lucrative position awaiting him with N. Strauss, at the Lion store. Last evening's party was in the nature of a farewell and over one hundred guests were present. A sumptuous supper was served and the evening was most enjoyably spent. Mr. Roby was formerly connected with Root & Co., coming here from Warsaw. The guests last evening were largely members of the A. O U. W. and D of H. lodges. They all wished Mr. and Mrs. Roby a fond farewell and success in their new home.

## WILL BE VINDICATED.

Chairman Powers, of National Letter Carriers' Association.

He Is Charged With Being Lazy, Neglecting His Duty, and Misconduct.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 20.—At the convention of the National Letter Carriers' association today the entire morning was devoted to hearing charges against Chairman J. C. Powers, of the legislative committee. There was another scene of excitement and confusion when the matter was brought up and the presiding officer found it almost impossible to maintain order. All efforts to secure some action on the charges proved futile up to the noon recess and there was a well defined feeling that Powers would ultimately be vindicated. The charges against him are laziness, neglect of duty and misconduct. "The evidence is so vague," said President Armour, "that it is almost impossible to give any shape to them."

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINEES.

Five Pennsylvania Districts Name Their Men.

Philadelphia, Sept. 20.—Congressman McAleer was defeated for renomination this morning by the democrats of the Third district and Joseph H. McCullon was chosen as his successor. Other congressional nominations were: First district, D. J. Callahan; Second, Max Herzberg; Fourth, Gus Muller; Fifth, Dr. David Moffett.

Declined to Meet Pence.

Denver, Col., Sept. 20—John F. Shafroth, republican congressional candidate, has refused to meet Congressman Lafe Pence in a series of joint debates.

For Thursday Afternoon.

At half past 10 we received a shipment of 100 bushels nice peaches, direct from the peach orchards in Michigan, $1 40 per bushel, baskets included; Small baskets, 20c.

Nice Michigan Yellow Gages, $2 50 per bushel, or 8c quart.

Fresh Nutmeg Melons, 3 and 5c each. 200 baskets fresh Concord Grapes, 8lb baskets, 20c.

Best Sweet Potatoes, 25c peck.
Fahr House.

## CUPID'S CAPERS.

He Enters the Colored Society Circles of the City.

The Son of Venus Reigns Happily at the Marriage of Wm. E. Henderson and Miss Rose A. Jones.

The event of the season in colored society circles was the marriage last evening of Miss Rose Anna Jones to Mr. William Earl Henderson, two of the respected and best known young colored people in the city.

The ceremony was performed at the African M. E. church, at 8 o'clock, by Rev. W. H. Brown, in the presence of an audience that filled every seat in the sanctuary and crowded the aisles and hallways to the doors, many of the spectators being white people.

The bride and groom stood before the altar when Rev. Brown spoke the words that made them man and wife and afterwards received the congratulations of their immediate friends. The bride looked pretty attired in a dress of white, with flowers, and long bridal veil. The groom was dressed in the conventional black.

After the marriage ceremony the happy young couple, with their friends and relatives, retired to the home of the bride's parents, where a reception was tendered them, and then they went to their home, No. 52 Force street, a lovely cottage which the groom had already fitted up in a cozy manner for their occupancy.

Mr. Henderson is janitor at the Bass offices, and is an industrious and intelligent man. He stands high in colored circles, and enjoys the respect and confidence of his employes and the men in the office where he is employed. Both Mr. and Mrs. Henderson are prominent members of the A. M. E. church.

65 Cts.—Look! Look!!—65 Cts.

Look in the window of our Shoe Department and see the greatest display of Ladies' Oxford Shoes that you ever saw in all your life, at 65 cts. per pair. You can see at once that they are fine goods and less than one-half price for many of them. This is cheaper than any bankrupt shoes or fire shoes. Again we say, look at them at the
Princess Cash Store.

## A NEW RECORD.

December Wheat Sells Off to 50 in New York.

Breaking All Previous Low Price Records—2,000,000 Bushels Sold This Week.

New York, Sept. 20—The wheat market made a new record this morning. December sold off to 53⅞c against 59⅞c, the previous lowest record made last July. Cash wheat is a little above the lowest point, being sustained by the active demand both for export and milling accounts. Export traders have bought close to 1,000,000 bushels here this week, while the mills have taken 750,000 bushels. Notwithstanding this demand, however, options have declined, local bears hammering the market unmercifully and the improved crop estimates adding to the feeling of weakness.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, Sept. 20—Wheat, lower; Sept., 52⅛c; Dec., 55c; May, 59⅞@60c.

Corn, lower; Sept., 53 3-8c; Oct., 53⅜c; May, 52⅛c.

Oats, lower; Sept., 29⅞c; Oct., 29⅞c; May, 34⅞c.

Pork, lower; Sept. and Jan., $13.65.

Lard, lower; Sept., $8 80; Oct., $8 80; Jan., $7.90.

Ribs, lower; Sept and Oct., $7.55; Jan., $6 97½.

Rye, dull; 46½c.

The Market.

Fine, Large Potatoes.
Fresh and New Vegetables.
Spring Chickens dressed to order.
Prompt delivery.
20 2t F. H. Fries

ROUTING GAMBLERS.

The Civic Federation Does Good Work in Short Time.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—The crusade of the Civic Federation against gambling in Chicago resulted today in the complete stoppage of all games. Not a gambling house opened its doors and the federation's detective, who, armed with warrants, attempted to raid several places, reported that all games had ceased.

Everybody smokes F. G. and Frank's Choice when they want a good smoke. Sold by all first-class dealers.

WILL REPORT MONDAY.

When Two Indictments Against Sugar Men Will Be Returned.

Washington, Sept. 20—The grand jury has signified to the district attorney that it will have no further communication to make until next Monday, when it is expected that a report will be made of the finding of indictments against Messrs. Havemeyer and Searles, of the sugar trust, for refusal to answer questions put by the senate investigating committee.

Sugars.

Best granulated, per lb 5c.
Standard "A," per lb 4⅞c.
Powdered, per lb 5⅛c.
Cubes, per lb 5⅛c.
Extra "C," per lb, 4c.
At the
Princess Cash Store.

Queen Esther Lodge, D. of R., will give a social this evening at the residence of Mr and Mrs. Hamilton, corner of Clinton and Butler streets. All are invited.

The beginners class of the Fassan Dancing Academy meets tonight.

Under a Cloud.

The Schroeder Dramatic company will present "Under a Cloud" at the Broadway theater, Thursday, September 20. An ice cream social and dance program will follow the play. Admission, 25 cents. 16-19-20.

**Buy Distilled Water of Artificial Ice Co.**

**Perfectly Pure, has Good, Fresh taste.**

**8c per gallon, delivered.**

**Druggists use it for compounding prescriptions.** 19 4t

TOMORROW.

Fresh Pickerel
Fresh Perch
Fresh Trout
Fresh Croppies
Fresh Oysters
Lewis' Fish and Oyster Market,
38 Harrison St.

Smoke F. G. and Frank's Choice, the finest cigars in the town for 5c

Attend the entertainment at the Baptist church parlors tonight. Ice cream and cake at the close of the entertainment. All for 15c

**Y. M. C. A. Athletic Contests Centlivre's Park, Sept. 22.** 11 tf

There will be a lawn social at the parsonage of the Berry street church this evening. Ice cream and cake

White Loaf Flour, for sale by all first class dealers. 19tf

**A. B. White, of 8 Arcade, received a large consignment of high grade wheels that he will close out at prices that will make them sell quick. Do not miss the opportunity to get a first-class wheel for a small sum of money.** 1stf

Fresh Baltimore Oysters.
Best Selects, 28c can.
Best Stewing, 22c can.
Lewis' Fish and Oyster Market,
38 Harrison St.

Card of Thanks.

I desire in this manner to express my thanks for the kindness shown me in the hour of my bereavement by my friends and neighbors.
Charles Maxfield.

**Everything used by Amateur Photographers at 44 Calhoun St., second floor.**

## Randall's Bicycle Messenger Service.

ANY one needing a messenger will do well to give us a call. We guarantee quick delivery and our charges very reasonable. We will deliver circulars and dodgers in small or large quantities. We make a specialty of delivering messages to the country and surrounding towns. While the ordinary messenger is a foot, we will cover the same distance in one-tenth of the time. Prompt delivery is our motto.

## RANDALL CYCLE CO.,

31 West Berry St.
Telephone, No. 311.

## EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

FOR THIS WEEK.

**Special lot very fine 40-cent straw matting this week at 25c.**

**Special purchase of twenty-five Antique Oak Polish Bedroom suits, with large bevel mirrors in Cheval Dressers; suits worth $25 to $30, selling at $17. Will not last long.**

**Beautiful Bird's Eye White Maple Bedroomsuit—very nobby—worth $75 for $39.50. Dresser has a special shape French mirror in it. This suit would cost you about double if purchased in Chicago or Grand Rapids.**

**Curly Birch Center Tables—new design, $4.85.**

**Special sale of 100-piece Dinner sets of imported and domestic.**

**Porcelain China at $5.45, $6 45, $8.90, $9.25, and up to $20.00. We save you fully one-third on these goods.**

FOSTERS.

TRADE IS BOOMING

IN OUR

Children's and Boy's Dept,

Never had such a large trade in Boy's and Children's School Suits.

Fathers and Mothers—We told you we had better goods, with more service and less price for equal quality than any other other store. Haven't you found it so? Somebody has, for we sold double the number of suits over any previous season.

We worked for these results, and are determined to get your trade. Remember your money back on all goods not satisfactory or as represented.

## Have You Seen

Those elegant fall styles of Hammerslough make Suits for gentlemen that we are showing in great variety of styles and prices. No occasion to leave your measure at the tailors—we can fit you perfectly, and save you fully 1-3 in price.

We are ready to show a complete line of Children's Boy's and Men's Overcoats for early fall wear.

Several styles of Children's Reefer Coats ought to be especially attraction for the little folk's wear—These cold mornings and evenings, at the prices we are selling them.

# FRIENDS' ENTERPRISE,

## One Price Clothiers and Hatters,

Cor. Calhoun and Berry Sts.

THE STANDARD

talks and speaks volumes of persuasions to sufferers of weak backs and lovers of light running.

SEWING MACHINES.

In fast sewing the Standard is 30 per cent. in the lead by the watch.

Give us an opportunity to point out its merits to you and you will readily be convinced.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,

Exclusive Agents,

38 and 40 East Columbia Street.

**Attend night school at Ft. Wayne Business College Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings.**

Have your Sights and Scenes of the World bound at The Sentinel office. tf

NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR.

Switches, Alcohol Lamps, Novelties in Hair Ornaments, Hair Dressing, Manicuring.

MISS E. C. RODENBECK, No. 29 E. Washington St.

THE ONE LARGE EVENT OF THE SEASON!

# THING & CO.'S

## Grand Opening Sale of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers,

—AT THEIR ELEGANT—

NEW STORE, 32 CALHOUN STREET,

(The Old Vodermark Stand)

## Saturday, September 22nd.

The largest stock of Shoes ever seen in Fort Wayne under one roof. Look for the Large Red Boot. Rulers and Picture Cards for the Children. Bargains for the old ones. The same Live Shoe Men in their new place.

# S. B. THING & CO.,

32 CALHOUN STREET.

## Be Beautiful!

BEAUTIFY AND DEVELOP THE FORM.

Mme. Ada P. Evans Complexion specialist of Chicago is in the city for a few days. One facial treatment free to introduce her wonderful Complexion bleach among the ladies, all facial blemishes removed, such as wrinkles, pimples, black heads, tan, freckles, etc. Superfluous hair removed without injury to the most delicate face. Mme. Evans is a graduate in Chiropodist work. Instant and painless relief from corns, bunions and ingrown nails. Developments of the bust a specialty.

New York Hair Parlors, 29 E. Washington St., Chicago Office 146 S. State street.

The Chicago Bakery.

GELLER'S

Fine Chocolates and cream bonbons. Ice cream and ices manufactured all the year around.

Cor. Washington Boulevard and Broadway. Telephone, No 163,
W. F. GELLER, Prop.

SACRIFICE.

I have the exclusive sale of lot 177 Williams addition on the west side of Calhoun St., near Taber. It can be bought RIGHT. Owner wishes to dispose of it quick—for cash

JOHN DREIBELBISS,
3 and 4 Pixley and Long Block.

THE CHICAGO CARPET RUG MFG'R,
At Cor. Wells and Superior Sts,
Fort Wayne, Ind

Will make Rugs from old and new carpets of either Body, Brussels, Tapestry, Moquette, Wilton and Velvet if furnished. Fire rugs made from one yard. Also rugs can be made from ingrain carpet. We will only take the ... Prices greatly reduced. B. REBLING Prop'r.